JR-14,000-CON

**PATENT** 

## ISOLATED GENOMIC POLYNUCLEOTIDE FRAGMENTS FROM CHROMOSOME 7

### PRIORITY CLAIM

This application claims priority under 35 U.S.C. §19(e) to provisional application serial no. 60/234,422, filed September 21, 2000 and is a continuation of application serial no. 09/957,956, filed September 21, 2001, the contents of which are incorporated herein by reference.

### FIELD OF THE INVENTION

The invention is directed to isolated genomic polynucleotide fragments that encode human SNARE YKT6, human liver-glucokinase, human adipocyte enhancer binding protein 1 (AEBP1) and DNA directed 50kD regulatory subunit (POLD2), vectors and hosts containing these fragments and fragments hybridizing to noncoding regions as well as antisense oligonucleotides to these fragments. The invention is further directed to methods of using these fragments to obtain SNARE YKT6, human liver-glucokinase, AEBP1 protein and POLD2 and to diagnose, treat, prevent and/or ameliorate a pathological disorder.

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#### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Chromosome 7 contains genes encoding, for example, epidermal growth factor receptor, collagen-1-Alpha-1-chain, SNARE YKT6, human liver-glucokinase, human adipocyte enhancer binding protein 1\_and DNA polymerase delta small subunit (POLD2). SNARE YKT6, human-liver glucokinase, human adipocyte enhancer binding protein 1\_and DNA polymerase delta small subunit (POLD2) are discussed in further detail below.

# **SNARE YKT6**

SNARE YKT6, a substrate for prenylation, is essential for vesicle-associated endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi transport (McNew, J.A. et al. J. Biol. Chem. 272, 17776-17783, 1997). It has been found that depletion of this function stops cell growth and manifests a transport block at the endoplasmic reticulum level.

### Human Liver-Glucokinase

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Human liver-glucokinase (ATP:D-hexose 6-phosphotransferase) is thought to play a major role in glucose sensing in pancreatic islet beta cells (Tanizawa et al., 1992, Mol. Endocrinol. 6:1070-1081) and in the liver. Glucokinase defects have been observed in patients with noninsulin-dependent diabetes mellitus (NIDDM) patients. Mutations in the human liver-glucokinase gene are thought to play a role in the early onset of NIDDM. The gene has been shown by Southern Blotting to exist as a

single copy on chromosome 7. It was further found to contain 10 exons including one exon expressed in islet beta cells and the other expressed in liver.

# Human Adipocyte Enhancer Binding Protein 1

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The adipocyte-enhancer binding protein L(AEBP1) is a transcriptional repressor having carboxypeptidase B-like activity which binds to a regulatory sequence (adipocyte enhancer 1, AE-1) located in the proximal promoter region of the adipose P2 (aP2) gene, which encodes the adipocyte fatty acid binding protein (Muise et al., 1999, Biochem. J. 343:341-345). B-like carboxypeptidases remove C-terminal arginine and lysine residues and participate in the release of active peptides, such as insulin, alter receptor specificity for polypeptides and terminate polypeptide activity (Skidgel, 1988, Trends Pharmacol. Sci. 9:299-304). For example, they are thought to be involved in the onset of obesity (Naggert et al., 1995, Nat. Genet. 10:1335-1342). It has been reported that obese and hyperglycemic mice homozygous for the *fat* mutation contain a mutation in the CP-E gene.

Full length cDNA clones encoding AEBP1 have been isolated from human osteoblast and adipose tissue (Ohno et al., 1996, Biochem. Biophys Res. Commun. 228:411-414). Two forms have been found to exist due to alternative splicing. This gene appears to play a significant role in regulating adipogenesis. In addition to playing a role in obesity, adipogenesis may play a role in ostopenic disorders. It has been postulated that adipogenesis inhibitors may be used to treat osteopenic disorders (Nuttal et al., 2000, Bone 27:177-184).

## DNA Polymerase Delta Small Subunit (POLD2)

DNA polymerase delta core is a heterodimeric enzyme with a catalytic subunit of 125 kD and a second subunit of 50 kD and is an essential enzyme for DNA replication and DNA repair (Zhang et al., 1995, Genomics 29:179-186). cDNAs encoding the small subunit have been cloned and sequenced. The gene for the small subunit has been localized to human chromosome 7 via PCR analysis of a panel of human-hamster hybrid cell lines. However, the genomic DNA has not been isolated and the exact location on chromosome 7 has not been determined.

### **OBJECTS OF THE INVENTION**

Although cDNAs encoding the above-disclosed proteins have been isolated, their location on chromosome 7 has not been determined. Furthermore, genomic DNA encoding these polypeptides have not been isolated. Noncoding sequences can play a significant role in regulating the expression of polypeptides as well as the processing of RNA encoding these polypeptides.

There is clearly a need for obtaining genomic polynucleotide sequences encoding these polypeptides. Therefore, it is an object of the invention to isolate such genomic polynucleotide sequences.

### SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The invention is directed to an isolated genomic polynucleotide, said polynucleotide obtainable from human chromosome 7 having a nucleotide sequence at least 95% identical to a sequence selected from the group consisting of:

- (a) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of human SNARE YKT6 depicted in SEQ ID NO:1, human liver-glucokinase depicted in SEQ ID NO:2, human adipocyte enhancer binding protein 1 (AEBP1) depicted in SEQ ID NO:3 and DNA directed 50kD regulatory subunit (POLD2) depicted in SEQ ID NO:4;
- (b) a polynucleotide selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:5 which encodes human SNARE YKT6 depicted in SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:6 which encodes human liver glucokinase depicted in SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:7-8 which encodes human adipocyte enhancer binding protein 1 depicted in SEQ ID NO:3 and SEQ ID NO:8-7 which encodes DNA directed 50kD regulatory subunit (POLD2) depicted in SEQ ID NO:4;
  - (c) a polynucleotide which is a variant of SEQ ID NOS:5, 6, 7, or 8;

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- (d) a polynucleotide which is an allelic variant of SEQ ID NOS:5, 6, 7, or 8;
- (e) a polynucleotide which encodes a variant of SEQ ID NOS:1, 2, 3, or 4;
- (f) a polynucleotide which hybridizes to any one of the polynucleotides specified in (a)-(e);
- (g) a polynucleotide that is a reverse complement to the polynucleotides specified in (a)-(f) and
- (h) containing at least 10 transcription factor binding sites selected from the group consisting of AP1FJ-Q2, AP1-C, AP1-Q2, AP1-Q4, AP4-Q5, AP4-Q6, ARNT-01, CEBP-01, CETS1P54-01, CREL-01, DELTAEF1-01, FREAC7-01, GATA1-02, GATA1-03, GATA1-04, GATA1-06, GATA2-02, GATA3-02, GATA-C, GC-01, GFII-01, HFH2-01, HFH3-01, HFH8-01, IK2-01, LMO2COM-01, LMO2COM-02, LYF1-01, MAX-01, NKX25-01, NMYC-01, S8-01, SOX5-01, SP1-Q6, SAEBP1-01, SRV-02, STAT-01, TATA-01, TCF11-01, USF-01, USF-C and USF-Q6 as well as nucleic acid constructs, expression vectors and host cells containing these polynucleotide sequences.

The polynucleotides of the present invention may be used for the manufacture of a gene therapy for the prevention, treatment or amelioration of a medical condition by adding an amount of a composition comprising said polynucleotide effective to prevent, treat or ameliorate said medical condition.

The invention is further directed to obtaining these polypeptides by

- (a) culturing host cells comprising these sequences under conditions that provide for the expression of said polypeptide and
  - (b) recovering said expressed polypeptide.

The polypeptides obtained may be used to produce antibodies by

- (a) optionally conjugating said polypeptide to a carrier protein;
- (b) immunizing a host animal with said polypeptide or peptide-carrier protein conjugate of step (b) with an adjuvant and

(c) obtaining antibody from said immunized host animal.

The invention is further directed to polynucleotides that hybridize to noncoding regions of said polynucleotide sequences as well as antisense oligonucleotides to these polynucleotides as well as antisense mimetics. The antisense oligonucleotides or mimetics may be used for the manufacture of a medicament for prevention, treatment or amelioration of a medical condition. The invention is further directed to kits comprising these polynucleotides and kits comprising these antisense oligonucleotides or mimetics.

In a specific embodiment, the noncoding regions are transcription regulatory regions. The transcription regulatory regions may be used to produce a heterologous peptide by expressing in a host cell, said transcription regulatory region operably linked to a polynucleotide encoding the heterologous polypeptide and recovering the expressed heterologous polypeptide.

The polynucleotides of the present invention may be used to diagnose a pathological condition in a subject comprising

- (a) determining the presence or absence of a mutation in the polynucleotides of the present invention and
- (b) diagnosing a pathological condition or a susceptibility to a pathological condition based on the presence or absence of said mutation.

## DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

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The invention is directed to isolated genomic polynucleotide fragments that encode human SNARE YKT6, human liver-glucokinase, human adipocyte enhancer binding protein 1 and DNA directed 50kD regulatory subunit (POLD2), which in a specific embodiment are the SNARE YKT6, human liver-glucokinase, human adipocyte enhancer binding protein 1 and DNA directed 50kD regulatory subunit (POLD2) genes, as well as vectors and hosts containing these fragments and polynucleotide fragments hybridizing to noncoding regions, as well as antisense oligonucleotides to these fragments.

As defined herein, a "gene" is the segment of DNA involved in producing a polypeptide chain; it includes regions preceding and following the coding region, as well as intervening sequences (introns) between individual coding segments (exons).

As defined herein "isolated" -refers to material removed from its original environment and is thus altered "by the hand of man" from its natural state. An isolated polynucleotide can be part of a vector, a composition of matter or could be contained within a cell as long as the cell is not the original environment of the polynucleotide.

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The polynucleotides of the present invention may be in the form of RNA or in the form of DNA, which DNA includes genomic DNA and synthetic DNA. The DNA may be double-stranded or single-stranded and if single stranded may be the coding strand or non-coding strand. The human snare\_SNARE\_YKT6 polypeptide has the amino acid sequence depicted in SEQ ID NO:1÷

KLYSLSVLYKGEAKVVLLKAAYDVSSFSFFQRSSVQEFMTFTSQLIVERSSKGTRASVKEQDYLCH VYVRNDSLAGVVIADNEYPSRVAFTLLEKVLDEFSKQVDRIDWPVGSPATIHYPALDGHLSRYQNP READPMTKVQAELDETKIILHNTMESLLERGEKLDDLVSKSEVLGTQSKAFYKTARKQNSCCAIM and is encoded by the genomic DNA sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:5.:

CCAGACATAGGCAAGGCGCAAGGTGATACAGTAGGCAGCACCATGGGGGCCAGGAGGCTCC AGCAGAGGCCACACACCAGCCCAGAATCCAGGACAGAGAGCTGGAATGGAGACAGGGAAG CCAGATACCAGGCCAGACTGGCCAGGTGCTACAGGCCTGTGGGCCAGGCCAGGCTTGGGGAC TTCGTCCTGGGTGTGAAGGACAGGCACCCCTGAGGCCTTCCCTCTGCATCTCCAGCCCAAG CTAAGCGCAAACTCTTAGGTTGGAGTAAGGAGTAACCCCCTGCCAAGTTTCTCCTGTCCTCAG GCTCCACCACCACCTATGCTGCCTGGCCCCATGGGGCACACGCTCAGGCCCAGCCTGGGAAA CACCTCGTGGCCCCGCTGGGCCCCCTGATGCACCTCATGTCTCCATGGCAACCTGCTCAGA GTGTGGCCCTGCCCTCCACACCTGTGTCCCAGGCAGTGCCACGGCACTTTCCTA **AACAGAAGGATGGGCTTCAAAACAGTCCCAGACACTAAACACACCTGCATTTTGGGTCCAAG** TAACTTCTGACAAGACGAGTGCCCCTACACACTCTCAGTCCTATCCACTATGGGCAAGGAGCC TGAAGGATCCCCAGAACTGGCTAAAGCCCTCAGTCTCCTCCACCCTGAGCACCTTCACGC GGCAGAGTGGCCCTGGATGTCAGCTTCTTGCTCCCCATGGTCTGCACCTGGACAGGTGCTCTC AGGTGTGGGCAGGTGGCAGGTCCCAAGAGCCAGGTGCAAAGAATCTAGGCCAGTGC CCACGAGTGCTGCAGTGTCCCCAGCATGGTATCTAGGGCTCCACTTGCCTATCAGCTGTA ATCGGAGGAGGCTTCCAGGCCAGGCCTCCCCAGGAAGGCTGCAGGCACTGCGGATCGTGCG CCCTCACATGCATTATTCCTGAGGCCCTTCTGCAGATGCCATCAGGGCAGCAACTCTGATGAG GTATTAGGGCACACACAGGGCTAAGCCACCCTGTACTGGGCCAAGCGCTACAGGCAAAA AGGACACCACGACGGCATTTCATTCATCGCTTTTATTTTTATATATTTTTTGAGAGGGAGCC GGGTTCAAGTGATTCTCCTGCCTCAGCCTCCGAGTAGCTGAGATTACAGGTGCCCGCCACCA TGCCCAGCTAACTTTTGTATTTTAGTAGACATGGGGTTTCACCATGTTGGTCAGGCTGGTCTC GAACTCCCGACCTCAAATGATCTGCCTACCTCAGCCTCCCAAAGTGCTGGGATTACAGGCATG AGCCACTGCACCGGCCCATTCATCACTTTTAAATAGCACCCTCTGAACAAAGCTCCCTGGGCC ACATGACCCTAAGGGTTACCCCATCCCACCCCAACCCAGGTCTGGCAGGTCCTCAGAACAGGA

**AAAGCTGAGCACTGCCCAAGGCTGCTTGCTGGGCCAGTCAGAGAGGTCTCTGCCTTCCAGGAT** CAGAAGTACAGGCTGAAAGCAGCCTTGGGCCCGCCTCCCTGGGAGGCTACAGAGGCTTCAGA GGGTTCCTGAACTCAAAACCAGATGTGAGACTTGAATTTGACTTACCCCTGGTTCACCTCCC AACCAAAGCAGGGTCAGCTTTGGCTCCTCCAGGAACCAGGAAGCTTCCAGGTACCCTGTGGA GCCCCTCTGCTCCTGAAAAGTTGCCACCTGTGCTTGGTGGGATGCCAGGTGGTCTCAGATTG 5 ACCTGGGGTCAGCGTGAGGGACAGGAAGCCTACAGCGGGATCAGGATGGGGATGGGGCCT AGACCAGGCAACAGGATTCAGCAATGACAGGGCTTCTTCTACTCCAGGGCTCCCTCACCTGGT TAACAGCAAAAAAGAAAATACAGTTCCTGCTAGCAAGGTCTATAGAAAGGAGGTGAAGGAG TCAGGCCTGCAGCTACCTCCTGGACAGGAGCTGGTCAGGATAACTTGGACCCTTGCATGCG 10 GCAGGCCACAGGCACAGCATGAGGCCACTCTCTCCCCGGGGGAAGGGCTTGGTGAAGA AAGGATTCCCCTGAAGCACAAAGAAAGCACAGGACCACTGTGAAATTTCAAGACAACTTTAT CCAGACAGGCGCCTCTCAAATAGAACACAGGGAAGTTAGGCAGCAGTTACTAAAATACAGTC 15 AAGCGGAGATCTCACTTCCTCTTACCCCAAATTCATACCTCCATTTTCCCCGCCCCCATCTCTCC CCAGGGTCCTCAAGTGGGAAAGGGAGAGGTAGCATCCCTCGGATCCAGGCCCACTCCACTCCG TCTCCGCACCAGTGGGCAGGCTGAGTCTGGGCCTCAAGGGGCCCTGGGCTTAGGGTATCTAT GGCAGTAGGAAAATGACATGGACAGGCTCTTCAGGGGTAGGCTAAAGTCCTCTGGCCAGCAG 20 TACCCAGAGAAAATGGGCAGCAGCAGGTAAACCAGCCAGGAGGTGGAGTCCTCTGAACCCAC AGCAGACCCCACCTCCTGCCCAGCCCCTGCCCACATTGGGGGTCAGGACCACTGAGACTCTG GTCAGGACAGTGGGTGCTCTCAGCAGTGTGGCAAGCTCAGAGCAGAGCTCCCAAGGACCATA CCACACTGGTTCAAAACCCATAGGTGACACCATCCCAGCAGAAGCTTCCATGGGTGCTGGATC CCAGGGCTGCATCCTGAGCACAGGTGGGCAGACTGGAACATAACACTAGGACCCAAGGGATC 25 CAGAACATTTTAGGCCCATCTCCTGGGCTGCTCCAGCCTGTTGCCATGACTTGGGCAGTGAGT GGGCCTCCTGCCAGGTGGCAGGGCACAGCTTAGACCAAACCCTTGGCCTCCCCCCTCTGCAGCT ACCTCTGACCAAGAAGGAACTAGCAAGCCTATGCTGGCAAGACCATAGGTGGGGTGCTGGGA ATCCTCGGGGCCGGCTGCCACCCCCTCGTGCTCAAGGGAGAGACCCACTTGTTCAGATGC ATAGGCCTCAGGCGGTTCAAGGCAGTCTTAGAGCCACAGAGTCAAATAAAAATCAATTTTGA 30 GAGACCACAGCACCTGCTTTGATCGTGATGTTCAAGGCAAGTTGCAAGTCAAGGCAAGT GTCCCAGAGGCCCTGGGCAGCTGAGTGCACCTGTGTTTGATCTTCCCCTGATGATGGACACTC CCAGCTGACCATCCAAACACCAGGAAAACATCCCCCTTTCCTGGGCTCAGTTCCTAGTCTACTT GCTGGTACGAACCCACACACACTCCCCGCCACAATGCAGCTCCTTCCAAATCCTCCCACA AGCCACCTTGTGGGACTTGGAAGCTGCTTAGGATGGCCCTGCCCTCTGCGGGAAGCCAATC 35 CTAGCAGAAAGGTAAGCTAAACAACAGTCTCAGAATCTGAGACCCAGTGACT

CAGCCTAGCATCAGGGACTCCCCACCCCCACTGGAGTGTTAATATCATTAATGTACAAATA AGATCCAAAGATATACCAAAGATCGAGAAACAGCTGGCTCCGACCTCCCACAGAGCCTT CCCAGGGTTAGCTGAAAAAGAGCCCTTTGGCATCTACAGAAGCCAGTCGGAGTTTATGGTTTC 5 ATTTGCCCAAAAATACACCTTTGGGGACCTCAAATTCTTTCCAAGAATCACTACCACACATAT GAATTTGAACATTCGCCACCCTTCCACCATCCATTTCTCGCAGGAACTTCAAAAATAAAAATGG CCAGTCTGCCCCCACTCTGGCTCCTCTTTTGCCTGTCTTTTTCCAGGGGCTGCAGTTCTGATGTGAATGATGCTGCCATTCCAGCATTGGGCCTCTGGCAGGCTGCATCACATGATGGCACA 10 GCATGAGTTTTGTTTCCGGGCCTTGGAAAAAAAAAAAAGAGGAGCTGAGAAGGAGGACTGACG **AAGTAAGGGAAGCCCAATCCTGGCAGGCGTGGCAGAGGGAGCTCCACAGGACACAGCCAGG** CAGAGAAACTAGCACTAGAACAGGGTGGGGGTGGAGGCCTTGAGGGAAGCTGTCCACAAGC AATTCCCATCACCAAGCACAAGGCGGCCCCGGCTTCCAAAACTAGTCTGGGATCCTTTTTCCT TTCTTTTCTCACACCCCATTAATGCTATCAAAAAGTGAGTAAAATTCCTACAGTTAGGCCAGG TACAAACAAAGGACCAATAATACAAATGGGATTGGCAGAATATCTTAACTTTGCCCCACTCCT 15 GTCTTCACACAATGCTATCTGACCACCACGGTGGTGTTTCTTCCTAGAAGATGGTCCTGAGGA CAACAGATGTGGTTCCCACTTGGGATGTGGTTTGTGGGGACCACTGTTGCCACCTTCTCTTTG CTTTCTGGTCACAGACTATCTTCCTAATCCCACCTAGCCATCTCCCAATGTGCACATGAAA GCAAATGTGTGTGGACAGACCAAGTAAATTTGTCCCTATGACTATCCAACCATGGGCCAACAG 20 TGCCATCTCCACATAGGAAGACATGAGCACTGACCTGAGAGAAAGCGGCAGTCAGCAGCACC CATCCTTGTCAATTAAATATTTTCTGTCAAAGGGAAATTAAAAGCTTAAGAACCTCTTCAGGA AGGCTGAATTGCTTGCATCTTAAAGACTTATGTCTACTCAGCAGAAAGAGGAATAAGATTCA ACAGTAAATCTCTGGTGATCAGAACTTGAACCAGCCTTCCTGGACTGGGAGTAGGAGTTCAG AAATCAGCCAGAGCAGCAGAGGCAGAGCAGAGCAGGAGTGGAACAAGGCCTCGGCCCGC 25 ATCGACTCCAACGCCCCAAGTGAACTGCCTCCAACCACCTGGGCCTGAGGCGCTCACCTTA TGGAGAGTGCCAGAAGCAGCAAGCTGCGACTGCTCTAGAGAGAACACCCAGGAGGCAGCA GGTGCTGGGTACTCACAGTTTTATAGAAGGCTTTAGACTGTGTTCCCAGCACCTCGGATTTGG ACACCAAGTCATCTAGCTTCTCACCTCGCTCTAACAGAGACTCCATGGTGTTGTGCTGGACAA 30 AAAAGAAAAGAGAATCCAGCTCTGTTCAGTACGTGCCCTGACATGAGCCCCTCATATTTCAGT TGAAATCTAGAAGATCTAACTGGGATGTAGCAGACTTCCCAAAAAGCTGTCCCCAGCACAGG 35 TTGTGTGTGTGTGTGTGCACGCACATGTGCGTGTGCATGGAGCTTTGGAAAAAAGAGT **AGCTGGGCACTATATGATTGTACTGGGTTGGAGAGTGACCCACACCGCACCCCCAACCCCAA** 

CCGCATCCCAGAAATTAACATCCCCAGAATCTCTGAATGTGACCATATTTAGAAATAGGGTCT TGGCAGATGTAACTAGTTAGGAAGAGGTAATACTGGATTAGGGTGGCATCTAATTCCATGAC TGATGTCCTGGTAAGAAACGGAAACACACACACAGAAGGTCACGTGACGGCAGAGGCAGAGC CTGAAGTGATGCACCTCTAATCCAAGGATGCCAAGGATGGCCAGCAGCACCAGAGGCTGG 5 TGTTAAAAGCAAATATTTGAGGGTTTCTGTTGACAGCAGCACAGGAAACAAAAGGCGGTGG GAAATGGCTATTGAGCACTTGATGTGAGGCAAGTCCAAACTGAGCAGCGCTCTGAGTACAGA ACAAGTTTATACCGATTACATGTTGGAAAAATTGTATTTGGATATACTGCGTTAAGTAAAAT 10 ATATAATTAAATTCTACCTATTTTCCTTTTATCATTTTAAAATATGGCTCCTAGAAAAT TCTAAGTTACACACATGCCCCAAATATATACCAGACAGCACTATGACAGAACATGTCCTGCCT TCTAAATGGGCTATGTCCTAAATGTCATCACTACAAACTCTGACTTAGGAAATGAAAACACTG ACCCATGGGAAGGGTCTAGAGATGGAGACCTCACAAGAGCCAGCAGCTCTGCCAGGG CCCTCAGGAAGCAGCTCGCTTCTCTCTCAGATGGCCACTGCTGCAGCAGCTAGATGCAC 15 ACATGAAGCGCCATAGAACAAGGAGCCAGCAAGAATGTCCTTCATCCCTACACACAGCTGAG CGACTCAAATTTTTAACACAGAAAGTTAACTGATTCAGATATGCACACCAATCATCTAGATTT TACAACTGCAGCTAGATGAGGCTGGGTGAATAGGACTCATCCACTCCCCACCGTGGGGAGAG GAGAACAGCGGGTGTCCCAGGTGTCATGGTACTCAGACTAGGACTTGAGCAACAGAAAGAG ATGCTTGAGGAGAAACGGAGAAATGCCACCTAGGTGGTAAGAAAGCTCACAAGGTTTCAA 20 <del>AAGACACAGATACCATGAGACTTTCACATCTATCGTTCATTCCAAAGCCACGTTATTTGGAGT</del> GCAGTCAGCACACCTGTGTTTGAAGCCCCTGGGATGCTTTTTATAAAATGCAGGTTCCCAGGC TCCATCGCAGGCCAACACTCCAACCCCAGGAGACGCTGATGTACACACTAAAGCTATGCCTG ATGGTATAAACTAGGCACTGTATCATGAGCAGGATGGAAAGATGTCCCAGTGCTCATACGCT 25 GGTCAGGGAGACATGTAAACAAGCAGTGACAAAACTGTGACATCTGGTCAGAAAGGCCCAAC CTTCAGGCGCCTGTGTGAGCTGGGCAAGAAAGGGTATAAGAGAGAACAGGGCCCAGTCAG GAGACTGTGAGTTAGTTTGCACTTTATCCTGGGGCGGATCTGAGAGCTGCTGAAGGGTTCTAA GTTGTGCAGATCAATGACTACTCTCTGGTGGACAGACTGGAGGTGAGCAGGAGGCAAGGGGA CCACTTAGAGGCAAAGGCTGTAAGAGAAAAACCTGAGAAAAACAGATAGCTGCTTACATTCC 30 ACTTGTATGCAAAAATTTAAAAAAAAAAGGTTGAAGCAACAGTTACAAATCAGGAGATTTCA GCTCAAAATGCAGGGTTCTGGCTCTTTTCAAAGGGGCCTATGTGACAACCCTGGGCCCATATT CCAGAAGCTGCCCTGTGGTCAGTGCACGGTGCTTCAATCTGTTCACCTTCAATGCAAACGCTG CAAGGGGAGCACCTGTGGGGTGTGGAGGCACCCGAAACCCTAACAAAGGCACCAGGGTGGG AATCCAGGTCTTCAGAAGCCAAACCCTAGGAACCCAGTAAATGGTCAGACAGGCAGTAGCCA 35 TGAGGAAGGGAGACTTGAGGGTTCCACTGGTTCCCAGCTTGGTCCCCTAGAAACAATGGGTG CCATTAACCAAGAGAAGGGTATAGGAAAGACAGTCTGATGCCCGGGGTGGGGGAAGGGGTG

CATGCCTGGCCAGTGGAAATCGCACCCCCCCCTCAGTTCTTGGGCTTGCTCTCCATCTTCCTGC TTACCAGAATGATTTTGGTCTCATCTAGTTCGGCCTGCACTTTAGTCATGGGATCAGCTTCTCG TGGGTTCTAGGAAAGAGTGAAAAATAATAAAGTCAGGACTGGAGTGGCTACCTGCAAACAA 5 AACCTAAAACTGAGGAGGCTGGACAAACTTTCACAGGTTAAAAACCACAGCCTGGGCCGGGC ACAGTGGCTCACGCCTGTAATCCCAGCATTTTGGGAGGATGAGGCGGGTGGATCACCAGAGA TCAAGAGTTCGAGACCAGCCTGACCAACATGGTGAAACCGTCTCTACTAAAAATACAAAAAT TAGCCAGGCGTGGCACATGCCTGTAATCCCAGCTACTCGGGAGGCTGAGGCAGGAGAAT CGCTTGAACCCAGGAGGTGCAGGTTGAGTGAGCCGAGATTGCGCCACTGCACTCCAGCCTGGG 10 ACATGTAACAGAAACCCAAAGCCTGCCTAGAGCTTGGGTTCCCCGGTCTGAACGTAGATTCTC TGTTTCCAAACAGTAAGGCTTGAGAGAGGACACCAGCATCAGAAGCTGTCAGAAGTAATTA GACCAGAACTATCAGGCAGTTGGCTTTTTCAGTTTCACATGGATTCTGGGCCACATGGTGTC TGCTGAAGCTTCCTTTAACCCTACCTGGTATCTACTGAGGTGACCATCCAGGGCTGGGTAATG 15 TACCTGCAAGACAAAGGAGACTCAACAAGCCTCCCACTGTGCACTCACCAGTGGTCTCAATGA CAGGGCTTCACCCTGAGCACCTCACCCTGAATGAGGCTCCTTGGCCTTCACAGCCCAGGAAG GAGGAATGAGGGGACATATAATGGCAACAGAGAAAATCTAGGCTAAAGTTCTTTCCAAATT TTTATCATTAAAACATATCCTAAATATTCTGAGAATCAAAAGTATGCCCAGCCCGAGATGAAC 20 CTCACTTGGGGAGTAATAAAGGTATTTGAATTTTAAACTACAGATTTCCAGAAAAAAGGGGC ACTGGTCCTCTAATTTTCCAAAGCAATTTTTTAAAAAAGAGAATTAGGTCCCCTAGATTTAAG AAACCACCAGATTCCATGTGTTTGGAGGTATTTTGGTGCTCTGGGGTATAGGATGAAGCCTCT GACTTCAAAGAGTTAATATTAGTAATTAGCACCGTACGCAAAAAATTTAAAGAATGCTTAG GTGCTAAGCTCTGTGCCAACTGACTGACATCAAGGTAGAGGGATGCAGCAACTGCAGGAG 25 GCAATGGGGAGAGTGAAGGCATTCAAGAGGGAGACTCCTTGAGCAGAAGCACAGGGGGCGA GAACACAAGGCACAGCTGTCTCCGAGGGTCCCATCCCAGAGAATAGATGCTATGACTCAGTG GCCTAGACCCAGCTCACATGAGGGACAGCACCGGGGAGGAAACCCATACAGGGATGCCAAAT TGTCTCTTGGGTTGCAGGGAAGGGGGCTGAAAAATGTGTTGACTTTGGACACATCATTTCATC CCTTATGTCTCAGGGACTGCCATCAACCCCTGTCCCAGTCCATAAATGTGCCCATTCATCATCC 30 AAGTCCAGGAGAGGCAAATAAAAAACTCACCTTCTCCAGCAAGGTAAAGGCCACCGGGATG GGTATTCATTGTCAGCAATGACCACACCTGCAAGACTATCATTCCGGACGTAGACGTGGCACA GATAGTCTAAGGAGACAAGAGATCAGACACATGGATGCTGACATGAGGGCTTCAGACTTCTT TTAATCCCCCAAATCAAAGCATCCAATGTTAGGCCAAATGAAGCCACTCGGAAGCTCAATAG GGCCCAACGCCTGCTTTAGGACCAGTAAATACCCAGAGGCCCAGTATGCAAAGCCAGGGCTTA 35 AAGAAACAGCCAGTGCTGCAGAAAACACACCCTTGACAACATGCCCCAGGAGCATTTCCAA

GTGTATTCCTTAAGCTCGGGTCAGGCCAAGCTATATCTTAGGGATCTGGAGCCCTTGGGGCTC TGTGCTCCCAAACTTAGGGAACCCTGGACAAGCCAAGAGGCCTCTGCTTTCTTAAAAAAT CTTTTCAGAGCAGCAAAAGACAGGAAATTACCCCCCAGGGCCTCAGTCTTCCATATTATAGC AACCTGCTGGGTTTGCTCCACTCTGGTGGGTGACTGGGAGTAGGGGGGTTAGTCTAGAAAAA GATTAGCTACTGCCAGCTAAGGCCTCCAGAGCACTGTGCTAAAATCCTCATATGATTGAAAGG **TACAGTTGTACAGGTCTTCCGCAAAATATTCACAATCCACAGGATTGTTCATTTCCATCACTTT** GAAAGGATTCAGAGTTGATACAGCTAACCATATCCCCAAGGAAAGAGAAATGTAAGGATTAC **AGCTTACAAATAAGAACCTTCTTGTCCTTAAGGATCTGACCCAGAAGATTCCAATGCTAAACA** ACAGAAAAACAAATAAAAGAGGGGAATGATGGTGAGCCCCTGAAATCAGAAAAGAGCAG 10 AGATAAATGAGAACAAGAATGAGGAGGAGGAGGACAGGGGGTTGTCACCAATGCTCTC CAGATTTGTATACCATCCCAATTAAGATTCAAACATGGGGTCAAAGTGCATACCCTCCAAA GAAACTGAGAACCTGGTCAGTGGAGGAATTGTCTTTAAGTAATAAACGTGGGAAGGGCAGGC ACAGTTTGAAGAACAGAGCAAGAACACTGAAATATTTGTGATGCGATTTCACTTCTATGATG 15 TTTATATCATCAATTCAGTAACTCTATGTCACGTGACTTGAGGTTAGCATAAGTGTGAGATGA TCTTTGTCCCTACCTGATGAAACTCATGTAACTCTTTCCTGATCTGTATAACATACACAT CTAAATAAATGCCTAAACCTGAATTATCAGAAAGAAAAAAATAGTTTTTCAGATTCCTGATCA AAAAATCTACGATGCACAGAATACATATAGTACCTCAACAGTGCTAGCTGGAAATCCTTTTTT GAGGGGTCTGCAACTCTGAAGAGGATAGGGAAGAATACGATATGAAGGCTGCTTACTGCTCC 20 AAAAGAGTCAGACCCTAATCTTAAATGAGTCTAAGTTTGAGGGCAATTTTATCTGGGAAGCT CAGACTTCAACAGTGGGCACAGAATTCTGCATAAATAGGAAAAGGAAGAGGTGGGAAAGAG AGAACAAGCTAGAGGAGGAGTAGGGTCCCAGTAGAAAGGAGAAAGCTGGGTGCTATGTGAG GTGAGGCATGCCAGCCAGCACACGCACAGAAGTTGGAGGGTCTTCTTACCTTGTTCTT TGACAGAAGCTCTAGTGCCTTTCGATGAGCGCTCCACAATCAGTTGACTCGTGAAGGTCATGA 25 ATTCCTGAACGCTAAGAAACACAAAATGTATTTATTGCCTACTTCTTATCACCTTGTCCCCAAC ACAGTGGAAAGTGACCTCTGGGCTTATACATTAAGTAGACATTGCTTCTTGGTTTCATTCCTT TCCCTCCATCCCTAGTAACAACACTCTATAAATGAGCACAAATACTGATAATTATGAATTA TCATCACCATGAAAGCTCCATCTGTTTGCTACCTGGCTCACCAAAACAGGTGAATTTTCTGGG GGGTTTTTCCACAGGATACAGTCAATTTTACATTTTGGTGAATGCATAATTTGGAATGCAATG 30 GAAAAACAAGAGCAGGTCCTGCTCTCAAGGTCCCAATAACTTCCAAGAAGCAGGACATTTA TAAGAACTGCACTAGAAGAATAGTGTGCAAAAACTGTCAGGCAGAAATGCACAACCATTTAT CTCATCCAAGACAAAGAAGTGGGAAATGGCTCATACAAAGGGTGAAAGGGAGAAGGTCCAT 35 CATGGCTCAACAGAGAGATCTATCCAGAACAGACAGTCACAGGAGATGGTACAGCCAGAG GAAGAGGTGCTGACAAGGAGCCTCCAACTGAGGATGTGATATAAAGGGCAACCAGGGCCATC

AAAGCAGGGTGCTCAAATGGGAGTCTGCAGCAGGCTCCAGCAGAGCCATATAGGTAACTGAA GGCTGACTCTGGGCCTGTGTGCTGCCTCCACATTAAAAAAATCAAGATTTGTGCAACAGT ATATCTTGAGGGACTGAAGTGATCAAAATAACCCCTCAGAAAAGAAGACCTCAAACAAGGAA 5 GGCTTTGCAGTAAACCTAGAGACAGCATTTGAGACACGGCTATAAAGAGACAAAGGAAGAAC TGCATTGTGACAGCATGTATACAAAGACCAAAAAAGCTGGGAAACTACTTTTTCAACTTTGG AATCGGGTAATTATAGGGCACAAAGGACGTAAGTAAAGCGGTCTTATAAGAAAACAAGCTCA ACTTGAGCTCAGGAGTTCGAGACCAGCCTGGCTAACATGGTAAAACCCCATCTCTACTAAAAA 10 TACAAAATTAGCCGGGTGTGGTGCGCGCCCTGTAATCCCAGCTACTTGGGAGGCTGAGG CAGGAGATCACTTGAACCCAGGAGGCGGAGGTTGCAGTGAGCTGACACTGTGCCACTGCAC TGGGACATGTTTTTAAGACATATTAGTAGAGATGTCCCTTTAGTGTTGCAGCTGTTAGT CATTGGAAACTAGTGTGGGCATCCCAAGCAGGTGAGGTATAAGTCCTACAAGTGAAATCTCT 15 GAGAATCTTAAGTACTAATGGGAAGGAAAAAGGAAAAGAATCAGAGCCAAGTTGGCACCA AAAGTTCCATCTGAGAAAAGCAACACAGAGCAGTGAATGTAGGCCATGGTAAAGACTGC AAAGACCAAGAACCCCAAGAAGGAGCTAAAAGATAATGCAGCAATTCCGCTTCTGGGTAAAT **ACCAAAAAAATGCGAGCAGGGTCTTGAAGAGATATTTGTACATCCATGTTCATAGCAGTATC** ATTCACAATGGCTGAAATGTGGAAGCAACCCAGGTGTCCACTGACAGATGAACAGATAAGCA 20 CAACAAGATGCATGAGCCTTGAGGACATTATGCTACATGAAATAAGCCAGACACAAAAAC TATATGATTCCATTTATCTAAGGTCGCCAGAAAAGTCAAAATCACAGAGACAAATTAGAATG GCAGTTGCCATGGGCTGGGGGAGAGGGAATGTGTTTAATAGACACGAATTTGATAAAAAG GAGTTCTGGAGACGATTGACAGTGATGGCTGCACAACACTATCAATCTATTCATATCAATGC 25 ACTCACTACACGCTTAAAGATAGTGAAGATAAATTTTGTGTACCATTTTACCACAATTAAAAA CATCCAGCAAGTCCTTGGCAAAGAACTCTCATCAAGAACCAGCTGCACTGAAGCAGGGAAAA CAGAATCCAAACGGCAGATTCCATCAGATTTTGAGACAAGATGACCATAGATACCGACCATG 30 TGTGTTACTTCTAACACGTTCCAGCAATTAAAGCGCCCCAGAAACAAGTAAAAGCCTGTAAGC CCTACAGATCCCATGCTTCATTTGCATCTTCCGTGTGGAATCCTTTTGTACCACTAGTGTCCAA CTAAAAAGCGTTAAACCTGGCTTCAGTTCTAGCTGGTTGTGATATAACCTCTTGGTACCTCA **GTGACTTCACCCATTAAAAACAAACAAAAAAAAAGTATATCACTATCTCATACAGAATTGTT** GGGAAGCCCGCAAGAAAATCAAAATATGGCTCTCAAGATGCGGCACCCAAGCTCCCAGAGT 35 CAGAATCACTGGGTGGGAAGTGTTGGTCTAAAATATAAATACCGAGGCCTCAATCTACTAAT TCAGAACATCTTGGCATGAAGCTTGGAAATCTGCACTACTTCACAGTCTCCTTAAAATTTTTA

CACGACAGAAATTTGAAAAACACTGAGTAGAGAACTATATTCTAGAATGGTATAAGCTCTTA AAGAGCTAATGTTGGTTCCTCAAAGGTAGAGTCCACGGCCAGATTCCATTATAGGAGACCAA GCCGGACAGCAGACCCGGGCCTCCCCACCCGCCCCGCCTCTGACTCGGACACCAGCCTTC TCCTCCGCCGACCCCAGGCCCACTCCGACTCGGACCCCCACCCCAGTCCTCTCCGCCGACCGC TATGCGGCTTTGAGCAGCACCACCTTGGCCTCGCCTTTGTAGAGGACGCTGAGGCTGTACAGC TTCATGGTCCGGCCTCAGGCCGCCCGCCTGCCCAGCTGCGGGACCCGTTCTCAGGGAGCAGC GCGCCGCCCCCCGGGACCGCCGCCTACCGCCTCTCAGCAGCCGCTGCTGACGGG 10 GCCACCGCCGCTTCCTCCTCGCTCGCAATCCACTTCCGGATCCGGTCAGCCTGGTTGAGG GTTCTCATACTCCGGATGCAGAAATGTGAGCCCGGAAGTACAATGCAGCGAGGGCCGGATG CCACGCCTCGCGTAAGCTTGGCCCCTCCTGCTCGCCAGGTGGAGTCGGCCGCGCGGGGGAT ACCGTACTGTCTTGTGCTGGGTGGTGCTGGGCCTCCCACAGCGGCCTGAACCCTTCTTTTTTT TTTTTCTTTCTTTCTTTTTAAAGTAAGCATTTTTTTTATTATTATACTTTAAGTTTTAGGG 15 **TACATGTGCACAACGTGCAGGTTTGTTACATATGTATACATGTGCCATGTTGGTGTGCTGCAC** CACAACAGTCCCGGTGTGTGATGTTCGCCTTCCTGTGTCCATGTGTTCTTATTGTTCAATTCC CACCTATGAGTGAGAACATGCGGTGTTTGGTTTTTTGTCCTTGCAATAGTTTGCTGAGAATGA TGGTTTCCAGCTTCATCCATGTCCCTACAAAGGACATGAACTCATCTTTTTATGGCTGCATA 20 GTATTCCATGGTGTATATGTGCCACATTTTAGGAGGAGCTTGTACCATTCCTTCTGAAACTAT TCCAATCAAAAGAAAAAGAGAGAATCCTCCCTAACTCATTTTATGAGGCCAGCATCATCCTGA TACCAAAGGGTGGCAGAGAGAGACAACAAAAAAAAAAATTTTAGACCAATATCCTTGATGA ACATTGAAGCAAAAATCCTCAGTAAAATACTGGCAAACCGAATCCAGCAACACATCAAAAAG CTTATCCACCATGATCAAGTGGGCTTCATCCCTGGGATGCAAGGCTGGTTCAACATACGAAAA 25 TCAGTAAACGTAATCCAGCATATAAACAGAACCAAAGACAAAAACCACATGATTATCTCAAT AGATGCAGAAAAGGCCTTTGACAAAATTCAACAACCCTCATGCTAAAAAACTCTCAATAAATT TCATACTGAATGGACAAAAACTGGAAGCATTCCCTTTGAAAACTGGCACAAGACTGGGATGC CCTCTCACCACTCCTTTTCAACATAGTGTTGGAAGTTCTGGCCAGGGCAATCAGGTAGGAG 30 AAGGAAATAAAGGGTATTCAATTAAGAAAAGAGGAAGTCAAATTGTCCCTGTTTGCAGATGA CATGATTGTATATCTAGAAAACCCCATCGTCTCAGCCCAAAATCTCCTTAAGCTGATAAGCAA CTTCAGCAAAGTCTCAGGATACAAAATCAATGTGCAAAAATCACAAGCAGTCTTATACACCA ATAACAGACAGAGGCCAAATCATGAGTGAACTCCCATTCACAATTGCTTCAAAGAGAATAA AATACCTAGGAATCCAACTTACAAGGGATGTGAAGGACCTCTTCAAGGAGAACTACAAACGA 35 CTGCTCAATGAAATAAAAGAGGATACAAACAAATGGAAGAACATTCCATGCTCATGGGTAGG <del>AAGAATCAGTATCGTGAAAATGGCCATACTGCCCAAGGTAATTTATAGATTCAATGCCATCCC</del>

TATCAAGCTACCAATGACTTTCTTCACAGAATTGGAAAAAACTAAAGTTCATATGGAACCAA AAAAGAGCCGCATTGCCAAGTCAATCCTAAGCCAAAAGAACAAAGCTGGAGGCATCACACT ACCTGACTTCTAACTATACTACAAGGCTACAGTAACCAAAACAGCATGCTACTGGTACCAAAA CAGAGATATAGAGCAATGGAACAGAACAGAGCCCTCAGAAATAATGCCGCATATCTACAAGC ATCTGATCTTTGACAAACCTGACAAAACAAGCAATGGGGAAAGGATTCCCTATTTAATAAA TATACAAAAATTAATTCAAGATGGATTAAAGACTTACATGTTAGACCTAAAACCATAAAAAC CCTAGAAGAAACCTAGGCAATACCATTCAGGACATAGGCATGGGCAAGGACTTCATGTCTA AAACACCAAAAGCAATGGCAACAAAAGCCAAAATTGACAAATGGGATCTAATTAAACTAAA 10 GAGCTTCTGCACAGCAAAAGAAACTACCATCAGAGTGAACAGGCAACCTACAGAATGGGAGA AAATTTTTGCAACCTACTCATCTGACAAAGGGCTAATATCCAGAATCTACAATGAACTCAAAC AAATTTACAAGAAAAAAACAACCCCATCAACAAATGGGCGAAGGATATGAACAGACA CTTCTCAAAAGACATTTATGTAGCCAAAAAACACATGAAAAAATGCTCATCATCACTGG CCATCAGAGAAATGCAAATCAAAACCACAATGAGATACCATCTCACACCAGTTAGAATGGTG 15 ATCATTAAAAAGTCAGGAAACAACAGGTGCTGGAGAGGATGTGGAGAAATAGGAACACTTT TACACTGTTCGTGGGACTGTAAACTAGTTCAACCATTGTGGAAGTCAGTGTGGCGATTCCTCA GGGATCTAGAACTGGAAATACCATTTGACCCAGCCATCCCATTACTAGGTATATACCCAAAGG ATTATAAATCATGCTGCTATAAGGACACGTGCACACGTATGTTTATTGTGGCACTGTTCACAA 20 AAGTCTATGGATAGGAATGAGTGAGGCACAGCTCCCTGAGGATGCCATATCTTGCCCGTTTCT TGTGTATTAAGTGACATCACGTGTTACCAAACTAAACCGGCTGCATTTGCCTGCGCACAACAT AAAACCAAACACCCAAGCATTGGATTTTTGTAGCAAGAAGATGTATTGCCAAGCAGCCTTG CAAGGGGACAGAAGACGGGCTCAAATCTGTCTCCCAATACTTGCTTCGCAGCAGTAGATTTAA GGGAGAGATTTTGGAAGTGGAGTTTCGGGCTGGACGGTGATTGGCTGAAACGAAGAGTGTT 25 TAGAAAATCTCTTGGTCATGAGCTGTTGCTTCTTCATGCTGCTTCAAGGGTCACATGCAGATT CAGGAGGTGGTATAAAACAAGCTGTGGGAATTTGGGCTGTGACATCAAAGGGCCGCTCCTCG GGCTAGTAAGTCTATTTTGCACAGGCTCCAGTCAGCCATATTGGTTCCAACCTGTTCCAGCAA GTTGTATAAGCAGAGGGGATTATAGCAAACTGTTTCCTTATCGGCTGCCCTGCAAGACAAGCT CAAGATTTCTGTTAGCTTACCAGTTTCTTTAACCCTGTCGGGCACAGTTTCACATGTAATCAGA 30 <del>AAGGAACTTGCAAGACACATACAACTGAAAGAAACTTGGTCTTTGGAAGTTGTCAGTAAGGT</del> CACAAAGTTGTGATGCTAGAAGCAGCCGTATCTGAGATTATGGGAAAGAGATGATATTTGG AAAAACAACAGCATCACTTTAAACATTACTCTAAATCAAGGTTTCTCAACCTTGGCACTATTG ACATTTTGGGTTAGATAGTTCTTTGTTGGGAGACTGCCCTGTACATTGTGTAGGCAGCAT CTCAGGCCTTTGTAGAAATGTCAGTACCAACCCACCCCTCCCCACTGCACAATCAAAACGTC 35 TITGTTTTGCTTGTGACAGGGTCTTACTCTGTTGCCCAGGCAGAAGTGCAATGGTGTGATCC

CACTCACTGCAACCTCTGCCTCCCAGGTTCAAGCGATTCTCATGCCTCAGCCTCCCGAGTAGCT GGGATTACAGGAATGCATCCATACACGCGGCTAATTTTTGTATTTTTAATAGAGATGGGATTT AAATTGCTGGGATTACAAGCTTAAGCCACTGCGCCCAGCTGAGAAACATTGCTTTAAATAATC 5 CCTGGGTGTTTCCAAGTACAGAGGGTTGGAAAGGGCTTTTCCACATTTCCCCTGTTTTGGTAGT AAACATTAGGAACAGCCATTGGCCGTGGCTAGGCTCAGCCACCACAGATATGGACACAGTA GTCTGACAAGCTGGGTTGCTGGGTGCTATCAGTCCAGGCTCAACTGCTTGCACTGACACCATT 10 **ACTTGACACATTATAGTGGCTGTCCCAAAGTTTACCTTATGCCAAGTACTTTCCATGTGCCACA** TCATITAATCCTCACAAAAACAGGGGAAAATATTATTGCCACCCTACAGACATAGAGACTGA GATTCAATTTAAGGAGATGGTTAGGGACAGAGTTGGGGTTCAGATGTCAACAGTGAAA TGCTTAACAAACTGTCATGCAGCCCACTCCTGGCAACTCTTCCTGCTCCTCTCTGGCCTCACTC 15 **AGCCTCTACTGTTCCAGGAAGCCTCATTCATAGTCATGTGGTTGCAGACTTCCCAAGCTCACTG** TGTTACCAAAAAGCAAGACCTGCCTTCTGCTGCATCGCCCCAGCTGTCACCCAACTTGGATTCA GTCCAGCACTGACACAAAATCACAAAAGTGAGCAAACCATTACCTCCTGAGTCTCC **TTTTGTTTTATCTATAAAACTAGAAAAATATTCTTTCCATAGGAATGTTGTTGGAAATAATA** AAACATTATATTACAAGCTCTAGTCATTGTTGATGTTTAACAGGTAACAGTGATAATTATTTG 20 TCTTCTCATTAATGAAGAAAAGGATTATTAATCATAGAGGGTGGAAGGCATCTATGGGAAGT AGAGATTTGAAGATAGGCTAAAACCCAAGTAAGGCCTCTAGATTAGATAATAGTATTGTATC TATTTAATTTCCTGCTTTCCATCACTGTGCCATGGTTATATAAGAGAAGTCTTTGTTTATAGG AAATATACACAAGAATTTAGAAGTAAAGGGACATTGTGTCTGCAACTTACTCTTACAGGGTG 25 TTGCTTTGTGATAGGGTCTTGCTCTGTTGCCCAGGCAGGAGTGCAATGGTGTGATCCCGCTCA CTGCAACCTCTGCCTCCCAGGTTCAAGCGATTCTCATGCTTGTATTGTTCTTGCACCTGTTCTG CAAGTACAACATTGTGGGAATGGAAAATGCAGGAAATGGGCAGTAAGGCTATGAACGAAGC CCGCACAGGACTGTGGGTAGCAGAGTTCTCTAGTCCAGGCTCCCACCTGAGGTGCTGGGACCT 30 AGAAGAAAAGCCTCTCTGCAGACAGAACTGGAGTTAACGCTGTCCACGATAAATGGCCCAGG CCTGTTAAGTTTGCCCCATTGAGCAAAACAAGTACCCACCGCCTTTGCAGCCTTGCCTAGCT CACATAAGGTGCCAGCCCTTGCTGTACAGCAGAACCTTTGGGGAGGCTGGACAAAAGCCTATCA AGGAGCATACCCCCAGGAAGCCCAGTCCAGGTGGGGAGCCCAGCCACACAATGGCCCTTGCCC CCACACCTCCTCATTCAGTCAGCTAAGGCCATGGCAGCTGAGCTGCCTCCACAGCTCATATAG 35 GAAAAGGCTGTGGAAAGGGCCACCAATGTGGTCAGGCCTCCATGGCCTGAGTAGGTCACCA **AGCCTCAGGTGCACAGACTTGATGTCATCAATCAGGGTCTGTCAGCACACCTAGCCCTCAGGA** 

ACACTGCTCCCACTGCAACCCACACCAAGGCATCCTGGGCTCCCTCTGGGTTCTCCAGGCCC CAGGGAAGACAGACTCTGCCACCAAAGGTTTGAGCTCTGCCACTGGCTACGAAGCAAT AGGGATGTCAGAGCAAGGGAGGACAGGACAGGAGTATACGTGGCCAGGAAGGGATTACA GCCAAGGAGACAGGAGGCAGGTGCCCTGATTTTGAGGCTGTGCCCAGCAGGGGCTTCCCA GAAGCTGTATTTGTCCTAAGACACCCCTCTGCAGCTGAGGGGCTAGAGATGGATATGTAGCTG TGTTAGGCCATTCTTGCATTGCTATAAAGAAATACCTGAGACCAGGTAATTTATAAAGAAAA GAGGTTTCATTGGTTCACAGTTCTGCTGGCTTTGCAAGAGGCATGGTGCTGGCATCTGCTCAG CCTTTGAGGAGGCCTCAGGAAACTTACAGTCATGGCGGAAGGCAAAGGGGAAGCAGGCACAT CACACAGTGGAAGCAGGAGTGAGAGAGAGAGGCACTGGGAGGTGCCACACTTTTAAACA 10 ACCAGATCTCGTGTGAACTCAGAGCAAGAGCTGACTCATCACCAAGGGGATGGCCCAAGCCA TTCATGAGGGATCCACCCCATGACTCAGACACCTCCCACCAGGCCCCACCTCCAATATTGGGG ATTACAATTCAGATGAGATTTGGTGGGGACACATATCCAAACCATATCAGTTATCAGTAGCCA TACTGGATGAATGCCAGGAACTTAGAATTAGGACACATGGTCATTTAGGCAAGTGGCTTGTC CTGTCAATGGTACCCTGATAGTCGTGGGGTTGCCCCGTACAAAAAGCGAGAGGAAGTCTACA 15 GAGCTGTCAAAGAGGGCAGGTGGAAAGGCCTGCAGAGGAGTCCCCTGCTCCACAACCAGGC **GAAGGCC** AAGAACACAAGGTGTGCCCTTGGAAAGGCTGGGCACACCAAACAACAACCTAATAAACAACAG CAATGAGCACACAGGGAAAGTACTCACAGGGAAACCATCATGAACTAGAGGCTGATCCCACA 20 CCTGCCACATGGGGCCCCAGGCCCAGCCTATCAACCAGTGGTCCTTATTGCCACAGCGATTG GTCTTTGGATAGGCACCTGATGCAAGCTTCAGCCAATCAACAGGCCACTCAGCTGGCCATCAG TAGGCCATCCAATCAGAGCAAAGCCCAGGACTTTCTTCGACTCTTAAGAAAAGAGAAGCAAA TAACATGGATGATTAAATACATATGTTTATGTGAACCACCTCCCAAATATGCTCCACTATAAT 25 GACACAAGACAAAGGGCAGGGGGAGACCAATTGCAAGGTGGCGCAAATGAGAGATGCTACC AAGGGTGCCGGGGAGAGAGGGGACAGTTGTCAAGTTAGGAGGCAACAGGCTGAGGGACA GGGACCAGCAGACGGGAGGGAGGGCTGAAGCAGAAGTGTCCAGTGTCTGGAGGGATGGG GCCAGAAAGGCAAGGGCATCCTGAAGAAGCTATACCTGGGGAGGGCAGCTCTCTCCCACC 30 CTTTCGTTTGGGAGCATTGAATGGTTCAGAGATTCTGCAACTCTGCGGTCCCCAACTAAACTG CTCATTGTTCAAGCAGTCCCTGTTGGGTAAATGTCCCCCATTGTAACCGGACTCGGATTCCAC CGCTTGAAAGCCAAATACAAGAGGAGAGGTTTGGTGGGAGGAAAAGTGGTTTTAACTAGAG CCAGCAAACCAAGAAGATGGTGAATTGTTGTTTTAAAGCATTCAATTATCTCAAATTTTAAAA TTTATCATAGGATTCTGAAAGGAAAACTTGGTATGGGACATACGTGGGAGCAGTGCAGGGTA 35 CAGGGTCTATGTCTTGATCCAATGGCTGTCTTGAGTATCACCTATCCTGAGGTCTGGTTGG TGTTATCTTTCCTTCGGCCAGATGGTGGTGGGTGAATTGTTTCGACTCCCCCTAAGTTGGAGG

**ATTCCGCAGGGTTCCGTGTTTTGTTTCAAGATTAGCCCCTGGAATTCCCAAATAAG** CATAGAGTTAGATAAGCGGCCATGGTGCAAAGGAGTGTCTAGTGGGAAAGGGAGAGAAGCA GAGTTTCAAAGTACATTTCAAGGTTACATTTTAAGACTAAAGAAAAAGCCTTAAAATGCATT TTTAAAGCTGATTTAATGCTTGGCTACACTAGGCTGTGGCCAGTGTGCAGTGTGGCTGCTCTT 5 GGATCAGGTGATGTTTCATCAGCTGTGTCCAGGGAGGGCAGGGCCATGTGGCAGAACCTGGG ACCTCTGTGTGAGGGACTACCTTGGCCCCTGTCCTTAGCAGGAAGCTATGGTAAGGAACCCTT AGGGAGACATTAAATTGGGGAGACCGTCCCTGCCAATCCTTTAACCTCCCCAGCCTCAGCGAC CTCAGTTGGAAAGTGGTGGTAATAATACTACCACTGACCAGGTGTGGTGGCCAGACATTCCAC ACTTTGGCTTCAGCCGCTCCCCCACTCTACTGTAATCCCAGCACTTTGGGAGGAAGAGGTA 10 GGCGGAACCTGAGGTCTGGAGTTGAGACCAGCCTGGTCAACATGGTGAAACCCCATATCTACT AAAAAGAAAGTACAAAAAATTAGCCAGGTGCAGTGGCACACGTGTGTGGTCCCAGCTACTCG TGGGTCTGAGGCATGAAAATTGTTTGAGCCTGGGAGGCAGAGGTTCCATTGAGTGGAGATCG 15 AAAAGTACTTTGTGAATCATAAATGTTTTCATCAATATTAGTTATAATGACAATTGCTCCTTC CATACTTCTAGATGAGAAAACTCAATATTATAAAGAGGTTAGTTCTCTAAAATGAATCCCTAA ACCCACAAGTCAATGTATTTCCAATGAAATTGTCAACAGCATTATTTTCCGAAGTGGGATGA 20 GTAGTGCTAAGATTTATAAGAAAGCCAACATTCCAGAGCAGTGGGGAAGGGATTGCTTCACC ACCAAATAGCCATATTAGAGATTCCCTTGCACCATACCCAAACCACCATCTCCCAGGACCCGG GAGAGCAGAAAAGAGGAATGAGAAGAAAGCCGAGGATGTGAGGTGTGCCCTCATAATGGCG GTGCACGCAGCAAGCAATTGCAGAAAGACTAAAGTACTGAACAAATAGAAAACTTGGAA AAATATTAGAAGGAAATGTGGGAGAACATTTTTGCAATTTGGGGATTGGAAACGGTTTTCTT 25 AACAAGATATAAAAACCCCAAAACAAGAAAACAAGGTTGAAATTCATAAAAACTAGATAC TTCTGTATGATGAAGACACGATTAATCAAGTTGTTAAGTTTAGCAATAGACTAGGGGAGAT **ATCATAGTATATTTAACAGACAAAGGATTAATAGATACTACAGATGAAATATAAAATAGTTT** CTCCAAGTCCATAGGCAGAAGATAATCCAATAGCAACATAGTTAAGTAATGTAAACAAATCA TCCTTAGAAGAAATGCAATCACCAAGAAACACATGAAAAGGTGTCCAGCATTTTGCAAT 30 **TCAAGCAACAATGAGGTGACAGATCGGCAAAAAACTCATAAAGATTTATCATCTGAAGGATT** GGCCAAGATAAAGCCAAACTTCTCGTGTTGGCAGAAGAAACTGGTGAAGCCATGTGAAGAGG CCACGTGGTCCTGCCTACCAAGATGTAAAATGTGTACAGCATTTGAACTAGCAATTCAGCCTC CAGGAGCCATCCAGAAGAACACTGACACACACTTAGACTCCGGTGAAATTCAAGGACTTCT GCCACAGCCTGCTTCGTAATAGTGAAAATCTGAAACTGCCTCAATGACCGTCAATAGGAAGTT 35 GATTTTAAAGTGTTACAGCACATCTGTCTGGAGAGATCGCACTGGCCACTCCTCCTCACCCCCT  ${\tt CTGCTGGACCTCTGAGCGTAGGTGGCCTGGAGCCTGTGGGTCTATACCG}$ 

ACACTACCAATATGGTAGCCACCAGTCACGCTGGACACTTGAAAAGTGGCCGATCCTGACTG AGAAGGCCACGAGTGGGAAAAACACACCAGACCTCAGTGACTTAGGCAGAAGTATGTTTTG TTCCAGACTATTGACTGAGCCCGCAGCTGAGTTGGCTCCAGCACCCTGGCCCCCTGCTCCATCC ACTCACTGGGACTCCCCACTGCACAGGGCAACCTCTCCAGGGGCACTTGGGCTGCGAAGGGGA GAGTGGGTGCCAGGCTGAAGCTTCCTGAGCAGGCCAGAGGAGGAGCCAGTCCCTGT 5 GGGCTCTGTTCTGACAGTGTCAACCTCAGCCAGGCTTGTGTGGGCCAGGTGTACTGTTCTGG TTCAGATTTCAAGGAGATAGTCAGGGCAGGCCGCCAAAGCCCTCCGATGGGCTCCCCTACT GCCTGGCAGACCTGTCCAGCTTTGGACTCTGGCCCTGCGAACCTGGAAGTCAGGCTGCCAAGAG GTCCAGGCAGTGGCCTCCACTGTGGAGGGTCTCTGGAGAGTTTACAGCCCTAGATAGGGGGG 10 CCTCTGCTTCCAGACTCACGGGATCCTCTGCTCATCAGAACAGGAGTGTGGGAGACCCTGAGA CACTGCCCAGGATCTGAACAGGTGGCAAAGGCTTAACAGGCTAGCGGTCACTGTAGTGACA AGGCGATTGAGTGGTCACCATGGTGATGGGGATGGAGGCTCTTTGCCACCAGTCCCAGTTTTA TGCATGGCAGCTCTAATGACAGGATGGTCAGCCCTGCTGAGGCCACTCCTGGTCACCATGACA 15 ACCACAGGCCCTCTCAGGAGCACAGTAAGCCCTGGCAGGAGAATCCCCCACTCCACACCTGGC TGGAGCAGGAAATGCCGAGCGGCCTGAGCCCCAGGGAAGCAGGCTAGGATGTGAGAGAC CCCACTGAATCTGTCTGAAGGACACTAAGCCCCACAGCTCAACACAACCAGGAGAGAAAGCG CTGAGGACGCCACCAAGCGCCCAGCAATGGCCCTGCCTGGAGAACATCCAGGCTCAGTGAGG 20 AAGGGTCCAGAAGGGAATGCTTGCCGACTCGTTGGAGAACAATGAAAAGGAGGAAACTGTG ACTGAACCTCAAACCCCAAACCAGCCGAGGAGAACCACATTCTCCCAGGGACCCAGGGCGGG CCCTGACCCCTGCGGCGGAGAAGCCTTGGATATTTCCACTTCAGAAGCCTACTGGGGAAGGCT GAGGGTCCCAGCTCCCACGCTGCTGCTGCAGATGCTGGACGACAGAGCCAGGATGGA 25 GTCCCCAACATTCCATGGTTTGTTTGAGCCTCAGAATCTGATTTTATGCACAGGCTCTTTGAGA AGGTCTTGCCAGGGGTGCCTTCTGGGGCAGGAAGGCCCCTACTGCCTGGCAGACCCATCCAG CTTTGGACTCTGGTCCTGCGACCCGGAAGTCAGGCTGCCAAGAGGTCCAGGCAGTGGCCTCCA CTGGGGAGGGCTCTGGAGAGTTTAGAGCCCTAGATGTGGGGGGTTAGGGACATGAGGTCTTG 30 TGCCTTGCCTCCAGGAATCACTTCGCAGGGAGCCCGAGGCTGCTGTGGCCTGCTGAGG GAGCCCAGCAGTGAGCAAGGAGAGAGCTGGAGACAGGGGACTTTGCTGTGAAACACTGGGG GGAATGTGCCTGCATCACCCCAGCTGGGGGCCCAGGCAGAGTGGGGGAGAAGGGGTAAGTGG GCAGAGCCAGTCACTTTGGGCATGCTTCCCTCTCGCCTCTGTGTGAAATGACCAGGTCAGCAT 35 

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GCTGTCACTGGTGCTATGGCAGCAATTTGGATGAGAAATCCTGCCCAAAGGGCCCCTTCAGG CCACCGGGGAGAAGGAAGCGGCTGTCTTTGGCATGACCAGAAAGATGGCTCGGAGCTAGGG AGAGGTGGACATGTGGGCTGTGGAGATCTGGCACTTTCCCCAAACAAGGAGAAAAGCATAG TGTGCCTATGTGTAATGTGCTATGTGTGCATGTTTGTGCCTGTGCATACCTGCATGTGTACA 5 TGCATGTGCACATATGTGTGCACAGGGAATCACTTTAATAAAGGCCACAGCAGAGCTGTCCCT GAGCCCTTGCATTCACAGTGGCATGTGAGTGAACCACCTTCTTAGGCTGGGCATCCAGTCTC AGACTCTGGGGCTGCCCATGCCCCATCCTTTATCTGCTCCACGTGTGAGGGGTTGCTGGTCCTG ACCAGGGCCAGCTGTGAACCCCAGAATCCTGGGAAGTCACTGACATTCTTGTCAGGGCCAAGA 10 AAATTCTAAACAAAGGCAGGATGAGTATCACTGGCTTCTGCACTTTTCTCCACCCAGTCTACC CCTCTTCTAGTGCCTGGATCGCAGGGTGCCAAGGCCTGGATGAGGGAAGCGTGGAGCTGCAA TGGCCACTCCTGTCTGCCTGTTCTGGCTGCACAGAGGACTCAGTCCTTGTCTTGGGGGAACCTA 15 CCCAGGTTCAGTCCAGTCCTGTGTCTCTGGGAAGTGCTGCCCCTACCCCAAGCCAGTGTTTGAC CTTGGAGCAATGAGCAATGCCCTCCTTCCACTTTCAAAGTTGTCCCCAAGACGTCAGCTGTGG TTGTCTCTGTGCAGACACCGAGGAGGAACTGTCTTCTTCTCTTTTGGTTGCTTTGGAGGAA CAACCTTCCAGATCTTACCTGTGGTTGCAGGAGCCTGTGGCCTCAGTCCTGTGCCCAGTGACTT 20 CTCCATGTGGATGTCAGCTCCTTAGGGGCAAGCCTGATTCCACTGACACTACTCCCACCCCTCA TAAGCCCTTCTTACCAGCTGCAGTTGCCTGGTACCCCACCATCGCTGACTCATTCCTTTGGCA TCAAGGTTCATCCCTTACTGGGCCACCACTTCTGGGTGGCCTGAAATAGGGCCCTGGGCATCC CTCTTGGGGACCTTTTGGTCTATATTTTCACTCTCACCTCACTAAGGACAGATGAGTAAATCTG 25 AGGTGTATTGGTCAGCTTAGACTGCCATAAGAGAATACCATCCACTGATGGCTTAGAAACAA CAGAAATCTATTTCTCACTATTCTAGAGGCTGGACGTCCAAGATCAGATGCCAGCATGGTCAG GTTGCAGGGAGGGCTCTCTTCCTGACTTGCAGACCGCCACCTTCTTGCTGTCTCCACACCTCT GGAGAGAGTGAAAACAAGCTCTCTGGTGTCTCTTATAAGAATGCTAATCCTATGATG GGGGCTCCCCCTCATCTAAACCTAATTATCTCCCAAAGGTCTCATCTCCAGATACC 30 ATCACACTGGGGTTAGGGCTTTGACATATGAATCTGGGGGGACACAATTCAATCTGTAACACC AGGAGGCATGCCGGGAGGAACTGACCTTCCTCCCTCCAGCTGCCCTGGACACCTTTGCCCCA TTGAAGGAGCAGGCTCAGAAGTGGAATGAGGATAAGGTGCACTCCATCATGCTTACC CACATCCTGGCAGGAATTGTCCTGGGCCCCAGCAGGAGAGATGCCCCCCCATACTGCCATGG CACCTGCTCTGAGACAGGTGTGCAGAGTGCAAAGCTCCAGGTGGCCCCCAAGCAGGTGTGCTG 35 GGAGGAGGGCCCGTGTGGGAGGAGCAGCAGCGCCAAGGCCTAGCGGAGCAGTGACAGGT CCTGACTTCAGGGAATGGGCACGCTGTGGGCAGCAGCTGTGTGGGGGTGAGGGCTGGGG

CTGCATCTGTGGGACCAGGGCTGGGCCATCCTCATATGCCGTGTCACAACCCCAGTGCCCCTGC TGTAGCCAGGACAGGAGGCTGGGCCAGGCTGGGAGGTGACAAGAGTGGGGGCTGTCCCCAGG AGAAGCACTCTGCCGCTGTGCCCAGGCCTCTGGGGATGAGGACCCCTCAGAAGGAGTAGCTA TGTCTAGGAAGCCCAGGGCAGGAGCAAGCCAAAGGGGACATCATTAGTGAGATCCAGGGGA 5 ACCTGCCACAGCAAGACCCCCAGGAGGAGAGGGGACAGATGGAGAGAGGCACAAAGTGCCC  ${\tt CTGGCCTCTGCCTTGAAGCCACCCCAAGGCAAGAGAGATTTGAGCCCCTGTTTAGTGACCTCC}$ AGGGGAACATTCTGCCCATCTGATGTGGGAAGCCCCTTGTGGAGTCTGTCATTCCTCAGCTG AGCCAGGCCTTTGGAGGCAGCCCAGGCATGTCCCCTGTGTGCTCCTATCCCTGTGTTGGGACA 10 TTAGCCCCTCACAGCTGTGTAACTTCTCTGTATCTCTCTTTTCTGTCTCTTTTCTCCCCCTCTC 15 TTTTGCTGGCCTGAGCAAAGAGGGAGCCCCATCCTGATGCTACATAACCG TGAACCAGACAGACTGTAGGAAAGTCCTGCAAGTAGAAGGATAGAAGGATGAGGG AAGAAACGCCATGTGAGTCATGACAGATCCCTTTCCAGGAGCCACTGACTCACCCTGCCTCCT GCCTCCCACTGTGACACTATTACTCACAGACAGGCCCGGATTAAACCTATGTTCCAGGTGCCC 20 TGTGGTTCCCACAGTGTGGCTCCCTGGGTCTGGCCTCAGGCTCCACAGGTGCCCAGCCCTGCCA AAGTCTCCAGAGCAGCTGTCCAGCTGGGGAGCTGCGGGGCCCCTTCACAGAGCGCATGGGAA GAAGTTCCATCCTACACATTACATCGAGAGGGACGTGCCTGAGAAGGGGAGCTGGAGCCCGT GCAGCCCCTGCTTGCGTGCAGAACATAGTGTACCCTGAGCATGCCATGAAAAACACAAACGC ACAAAGTTGTAAAGAAAAAAAAATGACAGGTGGCTGTAAAATCAGTTATAGCCCACGAGA 25 GGCCCACTAATGAGTGGTGATTCAGCTGATTACAAAGAAATGATGGTGTTTCTGTAATGAA CTAAACATGCACTCGTGCGTGCACACGCGCACGTATAGTCACATAACTGACCAGCCCTATG CATCACTTGTTAATTACTTAGTAACTGTAACAATAATAGTTTCCAATAAGTGAGCCTTAGTCT CTGCGCAAGGGTCAGTTTATTGAGCACACGGGGGCCTTGCAGTGGGGGCAGGTGATCTGCTCC TGGGAGCCGCCAGCCTCTCCTCCTGCTCTTCATCTTCCTCCGTGGTGGGAAATTGTCTCACT 30 GCTTCTACACCTGAGGCTGAACATCTCCCTTTATTTCAGTCTGAAACACATGTAAAAATATAC TGGAATGAATTAAGGTTGCAATTATTGATATCAGGCAGTGAGTACATCAGGGTTTATTATAC AAAGGAAATGAGGCTAGATTCAACACAGATTACTCTTACCAAACCCTTCGTAGTCCCAGGAGT CCCTAACACAAGCACTTGTGACCTGGAGTGATATTCACAGCATTCCTTACCTGGCAATACCT 35 GAGTATTAGCCCCCCAGTGGGATCTTTGTTGTAGACAACCAGCAACTATCAGCCCAGCCAAT **AAACAAGTAGGAAAGGGGAGTGCTGGAGAGGGCCAAGAAGTGGGATTTTCCATGCTCCTGGGC** 

TGTGATCCAGAGGGCACGGCTGTGAGGCTGATCTCAATGAACACTCTGTCTTGGAAGTACAG GGATCCTCTGCTACCTGAAAACGTTCTGAGTATTCACTTTCATGGATTGCAAAGTCATTTACCC AAAATTCACTCTCCAAATGAAAAGTGAGTATGATGAATCAGTATTCAAGTTCCACCTGGGTCC TGGGAGAGGCATGACATCACAGCTGTTCCGACAGGAGGACCCAATCTGAGTCTCAC TGCCTGCCTGCATCGTTTGTCTGCCAGCCTGCACAGTAGGAAGGGAAAACATGATTTGTA 5 **TCTGTTTTAGGTCAGGTTCCCAAGAAGTAGAGCCTGAGATTGGAAATTGTTGGAAAATGGTGTT** TGCGGGAGCGCTGTCAGCAGAAGCTATAAGGAAGTTGGGGGGACAGAAAACGAGAGGTAAG **AAGCCAGTCAAAAAGGCAGGTCCAGCTTAAGTCCGCCTCAGTCTGGTTCCACAAGGGCTCTGA** TGCATGAAGAATATCACAGGGTTGTCCCTCCTGGGAGAGGGGCCAGCCTATTGTACCTGTATC 10 AAAGCCACCAGCTGAGGGCCAGTGGGGAGGGAAGATCTTCCAGGCATTTCCAGGAAACTCTC AGGAGAAGGGTGTAGCTGTGAGCAGTCTGCAGCTGCTCACTGCGGCTAAAGGCTGGGTG TGCAGGCCAGTCAGCCAGTGAGGTGCCAACAGCAGGCACTACAGTCCACCCCTTGACTGCTCA GACCTACTGCTTTCCACTTTAAGCTCTCCATCCAGGCACAGCTTCAGGGAAAACTTACAATT GGAGAAACAGAGGGATGAACTACAATGCCCACTTCTGCATGTGATTGTAAGACTGTCACTGA 15 TACTCACCATCATGCCCCATCCCACCATTCTAGTGTCCCCTTCCCCTTGGCTAACACTGC TGGTCTAGGTGACTTCCCTAGAGCAGGAGCCAAACCCTTATCCCTGAGGCATCTGAATCCTGG ATTCCTTTATCAGGCTATTGTTGTTGTAAGTTGTCCAATTACAACTGGACATGAGACT **ACCAAGAACACCCTGGCAAATCATCTGAGTGCAAGCCATATTCTTCCTGCTCCATTATGTAG** CGGTAGTCCTACCTCCTAATGACAAGGGTAAATTGCCACATTTTGCTCCTTGTGCCAGGATGG TAATACCTTCTCTACCTGCTTGGCTACTGGCACAAGGAAGCACAGCATGACCAGGAGGCAAT 20 TGTAGCTGTACATTTAGTGAATGTGTTAATGTATCACCTGGTGGAAGGACCCCCTCTGAGAAC CAGGACTTCTAGACCCACAAAACCTAAAGTTGTGAATGGCGGAAGCACAAATTTCCCAAGTG GATCATGGAGAGTGATGAAGAGTTCTTGGTTCCCAAACCCACATATTTTACCTTTCAGGAACA TGGCCTCATCCCATAGCCATTAGAGTGCATATTGCATTCTGGAGGAGACTGGGCCCTCCTCAT 25 GGGTGTCATCTTCAAGATGACAGCTCCACTGTGCCTCCAAGAGGATGCTCCACCACCCTATCT GTGATTCCTTGGTTAGCAGGACAGGCTGCTGCACTGAGGGTAGGAAAGGCAAGTCCATTGAT GGCTGGAATACATGTCAATCCAAGTCAAGAGAAAATGCCGCCCTTTCCAGGTTGGAAGGGGC CAGGAATTCAGCACCAGTCGCTATTGCTGGCAGTTCTTACATTCAACAGCAGCAAAACTAGGT 30 **TATTATTGCCTCTTCCACAGAAGTGGTTTCTGGCTGTCATTAATGTCTCATACTTTGTGCCCA** CTCACACAGGTTTAGCTCTACAACTTTTCCCCATGCCACCACTTTTCCACAATCTTCTAATGTT GCTCCTTCCAAGCTACTGAAGAACGAGCTAAGCTATTCACCAATGTCCATGAGTCTATATTTA 35 CCTTAGGCCACATCTCTCCCACACACACAGTGAATAAGCAGGTGCACCCTCCAAAACTCTACTA AGAGGATTTCTTCTCCCCAGTGTCTTTCAGGGCCACCTTGAGTGGGGCTGAAGTACAGCAGAA

GTCCATTTCCAGCTTGCATCAACATTCCAAACTAACCTATCCATGATCAATGCATAGATGGGT TTTTCCTCCTCCAGCAGCTAGACAAAAGACACCCCCACCAGGAGGCCATATTTGCATGTGG GTGAAAGAGAGGCACAGGGCCAATATTCGTGCAACAGTGGTAGATGGCAGGTGGGTCTGG GCCACCTGTCCCTGCAGCTTATCTGTGCCATCTGGACCTGCTCAAGCCTGATTCCAGATATACC ATTTCCATCTTATGATGGATGGCTTATGACCTAGTGGGTCTGACAGCACCAAACTCATAATGG GCAGTTATGGCCACATGGTCACTTAATGTCCTATGGTCAGACACTCTGCTGAGTGGCATGCCA GGAAATGCTTTACAAGTGGTGTTTGGTTCTCTGCTGCAGATGGCATGACCTTGGTCCGGAGCC CTAGGGGTTTGGACAGTGACTCCTGTTGGGGCCTAATCTCACATTCCATGCAGAGTATCATCA GATTTGCCAATCACATAGCCTAAGGGTCAGGACTGATCCAACCAGTTTTTGCAGAGATCAAAC 10 TGGAGAATGAAAGGTTGATATGATGTGACCATCATATCACGTTTTTCTCTCTTGAAAAGTATG ACCTCCCTCCTGGCCACAAGGAGGGTCAAATCTCAGCATGGCCCAACTTGGACCTGTCAAGG AAGAAGAAAAAATTGTATGCCAAAGGAACTCAGTCTTTGGCTAACAAGTACTAGACATCCT TTAAGTCTTTGAGAATGGTAATAATTTCTGCCATCCCTCCAGATTTGTGTTTTTCTGTTTTTGGC 15 TGGGTGGGAATGCAGCATTTTCACTTTGCCTTTGTTATTACAAATGTTGCTTATTCTATAAATC AAGGAACCATTGTAAGGGCTCTTCTGATGGTTAAGTATATCCATTCCAATGATTTATTCGGGA TCCAAGGAAATGATTTCTGGGTGAATACACAGAACTAGTGGATCCAATTTGAGACATACCTG GGCCAGAACTATATTTGTCGTCTTACCCCAATAAGCCTGCACTCTACTAGGACAGCCATGACA 20 TCCCAGCATTTTGGGAGGCTGAGGCAGGTAGATCACCTGAGGTCAGGAGTTGAAGACCAGCC **TGGCCAACACGGTGAAACCCCATCTCTACTAAAAAATACAAAAATTAGCTGGGCGTGGTGGT** GGGTGCCTGTAATCCCAGCTACTCGGGAGGCTGAGGCAGGAGAATTGCTTGAACCCAGGAG GCGGAGGTTGCAGTGAGCCAAAATCACACCACTGCACTCCAGCCTGGGTGACAGAGCGAGAT TCCATCTCAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAGTGTGAATTGCTATGAAATCACTATCAAAAGATCTG 25 AGTGTTACCCTTACTCAGTGTGGTCGAATATAAATAGCCATAGGTTCCTGTTATACACACTTG CTGTGGTGCTACAGAGTCTTTCCTCATGGGAACCCAGTCCCTCTTTCAGTCAATGGGTTCTGGT TCGAGAACTGGCTGAGGTTTGGAAACTGTGCCTTTCCATCATAACTTTCCACTGGGGTGACTG ACCTTGGCCTTCTGTTCATCCTTTCTAGCCCCTAAGAATCCAACACTCTATTAGCCTTCTCCTTA GACCCCTATAAGCTAATCCCTTCTAGTTGTTAGTCTGACCTTGGTGCCCAATATGATAATTATT 30 CCCACTTTGCTTCTGATATGCTTCTAAGTGCTCCCCTGGTCTCTGCCCTTAAGTGATCTATCA TCCCCACTGCCATTAGGGGGAGAAGCTCTGAAAAAGAGTTGTCTCCCATCAACTCTGGTCTAC AAAGGACAGCCTACTGAGCCTCAGCCATGTGCCCGACACCAGCAGATTCTTTACAGCCTGGG AAGCAGAGTGTCTTCCCTGCCTTTCCAGGGAACATAGCCAGCTTACAGGCTTTTTGATCTTAT AGAGTAGGTCAGTTATATTTTGCCCCATTTCTTTTATCCTTTTGATCACTTCCTCTTGGCCCACC 35 <del>ATGTAAACTCAAGCATCCTGCTTCATTTAATCGAGCTGTTGCTTTTTCTAAGCTACCAAGAGC</del> AACCCAGCATATATCAGAGCCCTCTCTTGGGACCCTTGCTAGGGTGTTAAATCCTGCATCA

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TAGGAGAATGCCCCACATCAGCAAAGTCCCCTTATCCTCTTGATATCCCACCTGCCCCAGTCC AGCACCTTCAGGATCTGGTCTCAATCACAGGATCCAGCACCTTTGGGACTGTTGCAAGCATAA GATCCAGCACTTTTGGGATCTAGTCTCCCACTTCCTGCTAGTACTTGTTAGCCAAAGACTGAGT TCCTTTGGCATACAATTTTTTCTTCTTCTTGACAGGTCCAAGTTGGGCCATGCTGAGATTTG  ${\tt ACCTCCTTGTGGCCAGGAGGGAGGTAGGGGCCGATCCTGAGGAAGGCACTCATTTTCTCCT}$ GGGCACTTGTCTCTTTCAGACATCTGCATACTTTTCAAGAGAGAAAAGGCCTCCTTCTCACA GCAAGACTACTTCTGTAGATGCAGGTGGCTCGTGGGAATCTGGCAATTCAAAATTCTCAAGTG CTATGTCAGTAGCTGGAAATGGGCCATGGTGGGTGTATTTAAACCATGAAAATCAGAAAATG CTACAAACCAGGGCATCCCGCATCTCTAGACAGCAGATTGTTGGCCATTTCCCAGCATACCAT TGTGTATACTCCTTCCCATCAGGGCCGTGGCTTGCCTTGGTGGAGGACTCAGCCCTTGCTGAA GGAGACAAGCATCTCTTTGAACACTGCCGAGAAGACCCTCTGGCTCTCAGGCTTGGCTTTAAA GTGGCATAGTCCTTCGGGTTAGCATCTCCCCCACACCCTCGGTGCCAGAGACACTGAGTAAGA CAATGTGCCAGAGACTGTCAGTACTCCTACCACCAGTGAGGTGGCAACCAGCTGGGAAGTGA TCCAACTCCAGAGTCCCGCCCTCATAGGCTGATTTCTAGGACCACCCCTGGTATACTGTGTTAG GTTCTTGAAGCAGAGCCTGAGATAAGGATTCTGGCACCTGTGATTGAGTGGGAGGGTGCTCT CAGGATGAGATGGGGTAGAAATAGGCAAAGGTACAGATTCAGCAGCAGTTGAGCCTCAGTCT GACCCAGCAGGAGCTCTCAAATGTGAATGACATCACAGAGTTGTCCCTCTGAGGCAGGGGC CAGCCTTTGTGCTCCTACATGAGTCAGTCACTGGCTGGAGGCCCCTGGGGAAAGGCTAGGGCT GCCAGCTTTAGCAAATAAAAAATTAGGGCACTCAGTTAAATTGAATTTCAGATAAACAACA

The genomic DNA or for YKT6-SNARE YKT6 gene is 39,000 base pairs in length and contains seven exons (see Table 14 below for location of exons). As will be discussed in further detail below, the YKT6-SNARE YKT6 gene is situated in genomic clone AC006454 at nucleotides 36,001-75,000.

The human liver-glucokinase is depicted in SEQ ID NO:2;

MPRPRSQLPQPNSQVEQILAEFQLQEEDLKKVMRRMQKEMDRGLRLETHEEASVKMLPTYVRST

PEGSEVGDFLSLDLGGTNFRVMLVKVGEGEEGQWSVKTKHQTYSIPEDAMTGTAEMLFDYISECI

SDFLDKHQMKHKKLPLGFTFSFPVRHEDIDKGILLNWTKGFKASGAEGNNVVGLLRDAIKRRGDF

EMDVVAMVNDTVATMISCYYEDHQCEVGMIVGTGCNACYMEEMQNVELVEGDEGRMCVNTE

WGAFGDSGELDEFLLEYDRLVDESSANPGQQLYEKLIGGKYMGELVRLVLLRLVDENLLFHGEA

SEQLRTRGAFETRFVSQVESDTGDRKQIYNILSTLGLRPSTTDCDIVRRACESVSTRAAHMCSAGL

 ${\tt AGVINRMRESRSEDVMRITVGVDGSVYKLHPSFKERFHASVRRLTPSCEITFIESEEGSGRGAALVS} \\ {\tt AVACKKACMLGQ}$ 

and is encoded by the genomic DNA sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:6.

- 5 TCAGTAGCTGGAAATGGGCCATGGTGGGTGTATTTAAACCATGAAAATCAGAAAATGCTACA AACCAGGGCATCCCGCATCTCTAGA AGCAGATTGTTGGCCATTTCCCAGCATACCATTGTGTATACTCCTTCCCATCAGGGCCGTGGCT TGCCTTGGTGGAGGACTCAGCCCTTGCTGAAGTTCTGCTACTGCTCTTACAATTGAGTCCTATG 10 CCTGGTCTCCAGCTCTGCCTCACTACAGGAGACAAGCATCTCTTTGAACACTGCCGAGA AGACCTC TGGCTCTCAGGCTTGGCTTTAAATCGATAGACCTGAGCCTGCCATTTTCT  ${\tt CTTTTCCATGCATCACTGATCCACAGGTCTCAGTGGCATAGTCCTTCGGGTTAGCATCT}$ CCCCACACCCTCGGTGCCAGAGACACTGAGTAAGAAAGTACCTCCCTGTCTACCCCCATCCCC GCTCCCACAGGCAGGCCTTGGCGATCCACTGCTGCAATGTGCCAGAGACTGTCAGTACTCC 15 TACCACCAGTGAGGTGGCAACCAGCTGGGAAGTGATCCAACTCCAGAGTCCCGCCCTCATAGG CTGATTTCTAGGACCACCCCTGGTATACTGTGTTAGGTTCTTGAAGCAGAGCCTGAGATAAGG ATTCTGGCACCTGTGATTGAGTGGGAGGGTGCTCTCAGGATGAGATGGGGTAGAAATAGGCA <del>AAGGTACAGATTCAGCAGCAGTTGAGCCTCAGTCTGACCCAGCAGGGAGCTCTCAAATGTGA</del> ATGACATCACAGAGTTGTCCCTCTGAGGCAGGGCCAGCCTTTGTGCTCCTACATGAGTCAGT 20 CACTGGCTGGAGGCCCCTGGGGAAAGGCTAGGGCTGCCAGCTTTAGCAAATAAAAATTAGG GCACTCAGTTAAATTGAATTTCAGATAAACAACAAATTATTTTTTAGTATATGTCCCAAATTG TGCATAACATAATGTGTTTTCTCCGCCAGCCCTGGGAAGGGCGTAACTTCCCAGGTATTTCTA GGTGAAGTAACTTTGTAGATCAGGAGTAAGTCCCAGGAAAGAAGTCCAGCTCTTCTCT TCAGCCTGGGCAGCTGGGGGTAGGCACAGGGGCCCAGCAGCACCATA 25 GCATCTCCTACAGCATCTGAAATGAACAGGGTCATCACGTACTACAAATGTACCCACTG CTGAGTTCTTCAGGGATTATATCATTAGGTACTTGGTATTTTAAATACATTACATTATGCAGA AGTCCTTTGTGGATTGCTATATTTGGAGAGTTTTGTGATATTTGGGGGGGATTAGATGGAGTTTT CAGATGGCAT CATACGGTTTTTCATTTAAAACCCTAGAGTATTGTAATCCTAGGGAGTGA 30 GGTTCACCCTCCCAGGAAATCCAGAAGGGCAGCATTGGCCTGAGTGGCCTGAGTTTGGCTGGT TGGGCTGGTAATGCTGGACAAAGA
- CCACCACGTCAAGCCAGTGGGTGCATCTGCAACCAATCCCCATGAGAACT
  GCAGCCTCTCAGAGGTGGGCAAGTTGGCCCGGGTGGGTCAGGAGGATCAG

  35 ATGTTGAGGAAATCTTTGGATTGGAGGCAGGCAGGCAGGGAAGCATCGG
  GTGATTCTATGACAGACCCAGGGCTCCAAGCTGCAGTTCAGGAGGGCAC

CAATGGTGGAATGGTTTGCTTCCCTCAGTCCTTTCAGACACAGCCCAGC

TGCACGCCTCTGCTCAACTCCCCCTTGAGTGACATCAGGTGAAGTGCC GACACACAGAAGGCAGCAAATGCTGCCAGTCAGGTCTGCTTCCCAGGAC AGCCAGTTGCTAACCCTTCTCCAGCACAGCACTGGATTTTGGTCACCTGG CTGGGAGCTCCACCTCCCAGCTGCTGCCTCACCTGCTTTTCCAAACCCC ACCCTGTAAACGGTAACTACATTTTGTGCCCACTACGCCTCGTTTCCATC 5 TCTTTGGAGCACCTCTCACGTGGAGCTGAACAGAACGACCTGTTAAGCCC ACCGTGTCTGTTAGGGTTGTCTAGGCTGTATCAGATACCCAACTAAAACT GGATTCACCAACAGGTATTGTCAAAGCACATAAGAAAGAGTCCAGAGGCA GGCAGCTCTCAGCCTGGTGTCAGGCTCTGGGTCAGCTTTCCAGATTCTCT 10 TAACCTTCCCACATCTGCCAGATGCCGCCACAGGCACAGGAGGTACAAA CAAACCCAAAAATGTTCTGGAAACAAGAAGGGAAGGGGATCCCCACCATA TCTCCCCAGAGGCCTTCCTCACATCTCACTGTACTGAAGCCAGCTCT AGCAGAAGACAGCAGGGTGAATTTGTCCAGGGTATTCAGCCCCCAGTGCT GGTCCATTACTACTTGACCCCTGAATAAAACAGAGGTTCCATGAGCAAG 15 TAGGAGCACGCATGGACAACTGCCCCATTTTTGCTCCTATTGCAGCCCAG GGGCTAGCCCAGAGACCTTGCCAGTGCTGAGTCACAAGATGCTGGGAAAG TGAGACCAGAGCCTGGTCTTGGGGAACAGCTCAAGGCCGCATTGGTCTGC AGGTCATAGAGCAGCTGCTGAGCAGTGAGAGCCCACGATGGGCCAGGCCC 20 TGGGTCTTGGAGACCTGAATGAGATAGACTGGGTTCCTGTTCTCCTGGGC ATTGCCTCTTAGAGGGCAAAGACAATTAACAATAAACAAATAGAACATGA **AGTGTTTTCCGATAGTGACTGATATACTTTGGATATTTGTCCTCCAAA** TCTCATGTTGAAATGTAATTCCTTATGTTGGAGGTGGGGCCTGGAAGGAG GTGTCTGGGTCATGGGGGCAGATCCCTCATGAATGGTTTAGTGCCATCCC 25 CTTGGTGATGAGTGAGTTCACGTGAGAGCTGGTTGTTTGAAAGAGCCTGG CCCCTCTCATTCTCCTGCTCCCACTCTTGCATGAGACACCTGCTCCCCC TTCTCCTTCTGCCATGATTTTAAGATTCCAGGGACTTCACAAGAAGCAAA TGCTAACGCCATGCTTCTTGTTCTGCAAAACTGTAAGCCAATTAAA CCTCTTTCTTTGTAATTTATCCAGTCTTGGGTATTTCTTTATAACAGCA 30 CAAGAACAGCCTAATACAGTGATGCTCTCCAAGTGACCTTTGGGCTGAGA CCTGAAGAAGAAGGGAAGCAGTTAGGTCTGATAGCTCATGCCTGTAATC CCAGCTCTTTAGGAGGCTGAAGTGGGAGGACTGCTTGAGCCTAGGAGTTG AAGACCAGCTTGGAAAACATAGCAAGACCCTGGCTCTACAAAAATATTTT TTAATTGGCCAGGTGTGGTGGTGCACACCTGTAGTCCCACCTACTTGGAA 35 GGCTGAGGCAGGAGCATCTCTTGAGCCCAGGAGGTTGAGACTGCAGTGAG TCATGTTCACACCACTGCACTCCAGCTTGGGTGACAGAGCAAGACCTGTC

5 AAAAGGGAAGGAAGGAAGGAAGGAAAAAGGGAAGGAAGGA AGGCTTGTGCTGGATAGCCTTGCTTTTTGCCAATGACCTTGCTGATTTTCA 10 GGGGTCCTGGTGTCTTAGTCCATTTGTGTTGCTGTAAAGGCATACCTGA GGCTGGATAATTTACAGAGAAAAGAGGTTTATTTGGCTGAGAGTTCTGCA GGCTCTACAAGAAGCATGGCACCAATGCCTACTTCTGATGAGGGCCTCAG TCTGCTTCCACTCATGGCAGAAGGTGAAGCAGAGCCTGCATGTGCAGATA TCACATGGTGAGAGGAGGAAGCACGAGGGGGGCAGGGAGGTGCCAGCCTCTT 15 CCTAATAGTAAGCTGTCTTGAGAACTAATAGAGTAAGAAATAACTCACAC CCTGCCCCAAGGAAGGCATTAATCTATTCATGAAGTATCTGCCCCCAT GACCCAAACATCTCCCATTAGGCCCCCCACCTCCAACATTGAGGATCAAA TTTCAACATGAGGTTCCGGTGGGCAACATCCAGCTATAATACTGGGCAA TGCTGACCAGACTCTTCCCCTCTCAGGCCCAGAGCTCCTTGGCCCTGTAA 20 CAACAGAAAATTGCGTTTGAGTGTCAAGATTTTTCCTTTAGTCCCCATGC AGCTCCTTAGAATGAGGTGGCATCTTCTCCCTTTTCATAGGTGAAGAAAC **AGAAGCTCTGGAGGAACGAATCATTCATCCAAGGTCAGGTAGCTAGTAAG** CGTCCCACCAGCTCCCAGATCTCCTGTTTCCTGTCCCAAGTCCCACTGA GTGAGCTGGAACAATGGCTTCACTGGCACCTGCCGGGAATGGTGGCAGGT 25 GCCTATAATCCCAGCTACTCGGGAGGCTGAGGCATGAGAATCACTTGAAC CCGGGAGGCAGAGGTTGCAGCGAGCCAAGATCACACCACTGCACTCCAGC CTGGATAACAAACGGAGATTCCATTTAAAAAAATTAACATATAATATACA TACAGTAACATTCACTTTTTAAGTGTACAGTTTGATGAGTTTTATCAAAT GTATATGGTTATAAACCACCATCACCATTAAGGCAGAATCTTCCCATCA 30 CTCAAATAATTCCCTCAGCCCCACCTCTTGCTGTCAATCACTTCTCCCAC CCTAGCCACTGGAAATCATTCATCTGTTTTCTGTCCCCTTGGTTTTGCCT **TTTCTAGAATGTTCTATACATGAGACCACTGAGAATATAGTCTTCTGTGT** CTGGCTTCTTTCACTTAACATAATGCCTAGCTCAGCAGTGTGTCAATCCT CCCTCCCTTGCCATTGCTGAGCAGTGAGTATTCCACTGTATGGCTGTGCT 35 ACGGTGTGTTCATCCATTTATTCATTCACCAGCTAATGGGCATTTGGATT **GTTTCCAGGCTTTGGCTATGATGAGTGAGCTGCTGTGAATGTTCAAGTA** 

CAAGTCTTTGTGTAGACAGGGGTTTTCAATTGGCGGGATAAATACCTAGG AGTAGTATCGTGTGGTTAAGCGTACGTTTAAACTTAGAAAAACTGTCAAA CTGTTTTCCAATGTGGCCTGTACCATGTTGCATTTCCATCAGCAGTGTTT GAGAATTCCAATTGCTCCACATCCTCCCGACACTTGGTTTCACCCAT CTTTTAAATATTAGCCACTCTGGTGACTGTGTAGTGATATGTCAGTGTGG **TTGTAATTTGCATTTCTATGATTGACTAATAATAATGTTGCAGATATTTC** TGTATGCTTAGTGGGCATTTTTGGTGAGTTTTTAAAAATTGGGTTGTTGT CACCGTCTTATTGAGTTGGAAGAATTCTTTATATGTTCTGGATGTTTATT CATGTGTGTGTCTAAGAGGTGAGACTGGTTCTACCCTGGTCCTAACA 10 AGCACCTGGGCCTGCATCCTTTTTGTGTCTGTGAGCTGGGTCTGCAGC CCTCTCCCACTACCTACTGCCCAGCAGTACCCCTCACCCATCACTGT GGCTCTGCAATGACATCTCAGCCTGTCTCTCCCTCCAGCTAGCCA GAGGCAGGATGGCTCAGTGACACAGGGTGGCCCTGAAGACAGAGTGCCA 15 CTCCATAGCTCTGTTGTGAGGATCCAATAAATTAATCCATAGAAGAGCTT AGGACAGCACCTGGCACAAAGTATACATGAGCTATTATGATGTTATTCTT CCAACCCATTGTTTCTGTGTTGTCATAAACATGAATGCAGGACTCAGTGT CCCAGCTCTGTGTCCCTCGCATACATTCCCTAACAGCCCACAGGTCTTGC CTGTCACCGCCTCATTCAATAAGTGATGACTCTGCCTCTTCCTTGGCTGG 20 GGCCTTGCATTGGACATTTCTGTATCCATATTTGTTTTTTAAAAACTAGC TGTTGGCCGGCGCGGTGGCTCACATCTCTAATCCCAGCACTTGGGAGGC AGAGACAGGTGGATCATGAGGTCAGGAGTTCAAGGCCAGCCTGGCCAACA TGGTGAAACCCCATCTGTACAAAAAATACGAAAATTAGCTGGGCGTGGTG GCATGCACCTGTAATCCCAGCTACTTGGGAGGCTGAAGCAGGAGAATCGC 25 TTGAACCTGGGAGGCAGAGGTTGTAGTGAGCCAATATAGCGCCACTGCAC AAAACAACCTAGCTGGACTTGACACTCTTGTTAGAGGAAGATTTTTCCAC ATCTGTTAACTTTTCTTCTATTGTTATCCATCTGTGCAGGTTTTTCTGTC **CTCCTGAGTCATTTTGATAATTTATATTATATTTTGAAAATCATCCATTT** 30 CCTATAGTTGTTTATTAGTGTCTCTCTGTTATATTTGATCAGATTACCA **ACAGGGTCTCACTCGACAGCCCAGGCTGAAGTGCAGTGGTGCAATCATGG** CTCACTGCAGCCTTGACCTCCTGGGCTCAAGCAATTCTCCCACCTCAGCC TCCTGAGTAGCTGGGACCTCAGGCACACGCCACCACGCTGGCTAATATT 35 TTGCCAGGCTGGTTTCAAACTCCTTGGTTCAAGTGATCCTCCTGCCTCA

GCTTCCCAAAGTACTGGGATTACAGGAGTGAGCCACCATGCCCAGCCCCT ATTTACTTATAGTAAGTGCCTTCATGGGCATAAATGTTCCTCTGAGACA **GCTTTGGCTATTAGCCATACTTTTAATATTTTGTACATTCATGGTTATTC** ATTTATAAATGGTCTGTAATGCAATGCAGATTTCCCCTTTGGCCCAAATG CCATITACAGCAGCACTITTCTCTTTCTGAGCAGACAGAATATTTTGGTT 5 TCCCCTCTGTTGTTTATTTCTCGTCTGCCTCGCCTCATTTGCTAGGTGTT CCCTTGGTGTGCCTTAAGTATGAGCCACTCAAATATTTGTGTTTTCTCTAA ACACCCTGACACTGTCCTGCTGGTTTCTCTATCTGGAATATCCTTCCCT TCTTGGCCAGTTCCCCCTAGTGCATCAAGAAATCCTGCTCTTTTGCCTT 10 CAGAAACAAAACGAAACCTATCAGTCTCCTTATGTCCCCAAAGA CATAGCTTGCTGGTATCTGGTTGTATTGAGCTGTTCATTTGTCTCTTCT GCTAGATGGTAAGCTCCTTGGAAACTAAAAACTAATCACTTTTCTAACTT CAGACTGAGCACAAATTAGGTTCTCAAGAAACATTGAATAATGAGTGATC CGGTATCCCCTTCCAACATATTTTTGGTCATTGATACCATCATTCTGAGT 15 **AGTTACTAGGGAACACTTCACTGCAGTAACCAATACAGCAAAACGTGAAA** TACAGTTACATAGTAGAATTGTATTTCTTGCCCATATAATAGTCAAGTGC **AGTICTICATCAGCTGGGAGGTTCTCCTCCACACAGTCATTTAGGAATCC** AGGGAACATAGCAGAGGTTGCTAGCTCTAGACCCAAACCCATGTCCTCTT TGTCCACAGTGAGGACAATGCCAGCAACAGCTGGCCAGCTGTTCTGTAGT 20 TCTCAGCCTCCCAGTGAGATGTCTCCATGCAATTTCAGTGGAGCAA CATATACCATTTCCAGGTGTAGGCTCCTAAGAAGAGGGTGGCTT CTTCATGTTCTCACCTTTCCGTAGGCTAGCTGCAGATAATGATGAG GCTTTAGGGAGTGGAGCCATAAAGTAGAAGCCTGGATTCCTAAATG ACGCTGTGAAGTGTTCCCTAATTTCACGTAATTGTTTCTTAATTTCCTGT 25 **TTGGGTTATTTGTTGCTAAGGTATAAAAAAACCCTGATTTTTGTGTGTTTG** ATATTTGTGTGCTGCAACTTTGCTGAATTAGCTTATTAGCTCAATTTGAT CTCAGATATTAGCTCAAATATTTTGGGAGATTATTTATGGTTATCTACAT TAGTCCATTTGGGCTGCTGTAACAAAATGCCATAAATTGGAGGCTGAGAA 30 GTCCAAGATCAAGGCCCAAGCTAATTCACTGTCTGATGAAGGCCTGCTTT CTGGTTCATACATGGCACCTTCTAGCTGTGTCCTCACATGGTGGAAAAGG TTTGTTTGATTTTTTGAGACAGAGTCTCACTCTGTCACCAGGCTGGAGTG CAGTGGCACAATCTCGGCTCATTGCAACCTCTGACTCCCTGGTTCAAACG 35 ATTCTCCTGCCTCAGCCTCCTGAGTAGCTGGGATTACAGGTACCCATCAC CATGTCCAGCTACTTTTGTATTTTTAGTAGAGACAGGGTTTCACCATGT

TGGCCAGGATGGTCTCGATCTCTTGACCTCGTGATCTGCCCACCTTGGCC TCCCAAAGTGCTGGGATTACAGGCATGAGCCACCGTGCCTGTCCTCCGGT ATTCTTTTATAAGGGCTCTTTTTCTTTTTATGTGGGCTCTACCCTCATG ACCTAGCACCTTCTAAGGCCCCACCTCTTAATATCATCACACAGCAGATT 5 TAATATGAATTTTGAGGGGACACATTCTTTCCATAGCACTTTCCAGTA TGGATACCTTTATTTATTTTTCTTCCCTAATTGCTTTGGTTAGAAATGT CTTCCTAATTGCTCACTACTATGTTGAAAAGAAGTGGCAAAAGTGGGT ATTCTTGTCTTGCTCCTCTCTTAGGAAGAAGTTTAAGTCTTTTGCCATT AAATATGACGTTAGCTATGGGGTTTTCATATATGACATTTATCATGTTGA 10 GGAAATTTCTTCTTGTTCAATGATGACAGGGTGTTGAGTTTTGTCAGA TGCTTTTCTGCATCAATCAATATGACCATGTAGTTTCTTTGTTTTATTC CATTATTGTAGTACATTACATTATTTTTGCATGTTGAACTATTCTTGTG TTCCTGGGATAAATTTCACTTGGTTATGGTGTATAATCCATAACCATAAC CTGAAGATATGCTGAAGAGGCTAAGTGCCATGGCTCATGCCTGTAATTCC 15 **AACACTTTGGGAGGCTGGTGTGGGAGGATCACCTGAAATCAGGAGTTTTA** GAAGAGCCTGGGCAAGTAAACAAGATCCCATCTCTACAAAAAATTGAAAA TTACCGCTGGGCATGGTGGCTCACGCCTGTAATCCCAGCACTTTGGGTGG CCGAGGCAGATCACCTGAGGTCGGGAGTTCTAGACCAGCCTGACCA ACATAGAAAAACCCCGTCTCTACTGAAAATACAGAATTAGCCAGGCGTGG 20 TGGCACATGCCTGTAATCCCAGCTACTCAGGAGGCTGAGGCAGGAAAATC ACTTGAACCTGGGAGACGGAGGTTGCAGCGAGCCAAGATCATGCCATTGC GAAAGAAAGAAAGAAAGAAAGAAAGAAAATTAGCTTGATGTGG TGGTTGTGCACCTTTAGTCCTAGCTACTCAGGAGGCTGAGGCAGGAGGAT 25 TGTTTGAGCCCAGGAGGTTGAGGCTGCAGTGAGCCATGATTGCACCACTG CACTCCAGCCTGAGCAACAAAGTAAGACCTCATCACTAAAAACAAATTTT **TTAATACTGAAGAATTTATTTGCTGGTATTTTGTTGAGGATTTTTGCATC** TATATTCACAAGAAATATTACTCTGTAGTTTTTCTTCTTGTAGTATCTTT 30 GTGTTACTTCCTCTTTTATTTTTTGGAAGAATTTGAGAGAATTGGTGTTA ATTCTTCTTTAAATGGTTGGTAGAATTACCAGTGTAGACATCTGGTCCTG GGATTTTCTTTGTTGGGAGGTTTTTTAGTACTAATTCCATTTCCTTACTT GTTATTAGTCTAATGAGATTTTCTGTTTCTTTTTGAGCTAGTTGTAGTAG CTCATGTGTGGAATTTTCTATTTCATCTAAGTTATCCAAGTTTACCTAA 35 TTGTTCATAGTATTCTCTCATAGTCCTTTTTTTCTCTAAAGTCAGTAATA

**ACGTTCACTCTTTCATTTTTCATTCCTGATTTTAATAATCTGAGTTCTT** TCTCTCCCCTCCCTGCAATTGAGAGTCATTTAAAAGTGTCTTGATTAAA TTTTATATATCTGTGAGTTTTCCAGTTTTCCCTCTGTTATTCTCTTCTAG TTTTATTCATGTGATCCAAAAAGATACTTTATATGATTTCAATTTTTTT ACATTTACTAAGACTTGTTTTGTGACTAAAATATCCTTGAGAATTTCCAT 5 GCACATTTGAGAAAAATGCACATTCTGCTGTTGTTGGACAGAGTGTTCTG TATATGTCTGTTAGGTCTAATTGGTTTAGAGTATTGTTCTAGTCCTCTCT TTCCTTATTGATCTTCTGTCTAGTTGTTTAATCCATTATTCAAAGTAGTG GCCGGCACGCTGCCACACCTGTAATCCCAGCACTTTGGGAGGCCGAG 10 GAGGGTGGATCACAATGTCAGGAGGTTGAGACCAGCCTGGCCAACATGGT GAAACTCCGTCTCTACTGAAAATACAAAAAATTTGCTGGACATGGTGGCA CACGCCTGTAATCCCAGCTACTCAGGAGGCCAAGGCAGGAGAATCACTTG AACCAGGAGGCAGA AGTTGCAGTGAGCTGAGATCGCACCATTGCACTGC 15 ACAAAAAACAAAGTAGTGTACTAAAGTCTCCAACTACTATTGTAGAACTC TATTTCTCCCTTCAATGTTGCAAAATTTTGTTTCATGTATTTTGGTGTTC TGTTCTTATAATTTTTATATCTTCTTAATGGATGAAAACTTTTATCAAC ATATAATGTTCTCTTGAGACTTTTTTTTTAACTTAAAATCTAT TTGGGCTGATAATACAGCCACCACAACTCTCATATTGGTTGTTATTTTCA 20 **TAGAATATCTTCCATCCTTCTACTTTAAAATTCTTCTATCTTTATAT** CTAAAGTGAGCCTCTTGTAGATAGCATATAGGTGGATAATGTTCTCTTTA TTCACTCTGCCAATATCTGCCTTTTAACTGGAGTTTAATCTATTTATATA TAAAATAATTACTGATTAGGAAGGACTTACTTCTACCACTCAGCTATTTT TTTTCTGTGTGTCTTATACATTTTTAAGTTTCTCAATTCCTCCATTACTG 25 GATTTTTTTTTACTTCTTGATTTTGTGTCTGTTGTTACATTTTGAT TATTTTCTCCTTTTGATAGCGGCAGGAGGCAGCCAAATGCCTGGCAGATA GAAGCTTGTCCCCCATGAAACCCCACCTTCAAGCCAAAAAATAGCCTGAA GGCTGAAAGACCGGACTGCTGGTCCCAGATGAAACCCATGATCCAGAGTG AGAACTTCCATTCCTGTTTGCCTGCCCTCTAAATAATCCCTTTTAACCAA 30 TCGAATGTTGCCTTTTCCAATACTACCTATGGCCTGCCCCTCCCCCATTC TGAGCCCATAAAAGCCCTGGAATCAGCCACATTGGGGGCACTTTGCCAAC TTCAGGTAGGGGACCACCTCTGTATCCCTTCTCTGCTGAAAGCTGTTTT CATCACTCAATGAAACTCTCACCTTGCTCCCTCTTTGATTGTCAGCGTAT CCTCATTTTCTTGGGTGTGGTACAAGAACTCGGGAACCAGTGCACAAGC 35 CAGACTTGGTCTGGGCAGCAGGGTTAGTGGGCCATCTCCCACAGCAGGT AGCATGGCCAAGTGAGGCCTGGGCAGGCATCACCAAGGTCCCTGGCTTG

CAAAGTGACCAAGGAAAAAATCCTGTGTCACTTTCCTTTTCTCATATTTT TTAGTTATTTTCCTAATGATTGCCTTGAGGATGGCAATTAACATCTTACA CTTATAGAAGCTAGTTTGAATAATAGTTCCAATAGTACATGAACACTCT ACTCCTATATATCTCCATCCTTCTTCCTTTATATTGTTATTCCCACAAAT TATGTTTTATACATTATATCCTCACTAACATAAACTTATTATTTTTC 5 TGCATTTGCCTTTTAAATCATACAGGAAAACAAGAATCACAAAGAAAAAC **TACATTAATATTTGCTGTTATATTTACCTATATAGTGACATTTAACAGTG TATTTTTATGTCTTCAGATGTCTTTGAATTACTACTTAGTGTCTTTTCAT** TTTAGCCTCAATGTTTCCCTTTAGCATTTCCTATAGGGCAGGCCTGCCGG 10 TAATTAATTCCCTTTGGTTTTCTTTATCTGAAATGTCTAATTTCTTTTT ATTCTTGAAGAATAGTTTTGCTGGCTATAAGATTCTTAGTTAATAGTTTT TTTCCCAGCACTTCAATTATTATTAAAGTGTTATTATTATTATTATTATT ATTTTGAGATGGAGTCTCCCTCTGTCACTCAGGCTGGAGTGCAGTGGCGC AATCTCTGCTCACTGCAACCTCCGCCTCCCAGGTTCAAGCAATTCTCCTG 15 CCTCAGCCTCCGAGTTAGCTGGGATTACAGGTGCCCGCCACCATGCCCA GCTAATTTTGTATTTTAGTAGAGACGGGGTTTCACCATGTTGGTCAGG CTGATCTTGAACTCCTGACCTCAAGTGATACACCCACCTTGGCCTCCCAA AGTGCTGGGATTAGAGCCATGACCACCATGCCTGGTCTAAAGTGTAATT ATTATTACAGCTGCCATTTGGCCTCCTTGGTTTCTAATGAGAAATCATCT 20 **TTGCTGCTTCCAAGATTCTCTCTCTGTCTTTTGTCTTTTGACAATTTGACT** ATAATGTGTTCAGTGTGAATTTCTTAGAGTTTATCCCACTTGGATTTCA TTGAGCTTCTTGGATGTGTACGTTTGTCTTTCACCAAATCTGGGAAATTA 25 CTGGAGCTCCCGTATACTTAGTTGGCATGATGGTATCCTACTGGTC CCTCAGGTTCTGTTCATTTTTCTTCTTTTTTTTTTTCTGCTCTGCAGACT GGATAACTTCAATCGCCTTTTCTTCAAGTTCAATGATTATTTCTTCTGCC TGCTCAAATTGGCCATTTAACCCCTCCAGTGACTTTTTCATTTCAGTATT GTACTTTCAGATCCAGAATTTCTATTTGGTTCCTCTTTAATAAATTCTT 30 TTTATTGTCATTCCCCATCTGTTCATACATTGCTCTCCCAATTTCCTGTA GTTCTTTGTCCATGGTTTTCTTTAGTTAATTAAGCATATTTAAGACAGTT GACTTAATGTCTTTGACTAGTAATTCCAATGTCTAAAATTCCTTATGGAT AGCTTCTTTAAATTATTTTTGTCCTGTTAGAGAGTCATATCTTCCTCTT **TATTTGCTTTGTAATACTTTGTTGAAAACTTAACATTTTGAGTAGTAAAA** 35 **TGTGGTAATTCTGAAGCCAGATTCTCCCCCTCTTTGAGATTGGTTTTGT** TGTTGTTGAGGGCTGCAGTTGTCCATTTGTATAGTGACTTTTCCAAACG

ATTTTTGCAAAGTATGTATTCTCTCTTGTGTCTGGTCACTGACGTTTCTG TTCTGGTGCCTCTGCAGTCAGCCTATGACCTGGAAGAGCATTCCTTAAAT CTTTTTAAAAATCTTCTGATAGATGCCACCTGGAAGGCTGCTGCCTG 5 AAGGGCAGAAACAAAGGCAAGCTCTACTCTGAGCCCTCAGGGAACCACC AGATAAACAAAAGAAATTTGATTCTCCAAATTTCTGGAAGACAAGGTCCT TTCTGCCCACTCCTGCTCCAGCCAGCTGCTCTAGGAACACAATTACTGTC CACATGGCCACAGGAATGTTGAAGAATGCAGGATGGTAGCTGGTTTGCCC ACACCACTCACTTATGAGCCATCAGCATGCCTCTCCCTTCATCGAGCACT 10 CCCATGGTTGCTGTAAGTGTCCAATCAGGTTCCAGAATTCTGAAAGAGTT GGAACCAATTCCTGAAGTTTCCTACGTTGCCAGCTTCATGAGGATCATTC CCTAGTAACTCTTTTCAGACAAAAAGCTTCATTGATTTACTGTAGGACTA GCATCAAAGAGTCTATGCCACCTAGTCTGTCTCCTTAAAACACAGAAATA 15 **ATCAGTATGCATTGGGGTAGGAGTTTGGCATTAGATCTGCCGTAAATCAA** GAGCTGGGGACAGCCCATGTCTTAAACTCTGACCCAAGGGCTAAAATATC CTTTGGTAGCAACAACAGCTACAAACTATTGAACAACTTGTATGTGCCAA GAGCCTTACCTGCATTATCCCATTGAATCCTCTCAACAGCCCTGTGAGGT AGTAGAATTGTTGCCTGCCCCTTACTGAGGCCTAGAAACATTAAGGAATT 20 **TGCCGAGGCCCTAGAGCCAGTGAGTGGCAAAGCCAGTCTCCAGACTCAG** GCTGGAGATCCTACAGTTCTGTGTTACCCCAGTGTTATCCTGCCTCTCAG CACAGAGTCTTGGATGATTCTCCTAACCCCTCCCTAGGCAATGCACAGGG CTGCTCCCTGCACCCTTACTCATGCTCTGCTCTTCAACCCCAACAGTGCT GGCCTTAGGCTTATCCCTGACACCCAGCCCCAGGCTCCATTCCATCTGT 25 **TGACAGAGGCAAACACTGGGGCAAAACTGACCTCTGTGGATACCACTGTG** TCCACCTCCACCAGCTTCAGCTGAAGCCTCTGAACATCTCCAGCATGGAA GAAGCCCAAAGGATATTTCCTGTCCCCAGCATATGCTTGACCCTGAAG CCCTCCCATCTAGTCAAGAAGACCAAACTGTTAACAATCCTGGAGTCAG AGTGACCCATGGGTGAATCTTAGCCAAGTCACTCATAGCTGTTGCATCCT 30 AGTAAATCCCTTAACTCCCATAGGCTTCAGTTTCCCTGCATATAAAATGA CAGCCTTCAGCTCATCGGCCAGTTTCAATCCATCTAAAGGGTCTAGCACA TCCCCTGGCATGTGGAAGCCACAGGGCACACACTAGTTGTGGTCATTTGA TCCTGGCATGCTCTGCTGTCTCTCGGCTCTCCCCTTGCCTCTTTCCCTGA TGTCCTGGCCATCAGCCACTGCCTAACACCCTCCCACTCACCAGGCCCTT 35 **AGCCTGCCCTTAGCACAAGAGCACAGCCGGTCTCAAGTCTACCCTGCTG** TAAGCAAACACTTGCAACATCATGCTGACCTCCAGGCCCTGTTGCATCAG

CGTGCCCACACTTGGTGCCCAGCTGGTACTGAGGGTATCAGGGAACAGGC CAGTGGTGGAAGGGCGGACACTTTGGGTTCCCTGGTTTCCTGGCTCCCAA TATCTTTCCCAATGGCATATGGGGTCTAGCAGCTTGGCTCATTTAACTGT TGGCAGATAAGGCTCAACCTTCTTTTTTAACTTCATTGTTAAATATTA 5 CTCCATTAATACCCATTTACTGCAGAAAAGGTAGGAAATACAGATAAGCA AAAAGGAAAATAAATTAAAATCCTCATACCACCATCATCAAGATAATTAC **TGTCACCATTTTGGTATATTTCCTCCCAATACATATATTATCTATATCGT** ATATACGACAAAAATGGATCATACTATGTTTCCTGTTCTTCCCCTGTGTT 10 AGTCATCTATTGCTGTATAACAAACTGCCTCAAAACTTAGTGGCTTCACC TTTCCGTGTATTATGATGACAAGAATGTGGTATGACACTGTCTTATATCT GGATCATATGCTAAAAGATAGAAAATGGTTTCTAAACTTATTTGTTCTGT TTGAAACAACAACCTTTGTTATCTCACACAGTTTCTGTAGGTCAAGAATTCAGAAGCAGCTT 15 AGCTGGGTGGTCTCTCTCTGAGGTCAGGGTTTTGGCTGGGGCTGCATCACCT GAAGGCTTGACTGGGGCCAGAGGA CTGCTTCCAAAGTGGTCCACTCACATGGCTGGCAAGTTGGAGTTGCGTATTGGCAAGAGACTT CGCTTCTCCAATGGATCTTCCCAGAGTTCTTGTAGGCAACCTCATAGCATAGCAGTTGGCTT CCCCCAGAGGAACAGTCCAGGAGAGAACAAGGCAGAAACCACAGGGTCTTTTCTGGCTTAG 20 GCTCCAAAGT CATACTCCACCATTTCTGCATTATCATATTAGTTACACAGGCTAGACCTA TTCTGCATGGAAGAGACTATACCATGGGGTGAATACCAGAAGCAGGGCTATTGAAGGCCAGC TTCAAGGGCGGCTACACATTCCCTTTCAACAGTATGTCATGAACATCTTTCCATGCCAATAGA TCCTGTAGTTG GGTATGTGGGTTGTCTCGTTTTTTGATAGTAGAATTAATCATCTTGAA 25 TCTGTCAATCAGAACCCTGAGCAACTAAGAAATGGGGGTACCACTGGGACATAGAGCAAGGT CCCTTCTGATTCTGCTCTTCTCTCCCCATGAAATGGGGAGTTCACTATCTACTGAGAC ATCCTAGCCCA CAGCTGCACAGTTCTGTCTTTTTAGAAAGCTCTAAGCAGAAACAATGTTC ATCCATCCTCGGGACAGCCCTTGAGCTACTGAAGACTCTAAGCATGTCCTGGTCATCCTCC ATGAGCCATCATCTCTGAGGCCCTCCCCTTCTTGGCCCCTCTTCTCTGGACAGGTTCTGGACAG 30 TCTTGCCCTTCCAAAATTCCTGAAAGCAGGAACTGTTCCTGCTACAATGACTCTCAACTCCAGT GCAGTAC AGACTGTTGGTGTCACCCCTTATCCTGAAGAAGAGGCACTGAGACAGGAC AAGGGTGGCCCAGGAGGGCTGGCATGAGTCATGAGAATCTGGTCCCGGAGAATTAGACG GTGTGGGAAGTAGGGGTGTTGGGCCGCTTTCTGGCCTCATGGATGCCAATGAATATCAGCA 35 GGTGGCTCCCAGAAAGGAACTCTAGGGGATGCCTGTTGCTCTAAATAGAGGCTAGAGAGGGC ACTGGCAGTTCAGT

CAACCAAGAAAGGGGCCCACTTGCCTCAGCTTCAGGCTTTGTACACATC CTCAGCCTTTCTTGAGAACTGAATTTAGATTCTCCTCCCTGTGCTGTGTGCTTGGCCCAGAAG AAGGCAAGTCTCGCTGGCTGCTTCTTGGCCTGGCTGAACCAGAAGGCCCCAGTGCCAC TCCAAACCTGGGTGTGAGCCCTGCCCCCATGAGCAAACAGTAGCTCAGAGCTGGGGGCTGTGG 5 GGGTCAGTGG CCTGTCACATGAGATCTGATGAGGCCATCTCTGCTCTATATTGGGAAAGG GATCAATTGTATCAAGGGCTTTCTTGGGAGTGATCACTCTGGCCATTGGCGAGAGACCTGGCA TTCTGACAAGGCACCTCCATACCCTGACCCACTTGCCAGCTCCAGCTAATTTTAGCAGGCTTT GGCAGGTGCCAGCAAGTACATAGCATGTGGATGTCACTCCCAGGTGAGCCCAAGGAGAGGCC 10 TTTTGATCAGTTGGCCACCTTCCTCCACCCCCTTCCCCAAGTTCCAT CAGACCCCTGGATTGTATGAAATGCAAATCGAACCTCTCTGCAGATGAA AATCCACTGGGGATCCCCTTGCCTCCAAGAGCAAGTCCAGACCTGCACCA GCGCGGCCAGGCCCCTTAGGACCCCCTCCCTGTCCAAGGGCATTTCAG 15 TAAGTGTTCTGTGGCCAAGGCAGCCTGGTGACTTTCTGCCCGCACAAGGC TGAGGAATGGAAGATGGGTAGGCTGGCTCTGCACACCCCCTCCTGCTGGG CAGCAATCCCTACCCCATGTTCACAGAGTGTGGCCGGCTGCCCCATGGCT CTGCCTGCCTCTGACCCCATGGCAGGGGGCAGAGTATTTGAGCAGCCGC 20 CAGGCTGAGCCCTTTCAGTGCAGAAGCCCTGGGCTGCCAGCCTCAGGCAG CTCTCCATCCAAGCAGCCGTTGCTGCCACAGGCGGGCCTTACGCTCCAAG GCTACAGCATGTGCTAGGCCTCAGCAGGAGGAGCATCTCTGCCTCCCAA GCCAGGCCCAGACAGCCTTGACTCTGGTAAGGGTCACACCAAAGTTAGGG 25 ACTTTGCACTGGGAGAGCACCCAGGGCAGGGCCCTTGGTTTTGCAGA TTACCAAAACTAAGGCTGGGGCAGGCAGGCAGCCAGCCTTGGGGCACC CTGCCCACCACCCTCCTCACTGTGGCTATCCAGTGTCCAGCCTCTCGAGGGGTTCTAGGGTAC  ${\tt TTATTCCTGGAGCTAACGGTGACCCAGGACACCAGTGTCCGGGGCCTGGCCTGGGGCTTTTAT}$ 30 GGGGGAGCT GGCTGCCCAGGGCTGTCTGGCTCTCTGGGGGCTCTGCATGGCATTT CCAGGGGTTGGTGGATCAGGGATTCTGTCCCTCAGGAGAATGTGGGCACTAGCCCAAGGCCA  ${\tt CTCACTTCTGTGTACATAGCCACCTGAGGGGCCCAGGAATGGAGGGGGCCCAGGCTACAGCTGG}$ ACATCTGGCACTCGGATGGGCTCTGGAGCCCCCAGGCCTGCAGCATCTGCCCAGGGACTGCCC TGGCCCTTGGCCA TTTCCTCAGGGACCCACAGCTCCACCAGCCGGCCCCTCCCAGTGCTGGAA 35 TAGACAGTTCCTCAGTCCACATCTGCCAAAGGCGCACTAGAAGGCATCCTGCCTTTTTTACT GCGTTCTGGAGGTGGGGTCACAAAGCACTGCTCACTGCATAAAAGGGACAGCATCCTGCCCCT

- ACCCCCAGCCTGTCCCCAACTTGACTGAGGTTCTTTCCTGCAGATCCCCGCCCTTGAGAGGGG
  TTGGTCCCACTGTCAACTCTGCTTCTGTGCCCTGTGCCGCACCTGGCATTCAGTGAGCATCTGC
  TGAAGA GATGAGGGTCAGATGCCCTGCAGGGAGTGTGGGGGGGGTCCTCAGGCAAGA
  AAAGTTGTACGTTTGGCTGTGGGCCCTGATTATGTGTCCTGTGACCTCTTGGGTGAGGTCAGC

  15 AAGAGAAACCTCTGCAAGCTGGCTGGGGCTGCCTCCCAGAGGCTGCCAGGGGAGGACAGG
  CTCTGTCTGTGCTCTTCTTCCGAGGCTACACCTGGGGCCCAGGCTCTCAGGGCTCCCCAGGTA
  CCACCACATTT CCTACACTGCTTGGGAAAGCCCTGTAAGTTTGCACAGACACCCAGCATGA
  GGCTCGCCAGAGAGATACTTGTAGCTGGGGTCTGGGCACCAGGAACAGCTTGGTGCTGGGCC
- TGAAGTCGGGCAGGATGCAGCCTGGCCAGGTGAGAGGAAAGCTTGGAGCCAGTGCCTGGGTT

  CAAACTCCTCTGTGGCCTATGGTTCTGTGGGCAAGGGTTTGTACCTCTGTGTCCAGT

  TTCCTCACTTATA
  - AAAAAAGGAGATAATAAAAGTACCCATGTCCCAGGGTGGCTGTAGCAATA ATAGGGAGGGTGCCCAGAGCAGGTCTGGCACACAGGAAGTGTGCATCAG CCTCAGTCCCTGCCATTGGGCTTGTCCTGGGAGTCTGTGAAGCCAACCTC
- 25 TGCTCCACAATGTGACCCCCAGGCTTGTGAGACCAAGCTGGGTCAGAGCT
  TCCTCCTCTGGGGTTGCACCAGGAGGGGAACTTCTGCAGGCCCAGATGCA
  CCCTGAGGAAAGGGCTTGTTCCCACCAAGAACAAGGCTCACCTTTGGAGG
  ATGCTCCCCACATGAGAGGTGAACCCCCAGGTCTACTGGTGACTGCAGCC
  TCGGAAGCTGACAGCATCTATCCTCCAACCCATGCCCACTGGGAAGTGTG
- TGAGGGTCCTCATAGGCCCTGCGGTGTGGACAATGCAGAGACCCTGTAG
  CATCTGGCTAGGGGGGCCCAGATAAGAGCCCTGTGCCAGGAGAGCCTG
  GCCGGTTCTGCCACTGTGGGGAGACAGGCTCCCCCACCCCATGTCCCCTG
  CTTCCCTGCAGCCCACAGAGAATACAGACCTACTTTTACAGAAATCCAGA
  TTTTTGTGTAAAAGTGTCTCTATTTTAAGTAGATTTTAAGTGGTGGCAGC
- 35 AAATTTAAGCTTTTGAGAATATTATACAGAACAAATCAGATTCACAGGCC AGATGCAACTTTATTTACAGAAATGGGATCAGGTCCTACCTCAGGTCCCA

TCTCACGTTTTCACTTATGCCTATACGTCTCCTTCACGGGAAAGGCCACA AGAGGCCCTGCGGTAAGTGTCCCGGTGTTGATTTAAAGTCCCCAACAGTG **AATATGAGGGTCCTCACTGTTGCAGCAAGAGGATACCCCCCTGTGTATCT** TGGAAATGCCTGCAGCCCTCTTGCTGCAGAACAGATTCTTAGGAGAGAAA 5 CTGTCAGATCAAAGTTAAACTTAGAGAAACTCCAAATTGCCCTCTGAACA GACGGTATCAGTTTGACATCCAATACCGGGATTCCTCGGGGAGAACT GCCACACGTGGGCCTTGATACAGAGGGGGAAGACTTGAGCCTCCTCGACA CCTACAGGCCCAGCCTCCCAACATGTGATAAGAGAAACAACAGCCAAC 10 **TTGTACCTAGCTCTTATTCTCCAAGGGCTGGGCCAGTTCTCCCCACA** GCCCTGCAAGGGAGGATCACTCAAGGGCCCCAACTGTCTGACAATACAGC CACACTCTGATCAGCCACCTGGGCATAGGCTCCATGCCATTGTCCTCCGC CAAGACCTCAGACTGAAATGTTGGCTCCTCCCATGAGAACCTGGGGCCA AAGGACCAGAGTCCAGGTCCGTGCCAGGATGGGCCACTTGGAGAGA 15 GGCACAAGGGTGCCAGGCAGGTGTGAGGGCTGGACCTTTGCAAGAGC **AGCATCACTTTTGTTGAGAGCCCACAGGTATCTTATAATTGGGTCCTAGG** ACTTCCTGCCAGTAGCCATTGTGTGCATGGATTTGGGTGCTGGCCTCACC **ATGGTGTGCTGCCCATGCCTGCAATAATGACTTCTGTAAGCCTTTC** TTCATCTGCAAGATGGGTGCTGCTGGCACCTCCCCGGTGCTGTGGTG 20 ACAGGGCATAGTGTGAGGCTGCTATGTGAAGCACCTAATGCAGGGCCT GGCATCCTCTACATTGGTGGGTGTAGGAAAGAAAGACAGAGGGGGGGAAAA GTTGTAGCTGTGGGGCATTGAGGACAGCCTGGATTGTTCCACAGAGCCCT GAGGACATCTCCAGGGGTGTGCTCTGCAGGGGCAGCTGGATTGGAGGGTT 25 AGGGTCGGGAGGCCTGCACTCCCACCCATGCTCACAGCCTCGGAACA GTGCTGCTCAGCCAACATGGGTGTTTGATTCTGTGTCTTTTGTCACAGA CTTTATCAGCCCCATCCCTTTCTGACCTTGCCTCAGTTTAAATTTTACAT GTGGGCCTCATTAAGAGACATGGTTCTTAACTAAAGATCTGTATCCATT **AGGAATGCTTTGGGCTGCAGGAAGACAACACCTGACTCACTGTGGCATA** 30 AGTGGTTTGCGTCTCCCATAAGCTGCACGTGGAGGGTGGATCTGGCA TTACTCTCTCTCCCTACATTTGCAGTATGCTAACAGCTTTAACCTCCAG CCTTGTTTCTTCATGGTTGCAGGGTGGCTATCACAGCGCTGGCCATCACA TCCTTACACAGCTGTGTTTACAAATTTAGGGGGACATTGAAGCTCCTCCC CTGCTAAAATCAGGCTTCCCTTCACCTGTCATTGGCCAGAACTGGGTGAA 35 <del>ATGCCCAACTCTAGACCGATCATCAGTAAGAGGAGTATAGAATTGCTGTG</del> CCCACCTTAGATTAATCATGGCGCAATGTGCTCCCCATACCAACAAATC

TGAGTTCTAGAAACTGAGGAAGAAGAGGAAAATGGCCGTCTTGCCTCCTG GCTGGGATTCAGAGCATCTCCAACCCTCTGAGCTTATGTGTAAGACTGTG GGCAAAAGTGTGTGAGTTTTTGTGGAATGGATCCACGGCTTTTATCAGAG CATCTTTCTTTTTTTTTTTTTATTCAAGATGAAAATATTCTTATGATTAT 5 TTTCTCACCACTGCCCAGAGATAACCAGCACATTAACATGGCCTTTTCT CCATGAATAGCACTAGGGTGCCCAGTGGACAGACACATAGCTGTCCACAC ACCAGCTTGCTGGGGATGCATAGGCAGAGTCACATCTGCACTCACGGCCT GTCCTCACACTGCCATGTGGAGAGCCAGCAGCACCATGGGCCGTCCA TGCTCACGGGAGTGGCAGTATCAGATCTGAGCTTCGTGTGCCCAGGCGTC 10 TCTCACATCAGTGCATAGGGACCCTCTTTGTTCTGTGGCCCAGTGTGCCC **ATGCCACAGATGGCTTCAGTCAGCAGACACCTCCTTCTAGACACTCACAC TCTTGTGTAAATCCCAAGTAGGAGGACTGGGTCTCTCTGACAGCAATGCC** AGCTGCCTGGCACCTCCAGACAGGTGGCTCAAGCCCCACCTCGCCAGCT 15 CTCCCAGTTAGCCCCTCCTTTCCCTGGCTCTGACCTGAGGGACGAAGCAG GGTGCTACAGGACGCTGTGCCACAGGGATATCGTCAGGGACAGAAGCTAC TCTGCCTCTGCTCACCCCTCCAACACGCTGTGGGCTGCATTTGTTG AGTGGCTGGTACCAGACTCTGCTCTTCTGACTTTCCAGCTGGTTTTACCT GTAGTAAAGTTTGAGAAGATGGGTCATCCTGACCCCGGGGTCAGAAGACA 20 GAAGGAGCCCATGGCGTGTGGGGGAGATGCCCCGTGAGGCCCTCGGTGT GCAGATGCCTGGTGACAGCCCCACCTGAGGTCCCCAGCCTACCCCCTCC CCAGCCGACTGCTCCCATCCCCTCCCTGTGCAGGTAGAGCAGATCCTG GCAGAGTTCCAGCTGCAGGAGGAGGACCTGAAGAAGGTGATGAGACGGAT GCAGAAGGACATGGACCGCGGCCTGAGGCTGGAGACCCATGAAGAGGCCA 25 GTGTGAAGATGCTGCCCACCTACGTGCGCTCCACCCAGAAGGCTCAGGT ACCACATGGTAACCGGCTCCTCATCCAGAAGCAGCTGTGGGCTCAGCCCT AGAATCTCCTGGGGAGCAATGAAGTCCTCGACTTGGGCCAGTTCTCACCC TTGGCTCCTCTGGTCCGGCCCTGGGGCACTCGGGCTCACCCTGGAGCTGG 30 CAAACCTCAGGAAAACTGGCGTTTTAAATCTCACTCCTGGCCAGGTGCAG TGGCTCACCCCTGTAACTTCAACACTTTGGGAGGCCAAAGCAGGCGGATC TCTTGAGGCCAGGAGTTTGAGACCAGCCTGCCCAACATGGTGAAACCCCG **TCTCTACTAAAAATACAAAAATTATCCAGGCATGGTGGCACATTCCTGTA** GTTCCAGCTACTCGGGAGGCTGAGGCATAAGAATTGCTTGAACCCGGGAG 35 GCCGAGGTTGCAGTGAGCCAAAATCGCGCCACTGCACTCCAGCCTGGGGT 

CTCCCCATGGGCACTTAGGGAACTCTCCCAGCCCAGTTCTGCAGCTGGGC CATTGCACTAGATCCTCAGTTGGTCCCTGGGCTCTCGGTGACTGTCCAGG GCAGGAGTTTCCCATTGACTTTTCCCTGGTTGACCTTTGACCCCTTCCAC AGTTGACACTGGTCCCCAGGTGTCTGGTGGCCCCTTGTCCAGCTCCCT TAGTCCTTGTGCCTTCCTCTCTTTGTAATATCCGGGCTCAGTCA 5 CCTGGGGCCCACCCAGCCCAGCCTGTGGGTGTCCCTGAGGCTGA CACACTTCTCTCTGTGCCTTTAGAAGTCGGGGACTTCCTCTCCCTGGACC TGGTGGCACTAACTTCAGGGTGATGCTGGTGAAGGTGGGAGAAGGTGAG GAGGGCAGTGGAGCGTGAAGACCAAACACCAGATGTACTCCATCCCCGA 10 GGACGCATGACCGCACTGCTGAGATGGTGAGCAGCGCAGGGGCCGGGG CAGGGGCCAAGGCCATGCAGGATCTCAGGGCCCAGCTAGTCCTGACGGG AGGTGCCACCTGTCTACCAGGGGTGGGGAGAGCGGGGGGGTGGAGGACCAC CCAGCCTCAGAGGCAGCTGGAGGCCTGGGTGAACAGGACTGGCCAACATG TCCCAAGTCCCACAGTCACCATCTGGCCAGCATTGAGAGGGGAACGGGC 15 TGAGGAAGACTTAGTGGCAAGAGGAACCCCAGCCAGTCACACCTTGTCCA GTTTACCAGAGGAAAAACCAATGTGTAAGAACAGAAATGTGACCCGGCAG CCAGTGCACTGCCCCCTCTCCAAAGGCCACCCTCACCCTCCACCAGCA TGCACAGAAAGTGGGGTGACAGCAATCACAATGTCTACCCAGGCAGCAAG GACCCTGACCATGGGGAGGACTGGGGTGCAGGGAACATAGAAGCAGAAT 20 GAGGCCTAGGGGAGTTGGGCAAGGCCAGAGCCTAGCTGCAGCCAAGCA CATGGCCAAGGCCAGCTCCTGGAAGGCAGGGCTCCGAGGCAGGAGGCAG GAGGCTGCCGTGCTACCCGTCCTCACACCCCTGCAGCTTGCTAGTCTG TCTGTGGGCTGGGTGTGAATCAAGGCAGTGGGATGGTGTGGGGACCTCCC TGGCCCAGCAGCAGTGAGGAGCCTGGTCAGTCAGCAGAGCATTCAGCA 25 GTATCCAGTTCCATGGAGAGGCCCGTGTGAGGGGAGTCGGGGCTGGTCTT CAGTAAGGATGGCCAGGGCCCCTAGAAGTAGAAAAGGAGACTCCGG GTGCTGGAGACAGAAATCAAGGATGTGCCTCCATGTGGAGCCTCAGGAAT AGCTGGCCAGGCCTGAGGCTGAACCTCACAAGGTTCAGCTGGGAGGGCTA GGCTGACAGAGCAGCCGGGCCAGGGACCAGCCTGCCCTGTTGCCTT 30 GTCCGAGGCCACTGTCAGCAGGTCTCTGGCATGGGGAGGCTTAGGGC CTGAGCCCAACAAGCAGCAGCGGAAGAGGGAGAGGGAAACTGTGGACAGGC CTGGCATTCAGTGGCCAGGTGTTGCAGTGTCCCTGAGGAATAGCTTGGCT TGAGGCCGTGGGGAGGGCTGCCGGCCAGCGCACCCCCCATGCCAGATGG TCACCATGGCGTGCATCTTCCAGCTCTTCGACTACATCTCTGAGTGCATC 35 TCCGACTTCCTGGACAAGCATCAGATGAAACACAAGAAGCTGCCCCTGGG CTTCACCTTCTCCTGTGAGGCACGAAGACATCGATAAGGTGGGCC

GGGTGGAGGCAGAAGCCAGATGAGGGGAGGCACAGGCACCCCAGAGGA ACTCTGCCTTCAAATGTAGCCCCCATACCATGTGCTCAGAAGGGAGATCT GGATTCAAATTGTGGCCATGTCACCTGCCACCTCTAATGCTGTGGAAAAG AAGCATCACATTAGCTAATTCTGGCTGTGCGCCTTGTGAGGCACCAGCTA TGATCACCCCACTCCAGTGGAAAGAGCAGCTGGCAGTAGGGTGGGGCTCA 5 AACTCAGGCAGCCGGCTCTGGGTCACCTGCAGGCCACGGTCATGTCACA CTGCTCTAGCTGAGTCAGAAATGTGAAGGAACTGAGATTCTACCCTTCC ACACAGTTATATATGCACACACATAAAACACGAGACCTTTGGGTCAGGGA 10 GAAAGCCAGATCCTCACTCACGGCAGAAGCAGCCAAAGCAACATCTC CACCTGTGCATGCAGGGGGTACCTTGCAGGAGGGAAATCCTGATTTTAC ACAAAGCTGCTCCCCCACGCCTGCCTTGACTCTGGGATGACGTCTCAG AGCTGTGCAGTACAACATTCTTAAATTGGCTGGGACTCAGCCCTGCAGAA 15 **ATATGATATCTTCAAGGAGAATCGTTCCCAAAACCTCTCAAAGCTATGGG** GCTGCTCTGAGCCTGTTTCCTCAGCTGTAAAGTAGGGTGCATACTTTTAT GGCCTGTGCAGGAGGTAGTGACAGGCCCTAGCACCCTGCCTCCAGTATA **TGTTAGCAGCCACGAGGCCTATCTCTCCCCACAGGGCATCCTTCTCAACT** GGACCAAGGCCTCAGGAGCAGAAGGGAACAATGTCGTGGGG 20 CTTCTGCGAGACGCTATCAAACGGAGAGGGGTGAGGGGGCACCTGTACCT CTTGGCTTCCAGCACTGCAGCTTCTTGTGCTTCTTGGCAGGACTTTGAAAT GGATGTGGCAATGGTGAATGACACGGTGGCCACGATGATCTCCTGCT ACTACGAAGACCATCAGTGCGAGGTCGGCATGATCGTGGGTAAGGGCTCC 25 TTGCACCCTGCCCCTTCCAGACTGCTGAGGCTCCCTGTGTACAACAGGC TTCAAGGCCCTGTGGGGTGAGGACCAAACTACTTAACAACCGGTGATGT CAGAGCAGAGCCTGGTGCTACAGCCTGGGTGTCTTGGGGTATCAAGATG GAAGCACCGTGTACAGTAGGAAGCATTTCAACGCCATGATGCCACATTCC TGCATCAGATGGTATGCCAGCTGCATATCCACCTCACCCATCAGGATTAT 30 AATTAAAACACTTATCTGGTAAATTGACCAACTGGACAGATTGGTCCAAG TGGAAGAGGATAAGCAAAAGTGGTACCATCTCCACCGAATGGTCTTTCC ACGGCCTGCCCTGCCCCAAAGTGAAGGCAGGTACCAG GAAAGGGAGCAGCCGCCCCTCCCAGCAGAGGGGTCTTCCACACCAA CTCGGACCTTTCTCAGAAGTTCCGGAGGTCATTATAACCAGCCTTCACTG 35 AGGACCAATCAGATCAGTTATCTGCTGTGCGCACAGCCGTGTGGT TCTATACTTCTCTTACTTCCATTTTCACCTTTCAGAAGGAACGTTGTCTT

TAAATCCAGCATCTAAACGTGAGCCCCAGCCATCCCTGGCTGTGATCCCC CCAGCCCTTTCCACCCTATCCTCTGGAACTGCCTGGGGCTCCCCAAGACA CTTCCACATGAATTCCCACCAAGCCAAGCTGCAGCTGCTGGGCCCAGGCA TAACCCCTCCTGGGCAGAGGTGGCAAGGAGTGACCCACCACTCACATCT GCCCACATCCACTCTTGACTCTGCTCAGTGTTTAAAAACATGTTTATAA 5 CAATTACCAAGATCTGAAAATTAGGAGAATTCACATCAAAGTCTGGATTT CTGTTTGTTCATAAAAAACTAGAAGGCAGCCAGGCAAGGTGGCTCACGCC AGTAATCCCAACACTTTGGGAGGCTAAGGCAGGCGGTCACTTGAGGTCA GGATTTGAAGACTAGCTGGCCAACAAGGTGTAACCTCGTCTCTACTAAAA 10 ATACAAAAATTAGCTGGGTGTGATGGCGCATGCCTGTAATCCCAGGTACT CAGGAGACTGAGGCAGGAGAATTGCTTAAACCCTGGAGGCAGAGGTTGCA AGACTCTGTCTCCAAATAAATAAATAAATAAAAAAACTGGAAGTCTAA GCATCACTGAGCCCTGATTCCTATGTGGCAGCTGACCAGCATTTG 15 **AGTTGCTGTCCCTGACAGCTTTGGGGGTGTGCAGCCCACACAGTCATGCT** AGCTTGAGGCTCTGCTGTCAGCAGTTTGAAACTCTTAATAACTTGTGAAC AAAAGACTCCATGTTGTCACTCTGCACAGGGGCCAGCAAATTACAAAATT CCATATCCGGAATTGTCTACAGGAGCCTCTGGGCTGCTCCCAAGGGCCCA CACCATGCCTTACTCACTTTGGGTTGCCATCCAAACATGTCTCATGACAA 20 AGAAGCTCAAACATGTGCATGGACAGTGCCAGAAAACAAGGGTCGTACAT AGACAAAATAAAATGATAACGTCCCACAACCATTTCTTTGATACACACTG TTTCTCTCAGTCCTCCCAACCACCTAGGTAACAGGCAGGGAAGGTGTTAC TGTTGCCTGTTAGGAAAGAGGACAGCCCTGAAAGCTGTCCCTGGCCACTG AAGCAACCCAGGTCTTCCAGCCCCAGGGAGAGCCGCCTTTCCATTGTTCC 25 AGACAAAGCAGAGACAGGCATGGGGGAGCGGAGAGGGACTCCTGTGGGC AGGAACCAGGCCTACTCCGGGGCAGTGCAGCTCTCGCTGACAGTCCCCC CGACCTCACCCAGGCACGGCTGCAATGCCTGCTACATGGAGGAGATG CAGAATGTGGAGCTGGAGGGGGGACGAGGGCCGCATGTGCGTCAATAC CGAGTGGGGCCTTCGGGGACTCCGGCGAGCTGGACGAGTTCCTGCTGG 30 AGTATGACCGCCTGGTGGACGAGGCTCTGCAAACCCCGGTCAGCAGCTG TAAGGATGCCCCCCCCCCCACAACCCAGGCCCTGGGCCGCTCTGGTGCA GCGCAGATGGGAGCCGGGCCATTGCAGATAATGGGCTTGTTTTTAAACA **ACTCTGGGGAAAAGCAAACTGACAATCCGTTCGTAAGCTCCATCCCTTCT** GCTCAGTCATGACCTGCCCCTGTGAGAGATGAAGGGTTAGTCCCAGTTGT 35 GAGGAGGCTCTGAGACGCCCCCAGCAAGGTTCCTGGGTTTAACCCAACAT

TCCCAAAGTATGTATTTGGCCACATTCACAGAAAGAATATTAGTCTTTT GCTCATCATTAATCATGGCTATCACTTGTTTACCACCTACTGTGCCAGGC CTATGCTAATFACTTTATTAGCGTCCTCTCTGCCGCTCGCAGGCCTCTAT TATTATAGGTCAGTATTCGATTTATTTAAATTAAATACGGAAGGTCA 5 TAGATTAAGCAAGAAAGTGCCAGCAACATGGTGCGTGCCTCTGACTGGGC ACTAACCCTCCAAGTCTTAGTTTTCCCAACCATAACTGGCCAATGAACAG CAGCTCTGGATGCAGCTAAAGGAAGACTGAAGCTGTAGGTCCCGTGCTCG GCGCAGGCCCCTGCAAGGAAGGTTTCGGAGGGACTGGATGGGTCTTT 10 GAACTATCTGTCTTTCCCTTTACTGCAGTGGGCCCAGGGCCAAAG **TTGCTCCGTGATTGACTTGAACGTGCACGTTCCTAATCCCTGACATTTC** TAAAGCTCTGGCTCATTAACGAGGGAAAGACGTGAACCAGCTGGGGGAGT GGGGATCGCAGTGCCCCACGTGGCCGCCTCGTGACCTCAGTGGGGAGCAG 15 GCTGATGTAATGGACCTGCCCTATGTCCAGGTATGAGAAGCTCATAGGTG GCAAGTACATGGGCGAGCTGGTGCGGCTTGTGCTCAGGCTCGTGGAC GAAAACCTGCTCTTCCACGGGGAGGCCTCCGAGCAGCTGCGCACACGCGG AGCCTTCGAGACGCGCTTCGTGTCGCAGGTGGAGAGGTGTGCGGAGGAGG AGGCTGGCTGCAAAGGCAGGGGCTGGGGACGCCCGGGCACTGCAGACTT 20 GGTCTCAGGCCACGCTGAGTCCCAGGCCCGGGCCCAGGGATGGGAAAC TAGGGCCTGGGGGGGGTTCCGGGCGTGGGCGGGCCCGGGGCGGGCAC AGGGGGGGGAGTGGGCGGGGCCCGAGGCGGCGCTGGAGGCGAGGG CGGGCAGGACGGTCCAAGGGCAGGACGCTGGGACAGGACGGGGATGC AAAGGAGGGCCCGAGACGGGGAGGGGGGGGCCCAAGGGG 25 TGCGTCCGGGCACTGGTCCCCATCCGTGAGTCCCCTCGGTGCTCCCTGCC CGCCGTGGCCATCCTCTCACATCACTCACAACCCCAAGGCGCGGCATGGT TACTAACCAGTCCCTGGCGGAAACGCTTTGGCTGGGTGAGCTGAGCGGGA 30 TCGCCCCATTTCTCCAGAGAGGGGTCCCGGCTCAGCGAGGGAAAGAGGC CGCCGCTGGGGGACGCTGGCCGGGGCCCCTCCCTGGAGAACGAGAGGC CGCCGCTGGAGGGGATGGACTGTCGGAGCGACACTCAGCGACCGCCCTA CCTCCTCCGCCCGCAGCGACACGGGCGACCGCAAGCAGATCTACAACA TCCTGAGCACGCTGGGGCTGCGACCCTCGACCACCGACTGCGACATCGTG 35 CGCCGCGCTGCGAGAGCGTGTCTACGCGCGCTGCGCACATGTGCTCGGC GGGCTGGCGGGCTCATCAACCGCATGCGCGAGAGCCGCAGCGAGGACG

TAATGCGCATCACTGTGGGCGTGGATGGCTCCGTGTACAAGCTGCACCCC AGGTGAGCCGCCCGCTCTCTCCCTGGTAAAGTGGGGCCCAAAAAGCGC GCGCTCCAAGGTTCCTTGCGGTTCCCAAGGTTCCAAGATTTCGTAGTCCTC TTCTCGTCCCCTTGGCCTAGATTTGGGGGAAGGGTCGACTGCGTGCAGG 5 GCGCCGGTAATGAATGTGGAGGATGAGGTGGGAGGAGGGACGCCAGCCC TGCTTCTCTCTGCCCAGCTTCAAGGAGCGGTTCCATGCCAGCGTGCGCA GGCTGACGCCCAGCTGCGAGATCACCTTCATCGAGTCGGAGGAGGGCAGT GGCCGGGCCCTGTCTCGGCGTGGCCTGTAGAAGGCCTGTAT GCTGGCCAGTGAGAGCAGTGCCGCAAGCGCAGGGAGGATGCCACAGCC 10 CCACAGCACCCAGGCTCCATGGGGAAGTGCTCCCCACACGTGCTCGCAGC CTGGCGGCCAGGAGGCCTGCCTTGTCAGGACCCAGGCCGCCTGCCATA CCGCTGGGAACAGAGCGGCCTCTTCCCTCAGTTTTTCGGTGGGACAGC CCCAGGGCCTAACGGGGTGCGGCAGGAGCAGAACAGAGACTCTGGAA GCCCCCACCTTTCTCGCTGGAATCAATTTCCCAGAAGGGAGTTGCTCAC 15 TCAGGACTTTGATGCATTTCCACACTGTCAGAGCTGTTGGCCTCGCCTGG GCCAGGCTCTGGGAAGGGGTGCCCTCTGGATCCTGCTGTGGCCTCACTT CCCTGGGAACTCATCCTGTGGGGAGGCAGCTCCAACAGCTTGACCAGA CCTAGACCTGGGCCAAAAGGGCAGCCAGGGGCTGCTCATCACCCAGTCCT GGCCATTTCTTGCCTGAGGCTCAAGAGGCCCAGGGAGCAATGGGAGGG 20 GCTCCATGGAGGAGGTGTCCCAAGCTTTGAATACCCCCAGAGACCTTTTC TCTCCCATACCATCACTGAGTGGCTTGTGATTCTGGGATGGACCCTCGCA GCAGGTGCAAGAGACAGAGCCCCCAAGCCTCTGCCCCAAGGGGCCCACAA AGGGAGAAGGCCCACCCTACATCTTCAGCTCCCATAGCGCTGGCTCAG GAAGAAACCCCAAGCACATTCAGCACACCCCAAGGGACAACCCCATCAT 25 **ATGACATGCCACCTCTCCATGCCCAACCTAAGATTGTGTGGGTTTTTTA** ATTAAAAATGTTAAAAGTTTTAAACATGGCCTGTCCACTGTTCTTTGACT **TCTGTGCATTAGGACTGTGGGGACAATCTATAAAGAGTCTGCGTCACATG** CATGAAGACACTTCAGTATCTCGGCAATGCCCTCCAGACAGCTCCTCCAG CCATCTGTGCCAAGGGGAGTGTGAGGAGTGACAGACCAGGCTGTAGGAAC 30 AGGATGGGGTGTCATGGGGGATGGCAGAGCAGTGGACAGTACACTGCCT GGCCGGGCCCTGCTTGCCTGCCATGGAATGTGTGCAGAGGGAGTGCC <del>AGGCCAGGTGCTCTGGAGAAGTGGGGGAATGAGGCTGGTCCTGCTGC</del> AGGTCAGTCTCAGCACCGTCCTGTCCAGTCAGAGTCACTTAGGTTTGCCA GTGAGTAGGGCCCAGATACATGTTGGATTTCTAAGGTCCCTCCAGATGC 35 **TCCTGTCAGTGGAACGCCTATTTAGAGTTAGCCAAGCGTAGGCATAATGC** CATCTTTCTGCAGCATAAAATACAGTGACATAGAAACATATTTGTGTGAT

TTTCATGCATTCCTTTTTTGATGAGAGATATTACCCAGCTAATTAGGAAC AACTGTTTTGTTTCCTTCAGATCATAACCCAAAGTTGTGATTTTGAAAAG TCATGTCCCCCTTCAGATTTCTTGTTTTCTGCTACTTCTCATGTGGAATT GCTTTGGCTCTTAGTTCTCTTGAGTCTAAATTATTCCTTATAAGTTG 5 GTGCAAGCATCTGATTATTTTGTTATCATTACTGTTATGCTCAAGCATTC ACAGAGTGGAACACATTTTAATATCAATTGCTTTCTATTTCTCCTTTATA AAGGAGGTGTCATAAAACACTTGTTATGGGCCAGTGTGATGGCTCATGCC 10 TATAATCTCAGTGCTTTGAGAGGCTGAGGTGGAGGATTGCTTGAGGCCAG GAATTTGAGACCAGCCTGGGGCAACATAGCAAGACCCCATCTCTTAAAAA AAAAAGGCTGGGGGGGGGCACTGCTGGGCGCGGTGGCTCATGCCTGT AATCCCAGCACTTTGGGAAGCCAAAGCAGGTGGATCAAAAGGTCAGGAGT **TCGAGATCAGCCTGGCCAACATGGTGAAACCCCAACTCTACTAAAAATAC** 15 **AAAAATTAGCCGGGCATGATGGCGGGTGCTTATAATCCCAGCTACTCAGG** AGGCTGAGGCAGAAGAATTGCTTGAACCCAGGAGGCGGAGGTTGCAGTGA GCAGAGATTGCACCACTCCAGCCTGGGCAACAGAGCGAAACTCTG GGGTGGTGTGCACCTGTAGTCCCAACTACTCCAGAGGCTGAGGCAGGAAG 20 GAGCACTTGAGCCCAGGAGGTTGTCTGCAGTGAGCTCTACTCATGCCACT GCACTCCAGCCTGGCTGACAGAGCTCAGTGGCTTACACCTGTAATCCTAG CACTTTGGGAGGCTGAAGCAGGCAGATCACCTAAGATCAGGAGTTCGAGA CCGCCCAACATGATAAAACCCCGTCTTTACTAAAAATAAAATAAAA **TAAAAAATATATAAAAAATTAGCTGGGTGTGGCACATGCCTATAAT** 25 CCCAGCTGCTTGGGAGGCTGAGGAACAAGAATGGCTTGAACCCGGGAGGC AGAGGTGGCAGTGAGATCGCGCCACTGCACTCCAGCCTGTGCGAG AGTGAGACTCTGTCTCAAAAAAAAAAAAGGGAATTTAAGAAATTTAAAAG AAAACTCTTGTTATATAAAAAGGGTATTGGGTCTGACAGATAAGAGCTCC TGCACTCTACCAGCCAGCTACTGACAGACATAGGTCTGGCTCCAGTGGAG 30 GGCAGCAGTGAGCCAGCCTGGGGTGGCCCACTCCTGCTGCTCC AGGATGTCCCCTGTTTCCCCAGCCCTCTGCTGTGCCCTCGGCCCCAGAA GCTGCGAGACTGCTTCTCTGGAACAGCATCACGCAGGCCTGCCCATCGG CCCACTGTGCACCAGGCCTTCTGGGGATACAGATGTCAACCAGGTGGGGT GCTCAGGAGGGCACAGAAGCCAGGAATGACAAACACATCAGCCACCAGG 35 CAAATGGGAAATGTGCCCCAGAAGCTCCCTGCTGAGGATGTTAGGGAGAG CATTCTGAAGTAGTGTGGTTGAGATGAGGCTTGAGGAAGGCAAGGCTCCA

**AACAGCAGGCAGACTGGGAGCAAGGTAGACTGCATGGGAGGGCAGCTGA** TGGAGCTCCTTAACCCTCTGGAATTGCCCCAAAGCCAAGCAAAGTGTTCT TCTTGGGGTCACAGCTAGCTCAGGGATGCCTTCTGCCCCTTGGTCAGAGG GGCAAAAGGTCAGAGCCTAGGGTCACCAAAACCTCTGGGAAGCCCCGGGG 5 GTCTCAGGCCACAGACCATCCTCAGAACTACACACTGCCCTCCCATGCCT GGCGGGGCCTGGACTGGCCTCACCAGCTGTCTTCTTGCACTGGCCAG GGTTCTGGCTGGACTGGCAAGGAGGGTGGTCAGATACAGGAGTAACTGG ATCCTTCATCAGGACCTAGGGTGGTGAGAGCTTTGAGCCTGCTCTCCTC CAGGCAGACATTGTGTCTGGCCCTGCCAGGATGGATAGACAGCAGGATGT 10 TACACGTTGAGGACATGAAGGTCATCAGGAATGTGGCTGGAATCTGTTAG GCTCCCCAGCCAGGGGGGGGCTGCCAAGTTTGGGCCTATCCTCTGTT CCTCTCCTTATTTGGACCTTCAGGTGATAAGGCTGAGACATAAAGGAGGC TGGGCCTGCCACCACGACAGCAGCCACACCTCTGCAGAGAGAATGGTGA GTGCTGCTGGGAAGAAAGGCTAGCGGTCTCCCAGGTGCTGGCCTTTGG 15 GCTGGGGAGCAGAGTTTTCTGTGCTTGTGTTGGGTTGAGGGTGGTCCCC AGGAGAGAAGATCCTGCCCTGGCTCTCCTGGAATGCTCTGGGA CTGTGCATGATGGGTGGGGTGGGGAGACTCTGAGGAGTTGGGGAGAGGAC CCTCCTACTCACAGTGTTGCAGGCCAGCAGGAAGGCGGGACCCGGGG CAAGGTGGCAGCCAAGCAGGCCCAACGTGGTTCTTCCAACGTCTTTT 20 ATACCCCCTTCTACCCTGACCTTGCCTCTCACACCACCCAGGTCTCTCC CCCACCTCCCACCTTCCCTAGAGCTGGGGGCTGCTCCCACCTGAAGGCCC CCATCCCACAGGCCTTCAGCTGTATCGACCAGAATCGTGATGGCATCATC 25 CCTCCCACCCTGCGCACTGGGGTCCCTACTCTGAGCTGCTGGGCGGGTGG GAGTGGCTGGGGGACAGGACTCTGCTCCCCTGCTTCCCCTCCCCGT CTCCTCACACTGCCCTTCCCCCCTTGTCACGCCTTGCTTCCACTTCACCT TCCCGACCCACAGCTGCCTCTGCCCCTCCAGCCCCTGTGGCCAGGATGGA 30 GGGAGGGCGCCTGGGCCTTCTGGGGGACACCCAGGGTCCCTGTGTGCAC CTCATGCCCCACCCCCACCAGGGAAGGTGAGTGTCCCAGAGGAGGAGCTG GACGCCATGCTGCAAGAGGGCCAAGGGCCCCATCAACTTCACCGTCTTCCT CACGCTCTTTGGGGAGAAGCTCAATGGTGAGCCTGGGACAGAGCTGGGCA CCCTTGGCCAGGCAGGGAGCCTGCACCCTGCACCCACCTGAACCC 35 TGCCTGAACCCCACCTGAACCTTACATGAACCCCACCTGAACCCTAACTG AACCCACCTGGACCCACCTGGACTCTTCCTGGCCATGACCCATTCCAAG

CACATCCTCTGCCCCAGAATCCCATGTGCACTGGTCACCCCAGTGCTGAC TTGGAGCCAGGAAATGTGCCTTCAGCCCCCACCCCCAAATTCCAGTCTCC CAGCCAAGCTGCCCGCCTCAGGAGGATGACCATTCCCAGCCCCACTGATC CCCGAGAAACATTTTATGTTAGGGAATACCCCCACCTCTTCTGGGATGTG GGAGGCTCCTCATGCAGCCCAGTTCCTCCTGCGGGGGACCTGGGATGCTG 5 GAGACATGGATGCTCACCTGGCTGCCTCGGCCTTCCAGGGACAGACCCCG AGGAAGCCATCCTGAGTGCCTTCCGCATGTTTGACCCCAGCGGCAAAGGG GTGGTGAACAAGGATGAGTAAGTATGGGCCCAGCCAGATGAGGAGCACCG TGGTGGAAGCAGAGAGCGGGGTGAGGCCCCTAGTGAGGGGGGCTGCCTGT 10 GCTTCGGGCCTTACACTGCTCTTTGGGGTGCAGCCAACCCTTCCCTGCG CCATGGGAGCCTCCGTACCCACCTTCCCTGTGCAGTCACTCCCCGCAGT CTCCTGCTCAGACCCTCCTCACCCCCAGGTTCAAGCAGCTTCTCCTGAC CCAGGCAGACAAGTTCTCTCCAGCTGAGGTGAGGCTGCCCAGCCCCTTCA **ATACTCATCCCCAGCACCTTCTCTGGGCCTTCACCCATGACCCAGAGCCC** 15 AGTACCAGTGAGGCAGTTGCTGGAAGGGTGAGCCGAGGGCCCTTCTGGAG GAGGTGCCATCTCTGTTGAGACCTAGAGGGTAAAGATGTGGAGTCAGAAA AGAGGCAGGGTGCGCCAGGCAGGGAGACTGTGCACAGACCTGGGGGGAA GTGGATAGGGAGAGGTTTCGTACACTCGGGGTGGGCCTGTGCCTGTGCCT GGAGGGGCGTCCTTGGCCCACACTTTGCACTGACTCCTCACTC 20 TGCCCAGAGTCAGCCAAGAGAAAAACATTAACCCAGAGTCTGGGGTCTAG CCACAGGACTCAGGTGAGGTCTCTGCCGGGCTGGGCCAGGAGCCAGGGGA CTGCCACTCACCAGTGTCCCCTGCAGGTGGAGCAGATGTTCGCCCTGACA CCCATGGACCTGGCGGGAACATCGACTACAAGTCACTGTGCTACATCAT 25 CACCCATGGAGACGAGAAAGAGGAATGAGGGCCAGGCCCACGGG GGGGCACCTCAATAAACTCTGTTGCAAAATTGGAATTGCTGTGTGTCTT GTCTGTGACAGATGGGTTGGGGACCAGCCAAGGGGGATCCCAGGGTCTCA GTGCGCACATCACCATGATCATGGCCACCATCTACCTCCTGGGAGCTGGC CCCTCGCCAGCTCACCTTGATTCACTCCCATGATGCCAAGTGAAGTGTGA 30 ACTATGATCATGCCTAGTTTACAGATGAGGACACTGAGGCCCAGAAAGTG TGAGCATCTTACCAAGGCCAGCCCTCTAGAAGAGGAGATGGTGGGATTTA CACCACCTCCACCAAGCCCAGGAATGAGCCACAAAGTGGGCACTGCCCAG CTACTTGGGGCTGTGCAGAGAGAGGGCTGCTTGCTGGGCACTCAGCAAAC TCTGCCCAACAGCCGGGTGGGCAGCAGCCCTGGGACCCCCACACCC 35 AACCACACACCCCCTGGCCCACTGCTCGCACCCCATCTCAATACACT GGCTTGGGTGCCTCCCTGCATGGGCCCTTTGTGAAAGGCAGAGAGGTACC

CATTTGAAACACAACCAGCTTCTCATTGCAAATACAGGCAAGGCACTAAG **ACATGAGGAACATGGACACCAAAGCAGGGGCCAGGTAACATGCAAATTTC** TAGAGGAAATGCCCAGAACCTGCATCATGCCTCCTGAGCCCCTCATGCG CCGTGAGGGTAAGAGGGTCAGACAGCTGGAGTGTAGGGAGACGACTTCT 5 CAGGAGAGAATAGTTAGTGCTCCCGTCACCCTTCATCTGAGAACCCAAGA GCTAGAGGAGAAAGTGATCCTCATGAGTACCAGAGGAGCAGCAGGGGACA TCCAAAGCACCAGAGAGAGAAACAGAGACAGAGAGACAGGCAGTGACAGC TCAAACCTCAGCCAGATCCAGAGCATACAAAGTCTCCTGCCTACAGGACA GCCCAGTAAGAGCTCTCAGCTTGCCTCCTTCCCTCCCACAAGCCCTGCT 10 GCAATCCTGTACCTGGGGGTCAGTGGGAAGGAGGTGAGCGAGAAAGGAG GGCACCCTTCCTGAAGGCCCCAAGAGGAAAGGCGTTTTCACCCAGACA GGTGTTCAGTTTTGATTTTATCTGGCGCCTGGCAATTTAATTACTAAATT GAAACTTGAGACTTTCTGGAATTATGGCATTTTCTGTTGCTTAGAGAGAT TACAAAAGTCACGAACTGCCTGAGTTTCCATCCTGAAAGCAGGCCACCAG 15 CCCACTCCACTGACCATGCTGGAACAGTGGATGAACAAAATCAAGTACCA TTAGGATTCTACCACATGAGTCTGCTTGTTCAACAAGCTGATTTCATAAA GTAAGGATCATGTTATAATCCAAGCTCTACAGGGGTAAATTGTGAAAGA CTAAAATGAACCAAAAGATCATAGGTGTCCAGTTATCTGATTTGATGGG GTGTCTGAACCTTTTGTTATCTTTGAGCTGTTTCAAAACTCTCTAAATTA 20 **TTATTATTTTTGAGACAGAGTCTCTCTCTGTCACCCAGGCTGGAGTG** CAGTGGCATGATCTCAGCTCACTGCAACCTCCACCTCCCAGGTTCAAGTG **ATTCTCATGCCTCACCCTCCCAAGTAGCTAGTATTACAGATGGGCACACC TTGCCTGGCTAATTTTTGTATTTTTAATAGAGACGTGGTTTCACCATGTT** AGCCAGGCTGGTCTCGAACTCCTGACCTCCGTTGATCCACCTGCCTCTGC 25 CTCCCAAAGTGCTGGGATTACAGGGGTGAGCCACGTGCCCTGCCACAAC TCTAAATTATAACTAATAGCAAGGCAATGGTTCTTCTCTATTAACGTGCA AATAAATGTTGTCCAGTGGAAGCACAACTGATTTTTCCCTTCTCTGTGGA AGAAGCCAATTTTGCATCTATTAAGCAAATTCATCTGGGCATTCCTAACC GTCTACACATGCACCGGCTCTTTGAATTCTTCTCTGAACCAGGCCCAGGA 30 ATAAGCCACAAGATGAGCACTGCCCAGCTCCTTGGGCTGTCACATCTTAT TGATTCCCACATGAATTCACAAGTAAATAAAATATTTGGCGGTTGTTCAC **TTAGTATGCAAGTCAATATTTTGCTTTAAAAATATTATCCTTTCACACTC** CTGATATAGTTGTCTGATAAGGTTAGTCCTTCCCACACCAAAACTGCCTG 35 AAAAGAGAGACAGAAGGATAGAGAAACAGATGGGCACAGACCCAGG

**ACATGAGTTCAGCCTACACTGACCAATATGACAGCCACTGGCCACTTGAA** ATGTGGTGTGAGTTGGGATATGCCAAAAGTGTAAAATGCACACAATATTT TGAAGATTTCATACAAAAAAGAATGCAAACATCTCATTAATAACTTTTAT **ATAGATCACATGTTGAAATGATAATGTTTTGGATATTAGATTATTACTAA** 5 AATTAATTTCACCTATTTCTTTTCACTTTTTAAATGTGGCTACTAGAATA TTTAGAATTCCATAAGTGGCTTGCATTTCTGGCTTTCACTCCTGTTGGAA AGCACTGAGTTAGACTGTGTAGTACGTCTATTTAAGACTGCAGTTTCCAG GCCGAACACCGTGGCTCACGCCTATAATCCCAGCACTTTGGGAGGCCGAG GCGGCAGATCACCTGAGGTCAGGAGTTTGAGATAAGCCTGGCTAACGTG 10 GTGAAACCCTGTCTCTACTAAAAATACAGAAATTAGCCAGGTGTGGTAGT GCATGCCTGTAGTCCCAGCTACTAGGGAGGCTGAGGCAGGAGAATCTCTT GAACCCAGAAGGGAGGTTGCAGTGAGCCAAGATCAAGCCACTGCACTCC AAAATAAATAAATAAAGACTGCAGTTTCTGGGAGACTCTGAGGCAG 15 GCATTAGCCTTCTGCAGAGAGTACTTGCAGCAGGGAGCAGCAGTTTTG ATGTCCTCAAAAGGAGCCAATTTCATTTGGGTAGGGTTGCCTCTGAGTAT TCTAGCAGTACAGACAGAAAGGAGAGAAGGCTGTTTCCAGAAAGCAGAGA **TCATACGAATTACTTGTGAGACCAAACTTGTTCCTCAGGTGAAGCTCAGG** CATCCTTATGTGGAGTGTCTAACAGTCTACACCTGAGGATGTTGGACAT 20 AAGGGGTGTGAGGTGGGCATGGCTGGGAGGGGGAAAA CCAGCTCCATGTTGTCCACCCACTGAAAGGAAAGCTCCCTCTGGGGGAGG TAGATGCCCCTGGCCAGGCCTGCAGGCCCTGCTCACTGTGAGCCCTGT GTGGTCCTGGCCTGGGTCCCACCACCATTGCCAGGCAACAGCTCCCAGT 25 AAAGAAAGAAATACAACAGGTAACTAAGCATGACGCCTCACGCCTGAAA TCCCAGCTACTTGGGAGGCCAAGGCAGAGGATTGCTTGAGACTGGGAGGT TGAGGCAGCAGGATTCTGCAATTGCACTCCAGCCTGGGTGAC CATGCAACAGGCCAGGCGCAGTGACTCATACCTGTGATCCCAACACTTT GGGAGGCAGAGAGGGAGTGCTTAAGACCAGGAGTGCAAGACCAACC 30 TGGGCAACATGGCAAAAACCCATCTCTTCAAAAAAATAAAAAATTAGCCT GTTGTGGTGGTGCGCACCTATAGTCCCAGATATTCAGGGAGCTTGAACCA GGTCCAGCTGCAGTAAGCCATGATCGTGCCACTGCACTCCAGCCTGGGT 35 GAGGAAGGAGGAGGAGGAGGAAGAAGAATATAGGACC CAAAGGCCTAAATGCCCCTACTGTGCCCCAGTTCTGCGTGACTCAGGACC

AGCTCCTCACACTCCCACCACCACACCTGCACCCTACTTGTTCCTG GGGCCCCAAGGGAGCCTCACCAGAAGCCTCCTCATAAACCCACTGCCC CTTACCTTTCCTGTCTTTCTAGAAGCCTCAGAAGCCTTGCCACTCTAAGG ACACCTCCATCTGAGCCAAGGCGCTCGCTCCAGATGTCCCAGAGCTCCTG GTCCTGGGTGTCCCTGCCACACACCCCCCATGGAGCCCTGCTCTGGCTC 5 AAGCCCCTGACTGTGCATGAGCAGGCCTGTTGCCCTCACTGGGACTGTC CAGAGCCTTCCCATCTCTGGAGGGACTTCCATCAGTTTCTGCCCCTTC TCCTCTGCCAAGAACTCACGTTCAGTCTGATAGCAGAAGAATCATCTGGC ACCTCCTGAATGGAACCCAGAGTACCTCCTTTGTGGACCGGTCTCTGGA TTTTCCCACTCTCTCCCTTCAGCCATGCTGATGGCAGAGAAGGTAAGAA 10 CTTCCAGCCACTTCTCTGGCGAGGGGAACTTGTCATCTGGGTCTGCAGA GAAGGTTCCACCTTATGCTCATAGTACATTATCTTTACTATGTACTAGGA TATCACATTTAAAAGGACAAAAAAGGCCAGGCAGTGGCTCATGCTTGTAA TCTAGCACTTTGGGAGGCTGAGGCAGGTGGATTACCTGAGGCCAGGAGT 15 TCAAGACCAGCCTGACCAACATGGCGAAACCCCATCTCTATTAAAAATAC AAAAATTAGCTGGGTGTCGTGGCATGTGCCTACAATCCCAACTACTTGGG AGGCTGAAGCAAGAATCACTTGAACCCAGGAGGCAGAGGATGCAGTGA GCTGAGATCGTGCCACTGCACACCAGCCTGGGCGACAAACCGAGACTCCA TCTCAAAAAATAATAATAAAAATACAACAAAATAAAAGAACAAAAAAA 20 AAGAAATGTAAAATACTTGAAGGGGCTTGTATAACATTAATAGGATTGAC <del>AGTATCTGCTTTCCAGGCTGAAGTGATTCATTCATTATTCTAGACGTCTT</del> **TAGTCCTTTGCAATTTGTGGTAATTAGGCTTTTCTTTTTAACATTAAAAA** TATACAAAATAAAAGCAAAAAAAGCATCATCCCATTAGTCTGACCTTC 25 GGCCGAGGGAGCCTCTTCCCTCGCAGTGCAGGCCTCACCTGGGGCTCAG AGTCAGAATCTGCATTTTATTCCCTAGGACAACCTCTAGTCAGGGCAGAG GCCGCTGTGCTGCCCAAGTGCCCTAACCCTAGCTTTGAGGCACCAGAAG GGCAAATGCAAATTAAAAATGAGAATAAGTTTATTCTCCTTGGTGAAAAA AAAAAAAAAAAAATCTATCCCTTTTTCTTTAGAAAATCTATCATTG 30 CAAGTTCCTTGGACTTTTTTTATGTAGATCTGTTCAAAAGCTAAATA AGCCTCTTTCAAGTTTCACATCCCAGGAATGTCTCCTTAAGGACCTAGGA GCCACCATTGAAGTGTAATCACCAAGGGAGATACATCCTTATCTCCCAG TTTCGTGGGCAAAGGGGAGCCTAACTTTAGCCCGGTGCCTAGCTCAAGT TGCAACACACTTCCAGTCTTAAAGGAATGAATTTATTTTTTTCCTTTA 35 GGCAAACCCAGGTAGCCACCACAGTTACCTGGGGATTCACAGAGAACTGT GTGTGACCACTGGTGCTGTCAAGTCCTCTTACCTGAGCACCTGTGACGTT

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The human liver-glucokinase genomic DNA is 46,000 base pairs in length and contains ten exons (see Table 32 below for location of exons).

The human adipocyte enhancer binding protein 1\_has the amino acid sequence depicted in SEQ ID NO:3÷

MAAVRGAPLLSCLLALLALCPGGRPQTVLTDDEIEEFLEGFLSELEPEPREDDVEAPPPPEPTPRVR KAOAGGKPGKRPGTAAEVPPEKTKDKGKKGKKDKGPKVPKESLEGSPRPPKKGKEKPPKATKKP KEKPPKATKKPKEEPPKATKKPKEKPPKATKKPPSGKRPPILAPSETLEWPLPPPPSPGPEELPOEGG APLSNNWQNPGEETHVEAQEHQPEPEEETEQPTLDYNDQIEREDYEDFEYIRROKQPRPPPSRRRP **ERVWPEPPEEKAPAPAPEERIEPPVKPLLPPLPPDYGDGYVIPNYDDMDYYFGPPPPOKPDAEROTD EEKEELKKPKKEDSSPKEETDKWAVEKGKDHKEPRKGEELEEEWTPTEKVKCPPIGMESHRIEDN** QIRASSMLRHGLGAQRGRLNMQTGATEDDYYDGAWCAEDDARTQWIEVDTRRTTRFTGVITQGR DSSIHDDFVTTFFVGFSNDSQTWVMYTNGYEEMTFHGNVDKDTPVLSELPEPVVARFIRIYPLTWN GSLCMRLEVLGCSVAPVYSYYAQNEVVATDDLDFRHHSYKDMRQLMKVVNEECPTITRTYSLGK SSRGLKIYAMEISDNPGEHELGEPEFRYTAGIHGNEVLGRELLLLLMQYLCREYRDGNPRVRSLVQ DTRIHLVPSLNPDGYEVAAQMGSEFGNWALGLWTEEGFDIFEDFPDLNSVLWGAEERKWVPYRVP NNNLPIPERYLSPDATVSTEVRAIIAWMEKNPFVLGANLNGGERLVSYPYDMARTPTOEOLLAAA MAAARGEDEUSEAOETPDHAIFRWLAISFASAHLTLTEPYRGGCOAODYTGGMGIVNGAKWN PRTGTINDFSYLHTNCLELSFYLGCDKFPHESELPREWENNKEALLTFMEOVHRGIKGVVTDEOGI PIANATISVSGINHGVKTASGGDYWRILNPGEYRVTAHAEGYTPSAKTCNVDYDIGATOCNFILAR SNWKRIREIMAMNGNRPIPHIDPSRPMTPOORRLOORRLOHRLRLRAOMRLRRLNATTTLGPHTV PPTLPPAPATTLSTTIEPWGLIPPTTAGWEESETETYTEVVTEFGTEVEPEFGTKVEPEFETOLEPEF **ETOLEPEFEEEEEEKEEEIATGOAFPFTTVETYTVNFGDF** 

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and is encoded by the genomic DNA sequence shown in SEQ ID NO:78.:

CAGCAGGCCAAGGTCTTGTGACAATGTCTGGAGGTGCCCCTATTGTCACACTGGGGGTCTCC TACTGGCTGCAATGGGAGGAGGGGCTGCAGCCCCACATCCTGTGCAGAGTGCTAGTGCTGA GGCGGAACCCTCCAGAGCTGCCCCTTCTCCTCCAGGTTGTTACCCCTTCTACAAAACTGACC CGTTCATCTTCCCAGAGTGCCCGCATGTCTACTTTTGTGGCAACACCCCCAGCTTTGGCTC 5 CAAAATCATCGAGGTAATTTTTGTCTTCTGGGGGCCCAGGCTGATTTGCTGATTTGCTCTCAC CTGGGGACAAGGTTCACAGAGAAGAAAACCTGCATTGTGGAGTCCCCCTGGCCCTTGTGGGA TGGACAGCTGAGGTCTTCTGCACAGCTGCCATTTCACTGTGGGAGCCAAGCTGCCTCGCCAGC TGGGCAGGGACTGGACGCTCCCAGCCTGTGCCTCTCAAGGCTAATCTCTGGTCTCCT ATTGTCACTGCCCACTGTGTGCCAATGGGGACTCCTGTTTATTTCTGGCAGCTTCTCTTTGAG 10 GCAGGACTTACTTGGAACCTACAGTGGGTCCTATGTGACTTCTTTGCAGGTCCTGAGGACCAG GCAGCCTGGCCAGCCCATCAGCTTCTCGGGGCTTCGGGGCAGAGGACGATGACCTG GGAGGCCTGGGCCCCTGACTCAAAAAGTGGTTTTGACCAGAGAGGCCCAGATGGA GGCTGTTCATTCCCTGCAGTGTCGGCATTGTAAATAAAGCCTGAGCACTTGCTGATGCGAGCC 15 TTGAGCCTGGGCACTCTGGCTATGGGACTCCTGCAGGGGTGCCCACAGTGACCATAGCCCAT GCACCCACCAGCCGGTCTCCTCCTCCCCATCCCTGACACCTCAGAATGTGAGCAGTCCGTGCC **ATGAGCTTGTTTTATTGGAGTGACCTTGGCTCCCTCCTCCCTACTCCAACACTGCAGCA** ACCCATCTCTTACGAGACTGCAGGTGGAGCAGGAGCCTCTACACAGCCTCTGGCTCTTAGG 20 GGGCCTTCCATGTGCTGATGGGTGATGTGACTGTGGTCAGCAGGCTTGGGAAGTGC TGCTGCTGTAGCTTGAGTTGGGCTGGGGTCTTGGTAGGACGCTGATCTCAGAAGTCCCCAAAG TTCACTGTGTAGGTCTCTACTGTTGTGAAGGGGAATGCCTGGCCAGTGGCTATCTCCTCTTT TCTCCTCCTCCTCTCCTCAAACTCGGGTTCCAGCTGGGTCTCGAACTCAGGCTCCAACTG GGTCTCAAACTCGGGCTCCACCTTGGTCCCAAACTCGGGCTCCACCTCGGTCCCAAACT 25 GAGGCCCCAGGGCTCTATGGTAGTGCTCAGGGTGGTGGCAGGGGCAGGGGGCAGCGTGGGAG GCACAGTGTGGGGGCCTAGGGTGGTGGCGTTGAGGCGCCGCAGCCGCATCTGTGCCCGA ACCGCAGGCGTGTTGTAGGCGTCGCTGCTGCAGGCGTCGCTGTTGGGGGGGTCATAGGGCG CGATGGGTCTATGTGTGGGATAGGCCGGTTCCCGTTCATGGCCATGATCTCCCGGATGCGCTT 30 CCAGTTGGAGCGAGCCAGGATGAAGTTGCACTGAGTGGCCCCGATGTCATAGTCAACATTGC AGGTCTTGGCGCTCGGGGTGTAGCCCTCCGCGTGGGCTGTCACGCGGTACTCACCCGGGTTCA AGATTCGCCAGTAATCACCACCACTGGCTGCGGAGGGAGAACGATCCGGCTGCCCAGAGCGC CGCCCCAGCACCGCCCTCCCTCTGAATTTCGCCCCCAGGCTCCCCAGACTCTACCTGCTCGC 35 GCACACTAGGTACCTGTCTTCACGCCGTGATTAATGCCACTCACAGAGATGGTGGCGTTGGCA

ATGGGGATGCCTTGCTCGTCACCACCCCCTTAATGCCGCGGTGCACCTAGGGAAGCAGG AGCGCCTCCTTGTTGTTCTCCCACTCGCGGGCAGCTCACTCTCATGAGGGAACTTGTCACAGC 5 CCAGGTAGAAGGAGAGCTCCAGGCAGTTGGTATGCAGGTAACTGAAGTCATTGATAGCTGGC CGGGGACAGATACAGACCCAAAGTCAGCCCCTCTCCGGACCAGGCCCCGCCCACAGCCCCTCC CAGGCTGACTCACTCCGGTCCGGGGGTTCCACTTGGCCCCGTTGACGATGCCCATGCCGCCGG TGTAGTCCTGGGCTTGGCAGCCTCCGCGGTAGGGCTCGGTCAAGGTGAGGTGTGCGGAGGCG AAGGAGATGCCAACCGGAAGATGCCGTGTCTGGAGTCTCCTGGGCCTCGGAGACCTC 10 GTCCTCATCCTCCCCCGGGCTGCTGCCATGCCTGCGGCCAGCAGCTGCTCCTGGGTAGGCGTG CGGCCATATCGTAGGGGTAGGATACTAGCCGCTCGCCGCCGTTCAGATTTGCTCCCAGCACG AAGGGGTTCTTCTCCATCCAGGCAATGATGGCCCGGACCTCCGTGGATACCTGGAGTGGCCAG CACGTGTGAGGCCAGGGCTGCAGCTCCGGCCACTATCCCCAACCTAGCCCGATCACCCTCCATG AAGCTTCACACCAGTACTCGCACGATCCCCTGTCCCCCAACCCCCAGAGCCTCAGCGTCTGGAG 15 TTCAGGCACCGTCAGCCCCAAGCCCAGAACACCAGGACCCCAGGGTCCAGCTGCTCCC TCCTGCCCTTTCAGCCAGGCTGTAGCCTCACCGTGGCATCTGGCGAAAGGTAGCGTTCAGGGA TGGCCAAGTTATTGTTGGGGACCGGTAGGGGACCCATTTCCTCTCAGCTCCCCAGAGCA CAGAGTTGAGATCCGGGAAATCTTCAAAGATGTCAAAGCCCTCCTCAGTCCACAGTCCCAGCG CCCAGTTCCCAAACTCTGAGCCCTGTGGGGAGCCAGCAGGGTAGGCATCGGCTACCCACACCC 20 CCACAACCCCAGCTGCCTGGACCCTGGCCAGCCTTCAACCCACCATCTGCGCTGCCA CCTCGTAGCCATCAGGGTTCAGTGAGGGCACCAGGTGGATGCGTGTGTCCTGCACCAGGCTGC GCACACGTGGGTTCCCATCGCGGTACTCTCGGCACAGGTACTGCATGAGCAGCAGCAACAGCT CTCGGCCCAGCACCTCGTTGCCATGGATCCCAGCAGTGTAGCGGAACTCGGGCTCCCCTGCAA 25 ACCCACCTCATACCCGAGGGTCTGGGGGACAGCTGGGGCTCCTAGGGCCCTGTAAGACAAGCC AGAATCCCCAGAGAGGCTCCGGAACAGGCGGGAGGCAGTGAGCTCTGCACATCAGCAGCAGA GGCCAGCTGCTGGCCCCACAGACCCTCCCCCAGTTCATGCTCCCCAGGGTTGTCTGAGATCTC CATGGCATAGATCTTGAGGCCTCGTGAGCTCTTGCCCAGGCTGTAAGTGCGGGTGATGGTGGG 30 AATCCGTCCCCGCTGACCATGCCCCTTCCACTTCCAGGGCCTGCTCTATGGCGAGGGACGGGC CCTGGAACCAGTAGGGACTGGGCCCAGTGACAGAAGCACCAGGCACACTCCCGTCAGCCAC AGACAGGTCCCACCCCAGCCCCAGGATATATGCTCCCAACCTGGCGCATGTCCTTGTAGCTGT GGTGCCGGAAATCCAGGTCATCGGTGGCCACCACCTCATTCTGTGCGTAGTAGCTGTAGACAG 35 CTGCAAGGAGGCGGGTTGTCTTTAGCTGGGTGCCGGCTGGCCC

ACCTAGCACCCACCTCACTCAGAGCCCCTGCCAGCCCTCCACACTCACGGGCCACAGAGCA CCCAGCACCTCCAGGCGCATGCACAGGCTGCCATTCCAGGTGAGTGGGTAGATGCGGATGAA ACGAGCCACCGCCTCTGGGAGCTCACTCAGCACGGGTGTGTCCTTGTCCACGTTCCCATG AAAGGTCTGGGGAGAGCCAGCCTCAGAGCAGTACTGCCAGCCCTCTGAGAGCCCACCC CTCGCCCAGACAATGGGAGCAGAGCCAAGAGCCTGGGCATGTGCCCACCATTTCCTCATAGC 5 CGTTGGTGTACATCACCCATGTCTGGCTGTCATTGCTGAAGCCCACGAAGAAGGTGGTCACAA AATCGTCACTGTGGACTGGACAGTGGTCAGAGCAAGGGTCTTCCCCCTCCCAGGCCCTCAGGT GGCCTGAGCCTCCTCTTCCGAGCCCCAAGAATTTAAGAGCTAGCAGGGTGGTGCTGCACG GCCAGGTGTTGAGCCTGGGTCCTATGCCCGTCACATAGCCATGGGCAGGTGATCTGTCCCTA 10 AACTCATGTGCTATCAGGACACAGGGGCTGACTGACCAGGCTGAGGAGTGGGGATGGGCAGG GTGAGTCCCTCACTGATCTTTTTGGCCTTCTTTGGCTGGGCCAAAGAAGGGCCCACTGGAATC TCCTTAATGGGACACAGAGCCATGCCTATGTAGCCACTCCCCTCTGCCAACTATCCATGAGC CTGGCCACGCACTGGATGCTGGAGTCTCTGCCCTGGGTGATGACGCCTGTGAACCGGGTAGTC CTCTGGTGTCCACCTCTATCCACTGGGTCCTGGCATCGTCCTCGGCACACCACCACCACCATCAT 15 AGTAGTCGTCCTCAGTGGCACCGGTCTGTCCAGGGGGCAGGGGAGGCTGAGCATGGGCGGAG GAGTCCCTTATCCCAGTTGGGAGATGGGCCCATCCCAATGCCCACCTGCATGTTGAGCCGG CCGCGCTGTGCCCCAGGCCGTGGCGCAGCATGGAGGAGGCTCGGATCTGGTTGTCCTCAATA CGTGTGACTCCATCCCAATGGGGGGACACTCTGAGGACGCGTACCCCAGAATGGTGGCTCAC TAGCTCCATCCTTCCCTCCACCAAACCCAGAACCAAGGAGCCCAGAGCCCACTCCCGGCACATC 20 GGGGCACAGTCAGAGGCCAGCTCTGGTCAGCTGGTGCCCTGCTGCCCTGCACCAGC CCACCTGGAATCGACTCAAAGCCAGGCCAGGAGCTGTTTCCAATCCCAGCCTGTGCTTCCCCTC CCTGGGCCTCAGCTGCCCATCTGGAGAACGGGCTGACCATGCCCAGCTCTCAGGGGACACAC GTGAAATCACAGGTAGAGCTCCCCCAGGGCGCACCACAGATGTCATCCAGATGGGGACCGT CTGCACAATGGCCCTGCAGGGATACCTGTGAAGGTACCTGAGGTCCTCACTCCCCACCAAGGC 25 CCCAGGTCCTCCCCTACCACGCCCAGCCACTAGGGGCCCTGGGGAGCTGCCACCCTCCTGAAG CAGGCCAGCCTGGGGTCCAGGGCTGGGGCAGCCAAGCGAGGCTATCCTGGGCTCCCGGGGCCC CTCCCTTCTGGGTCCCAAGAATCTGAGTAGGAAAGGGTTCCGGGGACCTGGGTCCTGTTTGTG ACATTGGGCCAGTCACTTGTCCCAGCACCCCATCCTGTGGCCCCCACCCTCACCCCCTTGTGCC CCCACTTACTGACTTTCTCCGTAGGCGTCCACTCCTCCAACTCCTCGCCCTTTCGGGGGCTC 30 TAGGGACAATGAAGGGACATGGCACCAAGGGCCCGGGAGGCAATCAGGAGTCCAGATG CTGCCCACAGGGACCAGGCCCAAGCCCAGCACACCTTTGTGGTCCTTGCCCTTCTCC ACTGCCCACTTGTCGGTCTCCTCCTTGGGGCTGCTCCTCTTTTTGGGTTTCTCTGGAAGGT GCAAGGTAGGAGGGCCAGTCAGCCTGGCTCTGGGCTTTGAGGACCATGTGGGGTGGATCAG 35 CTCCTCTTCTCTCGTCGTCTGGCGCTCAGCATCGGGCTTCTGGGGCGGAGGAGGCCCAAAG TAATAGTCCACTATGGGGAGGGAGAGCCAGCTGAGGCTGCCCTGACCCTGCTGCGGGGCCTCA

GCTCCTGGGTCCACAGGAGCTCAGCAGGACAGGACGGCCCAGAGGGGGGAGGACGGGAG ATGGGGGACAGCTGAGTTGGGAGAGGGTCTTGCAGGAGTCAGGAGCAGCCCGAGCTCAGGG GCAGCTGAGCAAGACCCTGCTGAAGTCACCAGCCGGCCTTCCAGGAGCATCTGGCCTGGGGA AAGGACTCGAGGCCCAGGGCATGGGAAAGGCCTGGAGGGACAACTGGCACCTGTGCCTGGGG GAAATGCCATCCACGGCTGCCACCCAGGAGGAAAGGGAACCTGAGGGCTCCAGGGACGCA GGGCATGACCAACAGGGAGCAAAAGCCCTCGGGCTCCCTGAAGAGAGTGGGCAGTGGCC ACGAGCCAGCGGAAGCCAGTTAGAGCACAGGACTGGGAGGGCTGGAACCCACATGGGTGAC AGGCAGAGTGTGTGCCTAGGGACACCCCTGTGGGGGTCACAGCCAAGCAGGAACCAGGGAA 10 GCGCCAAGGAAAGACCAGCCTGAGGGCAGAGGAGACAGGGCAGTGGCTGGGGTGGCACG TGCCCCAGCTGGCTCCTGACCACCCCAGCCCCGACCCCCACCTGCCTATGTCCCTCAGACTCT GGGTGCTGGGTACTCACTGTCATCGTAGTTGGGGATCACGTAACCATCACCATAGTCAGGGG GCAGCGGGGCAGCAGAGGCTTCACAGGAGGCTCTGGGGAGGCGGGGAGGTTAGGAGGGGG 15 CCAGAGCGCCGTGGCCATGGCACCTCCTCTCCTGCCCCCATCCTACCAATCCTCTCCTCGGG GCTGGGGCCGGGCCTTCTCCTCAGGGGCTCTGGCCAGACCCGCTCGGGCCTCCTCCTTCTGC GAGTGGGCCCAAGGCTGGGATGGGCCCATTGGCACATCCCCCAGGCCAGGGGTCCGACCCA 20 GTCCAGTGTGGGTTGCTCGGTCTCCTCCGGCTCTGAGGGGAAAGCGCTGGTAGCTGCCTG AAGGCCAGGCGATGACGGCCACTCACCAGGCTGGTGCTCCTGTGCCTCCACATGGGTCTCCT CTCTGGATTCTGCCAGTTATTTGAGAGGGGCCCCTGCAACACAGGAGTTCCAGAAGCAGG TGGCCGGAGGCCTGCTCTGACCACCTTGGGAGCCTCAGGCCACCAGCCACCATAGAGCCCA 25 CACAGAGCCTGTGGACACCCTCCTGAGGCCGAGCTCACTCCAAGGAGGCCTGAGCTCCTCTGG CCTTCAGCATCCTGGCATCTCATGGGGCCAGAGAGCTGGGCCCACCTTCTGGGGAACCTA CTGTGCTGCAGGCCCTACCACAAAGCTGTCCCCAGCGGAGAAGGCAGGAGGGAACTCC GCTGCCAAGCCCTCTCCCTACCCAAAAGAGGCTACAGCACTGAGGGAGCCCACCAATCAAATT GTGAAATTTATAGCAAAAGTGAGGTTCCCATCCAGTGGGGAGCTGAAGGTCTATAGGAAGCA 30 GGGCCCAGAAACCTGCCTCCACTCCCTGCCTCCACCGAGCAGCAGTCAGAGCCCCATCAC CCCAGAGGAGCCCGGCACAAACCTCCCTCCTGGGGTAGCTCCTCGGGGCCAGGGCTGGGGGGT GGGGCAGTGGCCACTCCAGGGTTTCTGAGGGAGCCAGAATGGGGGGCCTCTTCCCTGACGG 35 <del>TTGGGCTTCTTGGTGGCCTTAGGTGGCTTCTCCTTGGGCTTCTTGGTGGCCTTGGGTGGCTTCT</del> CCTTCCCCTTCTTGGGCGGCCTGGGGGACCCCTCCAAGGACTCCTTGGGCACCTTGGGGCCTTT

GTCTTTCTTGCCTTTCTTCCCTTTGTCTTTTCCGGAGGCACTGTCCAAGATGCAGACT CGTGTCAAATGAACAGAGCCAGCTCTGTGCCCCCATGAGGCCCCTCTCTAGATGCCCAGAACC TGGGCACAGGGACTCTTGTCAGTTCCCAGTGCGGATCAGCAAACTGAGAGGTTAAGTCATTTG 5 CAATCTCAACCTCTCAAAGACTGAGCGTAGGGTTCCCAGTTCCCAGGGGGAGGCCCTCATCC CCCACTGCCAAAACCTCAATAGGGGTTCCTTACTATCCACTCCTCCACTATTCTGTTCTGGG CACAGAAGGGCAGAGAGGTGACTGAGCCATCCAGGCCTGGAGGAGCATCTGGTCATCCCTG CCAACTGCCATACAAAGGAAGGGACATGGGCCCAAGACCTTCCCCTGGTCTCCTACGGGGCAA GAAAAGCTTCAAAGAAAAGGGACACTTGGTTGAGTATTGAAGCCCAAAGAAGAAGAAGTGG 10 TCTCCTTTCGAGAGTAAGGGGTTTGGAATTGATTGGAAGGATAGGGAGTCCTGGGGGGTTC AGGGATCACACAGAGACAGAAAAGACAGGTAGGGAGCTTGTGGCTGCACACTCATTTCAGA GTCTGGGAGAGGAGCAGGACTGGTTGTGAGGATTCCCCATGGGAATCCTCCCAGGACCCT **AAGCAGGAGCTGCAAGTGCTGTTGAGAACCTGATGAGAGGTGGGGAGCATGAGGGAAGTTT** GGCAGAAACACAGGAAAGCTACCAAATGCAGACAGCCAGGGGACGCAGGGCTGCTAGAGCG 15 GTGCCCAGAGCCAGGAGCAAGCCTGGAAGGAGAGCCAGAGGCAGGAGGGCACAGGCA GCCCAGGGTGTGGGAAGCAGCCAGGAAAGATCTAGAGCTGGGGTGGCAGGGGAGGGGCTGC TGACATCAGGAATGTTGGATGCCTTGGAATCTCCTGGGAGACAGGGATCACAAGACCCT CTGCCACCTTCCAGAGGCCACGATGAAAACAGCTAAGATTTACTGACAACTGATTATGCAAG AGGCCGTGGGTTAAATGCTTCAGTGATGCATCACCTCATCTAATTTCCTGTACTAATGTAGGA 20 CCACCATTGCTCACCACCACCTGAAGCCCTGTGCTCACCACCACCTGAAACTCTCTCACCTAC GTGAGACCTCCTGGAGTAGGAGGCAAAGGCAGGAGGAGGACGACGTGAAGCTGTGCCA CCAACAGGAGAGTGCCCATTAGTATGCCAGGGGGTGACACAGCACAGTCCCCTGTGGCT CAAGCCTAGTACCTGTCGCGTACTGGAGGAATGGGGATAAGCGACCCGTACAACCACAGCAC CAACCCTAGAGCCACCGGCCCCAAAAGCGGCCCTGCCGCCGGGTGCTGGATGTGCCTCCAC 25 GCCAGCGCTGACCTCGGCCTAGCACAGGGTCCCTCCAGGCATCTGGGCTCGCGTGCGCATTAG TAAGCCAGCCATTCCTCCCCTAGCAGACTGGGGAGTGGCCAGACCCTACCGAATCCCCCTGTTC CTGCCGCTTCCCTGGCTTGCCCCCGCCTGGCTTTTCGGACCCGCGGGTTGGCTCGGGAGG CGGCGGGCCTCCACGTCGTCCTCCCGGGGCTCAGGTTCTAGCTCTGACAGGAAGCCCTCGAG 30 GAACTCCTCGATCTCGTCGGTCAGCACCGTCTGCGGGCGCCCTCCAGGGCACAGGGCCAG CAACGCCAGGAGCAGCTGAGCAGGGGGCGCCCCGCGCACGGCCATGGCCGCGCACGCG AGGGATCGAGACGGTGAGGGAATCCAGGAAGGGGGGGAGAGAGGATGGGGTGAGCGA GGGAATCCGGGAAAGGGAGGGAGAGTGGATTAGGGTGGCGAGGGGACCCGGGAAGGGGT 35 GCTGGGGGCTCCGAAGCCAGAGGGGTCAGGGGTGGTCGGGGCGCTCCGAGGTCTGGCGGC TAATAGGCGCTCCGGCCCCGCGTGGCGCACTCCCGCGGGATAGCCGTCTCCAAAGCGCTGGC

GGGCCCGGGGGGGCCCCGGGGCTTCCGGAGCCGCTCCCCACCCCCGGGAGGAGGAG GCCGGGGCTAGGGCCGGCCAGCCGGCGCCGCGGCGAGCGTCCCAAGCCCGGA GACTTGCGCCTAGGACAGAGGGCCAGGGGCGGGCGACTGGGAAGACAGAGGGCCTGAGG GAAGGAAAGGTGGTGGGGAGGCCTGGGGTGCGGGTCTGAGGGGGCCGACATCCCTCCT 5 TCTGCCCTAGGCACCCCCTTAAGGCGGACCCCGAGTCCACCGGGGCTCTGAGCCCTCCGCGG GTGACCAGGAACCCTGGACGGAAAGCCGTGGTGTCAGGCCTCTGAGACCTCTCTCAATTCGGA GGGCACAGAAAGGCCACCCATCCTTCCCAGGCTCTGGAGCCTCTGCCCATGGGCCCTGCTGC ATCCAGCGTCAATTCATTCAGTCATCCTACCAACCTCTTCAGGTCGGTGTGGGGCCGGGCCCC 10 AAAACTGCCTCAGAGTGGCCAGCTGCCCCGCTGGGGGTAGGAGTCCCATGTAAGGGCATGCC ATCCCTCCCTCCGGGTCCCAACGTGGACAAATAGCCATTTATCACCTTCTTCTTACCAGAACT CATTTTTAAAAAGTGTCTACCATACCTCCAGCTGCCACATGGACCCAGAGGGCCCAGAGGAC CCAGAAGGCAGGTGGATTGAGTGTCAACTGATCCCAGGATCCATCAGGGATGTGCACCTTGG 15 TGCCTGGTGTTTGCCATAAGGCTTCTCCAGGGCAAATGTTGGCTGCCCTACAACGGCCATCAA CAGGCAGAGTGGTCCCATTAGTATGGCAGGGCGTGACACAGCACAGTCCCCCGTGACTCAAGC CTAGTCCCTGTCTCATACTGGAGGAATGGGGAGCTAAGGACAGAGCTCCGAGGACATTCCCCC TTAAAGGAATGAGGACACAAGAGAAAGCTCACAGGTAGTCCATGGGCCAAGTGCAGAGGCA GACAGCCTAAGCCACGATTGTCTGCGGGGTTTGGCCCCAGTGAAGTAGTCAGGTAGGGAAG 20 CCTAGGAGCCCCTGGGATGATTGACAGGGCAGAGTTTGGACCTGGGGTCAAAAGGAAAGAGG AGCCGGGGAGGCCACAGTGGAGGCTGCTGGGCCTGGGATACATGCCACCCCCTGGGAGCAGG ACCACAAGGAGGCCTTGCCTCTCACACCTGGTCCTGCCAAGACCCTGCCTTTGCTTTCTCA CTGCATCTCCTTGAAAAAGCAGTGGGACTGTCTCAGGTTCTGGCTCTACCTCCCAGGCACCAC 25 ATCTCGGCAGGTAGCCTCAGTGCCGTCCACCTGTGTC CCTGTTCTCCTTGTCGTTCATACAGGATCATGCATGTGCTGTGCCTAGCACACATTCTTGGCAC TCACACTGCTGCCTTTTAGCTCTCATCATTTGCCCTCAGAGATCAACCTGAGCTGTGCCCACTG GCCTGCCACGTGCCCCAGGCCAGTCCTGGTGGCAGGATCCGCAAGCTCTCCCCTTTCCT 30 CATCCTCTGCAAAGCTCTGAATCATCTTTCTCAAAACTTGTTCTGGGAATTTGCTCCGTTGCCC CAGTTGAGCATGTCAAGCCGGCGGCCCAAGGCTGGGGTGAAGCAGCGTGGCACGTCACTTCC CTGGGAACAACTCACACATGGATTGGATTTGGGTCCAACATCCTCTGCCAGGGAAAATAGAA GCCATAAGAAAACAAAAAAGGAACAGAAGGAGGCTTTTCTTCAGTCACAGCGAGTCACCAAC AAAAACATGTGCAAAAGCTCTCATGGAGAGCTGGGCCACAAGGAGGCCCATGATGTTGGGGG 35 CCCTCTGACACCAAGGGTGTGGGCAGGTGGATGGGAGGCAGCTGCCCTCCATGCCAGGCTGAT GTGCCTCCTTTGGGTGGGGCTGGGACTCCCACTCCACTTGAAGACCTGCACAAAAAGT

CCTTTAGCCCTGTGCCAGGCTCTGCCACGGGGCCGGTGAGGGGACTTCTCCCCTCTGCTGCCA GAGTGAAGCCAGTCAGGGGGATGGGAGGCTTGTAGCCAAGAGCACCTAGTGGCTTTCAGGGT CCTTACCCTGCACTTAGCAGGGTCTGCACCTGCATCCAAGTGTTCTCCTGGGCTACAGTGG GGGGCTGGTAGACACTCTGGTGATCCACTTTCAGCTTCCCACATGGATGTGGCAGGGACTGCT TTGGCATTTCCCTACCCCAAGGGACAGCCACTGCGGCAGGACTGGGGGAGGGTGGGGC CTGCGCTGGGGAGGGTGCCCCTGTCCCTTGCTGCTGCTGGAATGGGAAGGAGATTGTTGAG AGAGCCAGAACTGTCCAAGGGTGGAAGCTGGCGAAACTGACCTGCAGGGAACAGGGAGACA GGGAGCATGGCCCAGTGAGTAGGTCCTATGTAGCTCTGAGGCCATCAACCCTGCCATGAGGGC TGAGACCCCAAGAGAGAGTTGAGGTTGGGTCAGGGGCCTGTTAGTGCCAGCTGAGGAGGG 10 GACAGGCCAGCCTCCCACTGGGACCCAAGCTATAGCTCCTGAGCCTCCAGAGCTGCCTGG TGCCTCAACCTGGTCAGAGGTGGAAACTCACCTGCCAGCAGGCCCAGTGTGCCTGAGTTCTGA GTGCAGGTCTGGGAGGCTGGGAGCAGACCTCCCAACCTGCCCATGGCCTCCGTGGCCCC 15 TACCGAGATGGCCCAGCAAACCCTTTGTATGTAAACTTCCGCCACAGCCCAGCTGTCCAGCAC CAGCATGTGTATCTGGGGGGGGGGTAAATAGAAGGTCTGGGAGGCCTGGGATCTGGCCAG CAGGCTACTGGGATCACAGATGCCAGCCCTCCATATCTCCGCTTGAGTCCTGGATCTGCCTCC GCTCCTAGAAACTCCCCCTTCTCTGCCGCCCAAGTGCCTGGATATTACCAGTGGGGTTAGCCTG 20 TTTGGGCCCACAAGATGGGATGGCTCCCAGAGCCATGGGACCTGAGGTCTCCCAGACAGTGTC TAGCCACCTCACAACTGGCAGAACAATTTCCTTGGTTTTCAACAACTTGAAAAAACATATGTG CTTCCACTCACCACAGGGCAGACAGCAAGCCCAGCTGTGGGGACTCGGTTGGGGTGGGGGTC ACCACAGCAAGGCGCGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGGCAGGCTTCCAGCACTGATGAGTAATTCTG 25 CTGCCGAAGATCTGGGAAGAGGGCATGTGACAACTTAGTGCAACAATCTGCCCAGTGTTAG GTCAGAAGGAAGGAGGTCGTTCAAAATGGAGTCTGGTGGAAAAAATAATGTTTGGCCCCA CCTCATACCTCCCTCAAAATTAACTCCAGATTAATGAGGTAGATGTTAGAAGAGGAACCAGG GAAGGACTACAAGAAAATATGGAGTCTTTATTTACATTGTGAGGTTTTCTTTAGGTTTTGTTT GTTTTGTTTTGATATGGAGTCTCACTCTGTCACCCAGGCTGGAGTGCAGTGGTGCGATCCC 30 GGCTAACTGCAACCTCCGCCTCCCAGGTTCAAGAGATTCTCCTGCCTCAGCCTCCCAAGTATCT GTAGAGATGGGGTTTCACCATGTTGACCAGGCAGATCTCAAACTCCTGACCTCAAGTGATCCA CCCGCCTCAGCCTCCAAAGTGCTGGGCGCCCGGCATGTGTGCCCAGCCTATATTGACATTCTT GATGGAGAGTCTCTTAAGGAAGGACAGAGAGTTTGGTTGCATAAAAGTTTTTACCTTCTG 35 TGCTTAGAGAGCGAACATTCCTGGCCTCCTGTAGTTTTAGGAAGCAGCTGTGGCCTCAGAC

The adipocyte enhancer binding protein 1 is 16,000 base pairs in length and contains 21 exons (see Table 23 below for location of exons). As will be discussed in further detail below, the human AEBP1 gene is situated in genomic clone AC006454 at nucleotides 137,041-end.

POLD2 has an amino acid sequence depicted in SEQ ID NO:4+

- 15 MFSEQAAQRAHTLLSPPSANNATFARVPVATYTNSSQPFRLGERSFSRQYAHIYATRLIQMRPFLEN RAQQHWGSGVGVKKLCELQPEEKCCVVGTLFKAMPLQPSILREVSEEHNLLPQPPRSKYIHPDDE LVLEDELQRIKLKGTIDVSKLVTGTVLAVFGSVRDDGKFLVEDYCFADLAPQKPAPPLDTDRFVL LVSGLGLGGGGGESLLGTQLLVDVVTGQLGDEGEQCSAAHVSRVILAGNLLSHSTQSRDSINKA KYLTKKTQAASVEAVKMLDEILLQLSASVPVDVMPGEFDPTNYTLPQQPLHPCMFPLATAYSTLQ LVTNPYQATIDGVRFLGTSGQNVSDIFRYSSMEDHLEILEWTLRVRHISPTAPDTLGCYPFYKTDPFI
  - UVTNPYQATIDGVRFLGTSGQNVSDIFRYSSMEDHLEILEWTLRVRHISPTAPDTLGCYPFYKTDPFI FPECPHVYFCGNTPSFGSKIIRGPEDQTVLLVTVPDFSATQTACLVNLRSLACQPISFSGFGAEDDDL GGLGLGP
    - and a genomic DNA sequence depicted in SEQ ID NO:8-7.

- 35 TATACAAGCGTGAGACTTCTTTCTGCCTTTGTAATTTATTAGCAGATTATCTGTGATGAGC

TTTCTGCATTGGCAGGAGATTTTTGTTTTCGATTATGTCCCCAACATGCCTGATGTTCCACCCC TCAAGAGCCTCAGCCTTGCCCAGGGAGGGCATGGGGGTGAGTGGCCTCTCCCACAGAGAGTG CTGGCCAAGTTGGCCCAGGTGCGCAGCAAGGGCTGCCCAAAGGCTCCCTCGTTG GCATGGGTCGGGACCCTGTTGTGTTTTTCGCTCTTTTTCGTAGAGTTCAAGGGGGTCCT 5 GCTATGTTGTCCAGACTGGTCTTGAACTGACCTCAAGGGATCCTCTCGTCTCAGCCTCCCAAAG TGCTGGGATTACTGTGCCCAGCTTTGTGTTGTATTTTCTGATCTTATCCTGCAACCTCTTGAGC ATTCTTTAGCTGAGTTAACACCACTGATAAGGTTAAAGACAGGCTCTTAAATTTCTGCC 10 CTGGCATGAGAAATATGTGACCCACATGCTTCTCCAGCTTAGCTGTCCAGTGTAACTGTCAGG GAGGCCCAGCCTGAACCTGGACTCCCCCATGTTCTGATATTCCTGCACAAGAGTGCAGAG GCCTGGTTAAGCTGGAGAAACATAAGGAATAGGTAGGTCTGCACACACTCACCTCTTTG CAGTGAACCTTCTAGAATCTTCTAGATGGAAAAGCTGGGGGTGTGGAGGTGTAGGGATAGGA 15 CAGCTGGGGGAGGCCTTGGCCAAGGTCAAGGAGTAGGCCCAGTCTCCCTCTGTGTGCCTGT CTGGGACTCGGTTTCCTGTGAAGCAGGGCTGGACGGGATATTGACAGCACCTGATGGTC ATTGAGCTCCTCTGCCCCAGGCACTCAGCTGCTGGGCACACGTGCACACGTGCAGTCCGGTGC CCTCTCACGCTCCGTGATGACTGAGTCTGTAGTTACACCCCTGGCCTCAGAATAAAGACTACA CTTTCTGCCTCACTGGCAGGTATGACTAGGTGTGGCAGTTTTCTCCTTAAGAGACA 20 GATGTTTGTGCCTCCCAACCGCTGGCTAACACCTAGCTGGCACACAGCCTCCTGGGGCTA TGAAGATGAGGCCACAGCCACAGGGTGGGGGAGCCGTGAGCTGGGTCTGGCTCTCTG ACATATGGGGGCATCACACATCACCTCTACCTCCCATCGAATGCTACACGAAGAGAACAAACT CCACCTGATGGAAGCTGCTGTTTGAAGTCTTTCATGCTCACAACAGAACCTAACCCCAAC 25 GCACAAGGCAGCAAGGCTGTGGGTCTGGGGCTCCCTCCAGGAGAATCAACTGGCTGCACAC AGCCTGGAGAGCCCATGGGCAACCTGAGTCCTTGCACCTGGAAGTTTCTGTGTCCCACACATA TCCAGGAGCTTAAAATGAAGATGTCTGAATTACCCAACCTCTTGATAGCACCAACCCAACCTT CCCAGCCTCTCTCTGAGGTCAGCCCAGAGCAAGCCCCTTGCAAAGCTGATTTAACTCAGAA 30 CCACTGGGCATACCCACAGGGCAGTGACCCTGCAGCCCTCGATCAAATGTGCAGATGGACTTG GGGGTGGCTGCTACCCCAGATGCCTCATTCTCCCAGGGTTGCAGAGCCCCTGAAAGCCACA GCCCTGTGTGCACACCACTGGGGAGTCATCACAGGATACTTCAAGAATTCAGTGCCAGGCAAG GTGCTCATGCTGTAATCCCAGCACTTCGGGAGGCTGAAGCGGGCAGATCACCTGAGGTCA GGAGCTAGAGACCACCCTGGTCAACATAGGGAAACCCCATCTCTACTAAAAATACAAAATT 35 <u>ATCTGGCGTGCGGGTGCCTGTAATCCCAGCTACTCAGGAGGCTGAGACCGGAAAATC</u> GCTTGAGCCTGGGAGGCAGAGGTTGCAGTGAGCTGAGATTGCACTGCAGCTTGG

GGGACAGAGTAAGACTCCATCTCAGAAAAAAGAGTTCTGTGTATCATTTAATGTGGAGATCC TCCCATCACGAGGATGAGGCTGTTTCTCTACTCCCCAGATCTGGGCTGGCCTGTGGTTTGTTGA CCTCAGCCTTGTAGTTCTCACTTTCCTGGAACCTGAATGCCACCACGCGACATCCATAAGACAA AGCCAGGATAAAAGATCACTTGGAGAGACAGGCCTGGCCTGGCACCACCCCGGCTGAGGCT 5 GGACCCCTGGGAAGGAGACTCTGATGGACCTCCAGACCCAGT CAAATGACCACTTCCAAGGTCAGGCAAGAAGGGACAAAGAGCCACTGGCTCAGCCCACAGCA CAATAGATGAGTGCTACCTCATCTTAGCCCATGTTCTGATGAAGACAAACAGTAGCATTGACA AAGTTTAAGAAAAGTTAACCAAAAACTGGGATTCCTTTCTTCATTTTGACCCTTTGTTACAA 10 GAAACAGAGGCCCACCCACCAGACTCACTGTTCACTGGTCCCTGAGTGCCTGTGAGTCTCAG TGGGAGTTACCTTGAGACCAGCCCTTCTGAGTGGAGGGTGCTGGGTGCTGAGGTCAAGTCGA GCTCAGTCCAGGCTAAAAGGAGAGCAGCTCTGGCCAGGCTGTCAGGGCTGTGGCCTCCCCAAG AACCTCCTACCCTGGCCCCTCCAGGCTTTGCTGCTATGGTTGTGTGAGGGGAGTTGCTGTCCCA GCATTCTGGCCCCCTGCCCCAGCCCCTCCCTGACCTCCACGGGCTTCAGGCCTCAGTCCAGA 15 GTCACCTCCTAGGAAGCCATCCCCCAGTGCAAGTCTGGGCAACATTCCTCCTTGCCTGGCCC **ACCTGCTCACTCTCATGCTATGGCTTTCTGTAAGCAAACACAAAGATAGGAACAACTCTGTCC** CAGACCTGTGGAGACTGAAGGCTGAGAGCCTTTATAGATGCTGTGGGGCCGAGGAGTTTGCC AACTACAGCAGGTCATGCCCAGAGGTTTCTCTCTGGGTAGCAAGGTGTGTCTCCCACCAAAGG 20 CCATTGGCATGGGGCCCGCCTGCTGACCCGAGGCAGTGCACAGCAGAGGCCAGATGCAGTG AGAAGGAGCCTCTCCTTGGCCTGTCTCTCCCATGCCTGTGGGGGGCGTGGACACAAGTGT <u>ATATGCATGTGTGCATGGAGAGAGAGACCTCCTCTTTCTGGCCCCTCTCCTAGCTGCCCCC</u> 25 CTCCCTCCTGCCAACACACTGTCAACCCTTCACTGTCTTTTTCCTTGGGACTCGTTGATCTG TCTCTACCATCCCAGGTGTCTGGAGCAGCCTCTAACCTTCCATCTGCCAAGGTACTTCAGCCCC ACCCTCCCAGCTGTGGAATGTCCCCTAGGATGTGCCACTGACACAAAGAGCCACACAGCTCC AAAATAGAATATTATCTAACCCACTGCTCCCTTTGCTGTCAGCAACACCTCCACCATGCTTCTC CCAGGACCCCCTTGAACTCTCTGCTTCCTCCTGAGGCCAAAGGAAAGACAGGAAAGGGGCC 30 **ACCTTCCTGTCCTTGGGTCCCACAGAGATGTATCCTTGTAATGAAACCTACTTTATGCTTGAGT** GAGTAGACCCTTGTTTTTGCCTGGCTTGGGTCGACCTGCACCTGCCAGGGTCCCAGCCTCTGA GTCAGCCCACCTTGCCCTCATCGGTGCCACCTCCAGGCGGCTGT ACATAGACTCTGGCTTCTGCCTGGCCTGGCCTCTGGGAACTGCAGCTGTCTGCTTCCATCCTA 35 TGTGGATGGTGCCTGAAAGTGAATAGGGATCAGTTACCAGCCCAGTATCTGTCCCCTTCTCAA

TTCCTGTAACCAACCCTACAGGGTGTAGGAACCTAGACTCTCAGCAACATAACAGGCAGC AGGCTCCCAAGCTAAGTCTGGCCAGCTGGGCCACCTCTCCCAGATTCTGTTTCATGAGAGCAT CATCCAAGAGCAGTGGGAACACTGGGGACGGTCCAGCCTAGGACTGGTATGCAGATCAGAGA 5 **ATCCAGATAGAAGGTGATTGCTGTTCTTCCAGTTTCTTGGCCCTCCAGAGCAACCATACTTCC** CATCTGCCCAAAACCTGATCCTCCAAACTCCCACCATTTCTGTGCATCCCCAATATCTAA TAGATCAACTGCCTTTCATTTACATTTGTCACAACCAAATGATACACCTGCCCTTCACCCACTA CTGAACTGCAGCTGGGTTAGTCCAAATTCAGGGCCCACGTGTCATTTCAAGCCTGTCTTGAAT AATGTACACCTTCCTGCAATGTGAGGATGCCACCACCTTGGTCTTATACCCACGGGTGTCCT 10 GAGCTACATTTCTCATAATCAAAAATAAACTCAACACATCACTCCAGCCTGAGCAACAGA GGGGAAAGAGGAAGCACCTGATTTCCAGAGTTTCCACATCATGAGATGCAAATGTCCAGTTT TCAACAACAACAACAACAAAAAAAAAATCACAAGGCATACAAAGAAATAGGAGACTAA GACCCACTCAAAGGAAAAGAATAAATAAGCAGAAGCCATACCAGAGGAAAACCAGATGGCT 15 GACTTACTAGACAAATACTTTAAAACAACTGTCTTAAAGATGCTTGAAGAGCTAAAGGAAAA TGTGAACAAGTCAAGAAAGTGATGGAACAAATGGAAATTCCAATAAAGTGATAGAAAACT TTTTGGAGTTTTTTTTCTTGGTAGCAAAAAATTATGAAGCTGAAGAATACAATAAATTCCCTA **GAGGGCTTCAAAGGCAGATGTAAGCAAACTTGGCCAGGTGCAGTGGCTCATGCTCATAATCC** AGCACTTTGGAAGGCTGAGGCAGGAGGATTGCTTGAGCCCAGGAGTTTGAAACCAGCCTGGG 20 CAACATAGAAAAACCCTATCTTTAAAAAAACTTATAAAAATTTAAAAATTATAAAAATTTAT TTAAAAAATCAGCAATTTGAAGACTGGACAGGGAAATTATCAAATTTGAGGAACAGAAAGG AAAAGATGGAAGAAAAATAAACAGAGCCTAAGAGACCTGCGGGACACCATCAAGCAGACT AATACCCATTGTGGAAATTCCAGAAAGAAAGAGAGTGAAGGACCAGAGAGATTATTAGGA GAAATAATGGCTGAAAATGTCTCAAAATTTGATGAATGACATGAATATGAACATTCAAAAATC 25 TCGACAACTCCAAGTAGGAAAAACTCAAAGATACTCATACTGAGATTCATCATAATCAAAC ATACAAGGATCTTCAAAAAGATTATCAGATATCTTGGCTGGGCACGGTGGCTCACACCTGTA ATCTTAGCACTTTGGGAGGCCGAGGCAGGTGGATCACTTGAGGTCAGGAGTTTGAGACCAGC CTGGCCAACATGGCAAAAACCCATCTCCATTAAAAATACAAAGATTGGTGAGGCATGGTGGT 30 GCATGCCTGTAATCCCAGCTACTCGGGAGGCTGAAGCAGGAGAATCACTTGAACCTGGGAGG CGGAGGGTGCACCAAGCCAAGATCGTGCCACCACTCCAGCCTGGGTGACAGAGTGTG GAAACCTCAGAGGCCAAAAGGCAGTAGATTGATATTCAAAGTGCTAAAAGAAAAAATA AATCTGTCAGCTGAGAATCCTGTATCTGTATCTCACTTAACCATTATTTTAAAATAAGGGAAA 35 ATGAAGACATTCCCAGATAAACACAAGCTGAGGGAGTTCATTATCACTAGATCTGCCCTGCAA AGAAAGCCAAAGAAAGCCTTTCAGGATGAAATGAAAGGATACTAGACAGTGACTCAAAGCT

GAATAAAGAGGCCAGGCATAGTGGCTCACACCTGTAATCTCAGCACTTTGGGAGGCTGAGAT GGGCGATCACCTGAGGAGTTGGAGACCAGCCTGGCTAATATGGTGGAACCCCATCTCTACG **AAAAATACAAAAATTAGCCAGGTGTGGTGGCACATGCCTGTAATCCCAGCTACTTGGGAGGC** TGAGGCAAGAGTCACCTGAACCCAGGAGGCGGAGGTTGCAGTGAGCCGAGATTGTGCCAC 5 TAAAGATCTCATCTATGCCGTACCACCTGAATGTGTCCAATCTCAGAAGCTAAGCAGAGTT GGGCTGGTTAGTACTTGGAGGGGAGAAATAACGGTCTATGCTAAAGGAAAATTCAGGTGCA ATTAAAGTAAAATTAATATAAAAGAGAATACATTAAAAGCTAGTATTATTGTAACTTTG GTTTGTAATTCCACCAAGTGGAATTTGTTCCTGAAATGCTAGAATGGTTCAACATAAAAATCA 10 ATAAATGTAATAGACCACATTAACAGAAAAAAAACCCACACGGTCATCTCAATTGATGTCAA AAAAGTATTTGACAAAATTCAACACTCTTTTGAAAGAAGAAAAAGCTCAACAAACTAAGAAT AGGAGGAAACTACCTCAAATAATAAAATCCATAGGCCAAATCCCCAAACTCACAGCTAGCAA CATATTTAATGCTAAAGACTGAAAGCTTCCCCTTTAAGATCCGGAATAAGACAAAGATGCCCA CTTTCACCACTTCTACTCAACATAGTATGGGAAGTTCTAGCCAGAGTAATCAGGTAAGAAAAA 15 TACAATGTTTCAGGTGAAGGCTCAGAACAGTACAACCTTACCAGCAAGAGTCCTGCTGTCTCT TTTGAGACAGCGTCTGGCTCTGTCGCTCAGGCTGAAGTGCAGTGGTGCAATCTTAGGTCACTG 20 CAACCTCAGCCTCCTGGGCTTAAGCGATCCTCCCACCTCGGCCTCCCAAAGTGTTGGGATACAG GCGTGAACCACTGTGTCTGACCCAAAGGATTATTTGAGGAGCAGATGAATTAATGTGTCATA ACCTCAAAGCAGTTGCAAAGGCGTTTAATAATTAAAATATCACATTTTAAATTAAAATATAA GGCTGGGCGTGGTCATGCCTGTAATCCCAGCACTTTGGGAGGCTGAGGTGGGAGGATC ACGCACACACACACACACACAAACTTAAAGTAGCCAGGCGTGGTGCTGCGCGCCTGTTG 25 TCCCAGCTACTCGGGAGGCTGAGGCGGGAGAATCACTGGAGCCTGGGAGTTCGAGGCTGCAG TGAGCCGAGATCGCACCACTGCACTCCAGCCTGGGCCACAGAGCAAGACGCTGCCTCAAACAA ACAAACAAAAACTAAAATTAAAATTAAGTAATAATTAACGAGTGTTAATATCCACTCGTT GTGGAGACAAGACCTGGACTTAGGAAACAGGCCCAGGGAAGTAGCAGAACAGTAGCGCTAG 30 AGGACGCCTGGGAGAATCAGCGCGGGGGAAGAGCCCGGGAAGCTTAGTGGGGAAGCGT TCCCAAAGTGGGAGACAGCACTCAGAAAGACGTGGTGGTAAGAACGAGTATGAGTAACGGG GACAACGAGGACACTGGAGATTGGGGAGTGTTGGGCTGGAAGCTGGTGTGCAGCTGTGGGCA AGCTAGGGAGGACCCCGAAACCGCCAATGCGTTTCCCGGACGCAGACGCTGGCAGGACGGGA 35 GGAACCCCGAGACCCCGCCCATCCCTTCAGGAAGAGTTACTTCTCCCCGGCCAAGTTAGTGG GCCTTGGGCCTTCTTTCTGTTGGGATCCTCCTCGCGTGTCGCCATCGCTACAAGTGGGCAGCTC

TGCGGGAAAGCTGGGACGCTGGGGGCTTCACCAAGGAGGCTGGCGCCGACCACTGGGAGG TCTGGCGGGTGACGACCACTGGGAGGTTTGGGCAGGGCCTGACGGGGTGACGCGGTCAGCC GCGCCCGCCCGCCCCGCGTTGCCCAGGAAACCGAGGGTGTGGCTCCGCGT 5 TCTCTGGGCGTCCCAGGGACTGGGCGCACAGTGGTCGGCGGGATGAGGCGCCTGGTGACGGA CGGGCGAGGAGGCAGCGATTGGTGAGATTAGGCGATGGGCGGGGAAGCCGCGGGGAT GGCTCCTGGGTGGGCTGGTGTCTTGGCGGACGTCCCGCAGCTGCCGCGTGGATCCGAGC10 CGGGCACCGCGTGACTGGGACAGCCCCAGGGCGCTCTCGGCCCCATCCGAGTAGCGCC GCCTGGCTGCCGCCATCAGCACGTTCGAGCCAAAAGCTCCTAACGAGTCACTCGTTAGA GGGAATTTTTAACTTTCTAGTAGGTGTACGAAAAAAGTAAAACGAAACAAATCAATTGGAG TAAATCCATAAATATTCAAACTATTATTTCAATTGTGTGAAAAAATTATTGGGATATTC TTTGTACTATTCTTAGAAATCCATTGTGTGTCCAACCCAAACATCACAGTTGGACTCACCACAT 15 CTCCTGTACTTCGTAGCCCTAGGTGGCTAGTGGCATAAGACACAAAAATCTCAGCTCTCCTGG AGCTTATGGTCTAGTTGGAGCAGCAGACAATACATTTAAAATATACAGTTTGTTAGAAGGT AAATGTTGTAAACAACAATAACAGTTGAAGTACTGGGGAGAGTTGCAGTTGTAAATCAGATG GGCAGGCACAAGGTAACATTTGAGTAAAGATGTAAGAACTTGAAGGAGATGGCCAAGTGA 20 GCTCTATAAGTATACGGGAGAGGGCAAGCAAGAGTTCAGAGGCCCCTTGCTGTGGGGAGGG ATCCAAGGTGGAGGAGCAGACCAGGAGGGGGAGAGGACCAGTGGAGCAGATCTCATAGGC AGTTGTAAGGACTTGGGGCCTTATTCAATGAAATGAGGACACTTTGGAGAGTTTTGAACAGA TTTCACAGAAGTTTTATTTAATAAGGCAGACCTCTTGTCTGGAAATGAGACAGGTGCCGGAG 25 TAGTTGTCCAGATGGAACAGGACACCTGAGTCTAGGGTTCGGGAAGAACTCCAGATGGGACA AACACTCCTAGCTTTCCTTTTTTGGATGACCGCTACAGGGTGAGACATCGGTATCCAG GCACGATAAATTTCCAAGTGGACACAATGTCTGGTGTCAACTACAGCTGTTCTCTTTTTCC CAGTATCCTTTGGGTGCAGTGAGACACCAGGAGAGCTGCTGCTTTGGGGGATGGACAGGGGC 30 AGCAGGAATGCCTTTGTGTTTTCGCAGTGAACCTCCTTGGCCTGGGCGAAGCTGTGTGGACCA AGCAAGTCAGGAGTGTGGCCATGTTTTCTGAGCAGGCTGCCCAGAGGGCCCACACTCTACTGT CCCCACCATCAGCCAACAATGCCACCTTTGCCCGGGTGCCAGTGGCAACCTACACCAACTCCTC ACAACCCTTCCGGCTAGGAGAGCGCAGCTTTAGCCGGCAGTATGCCCACATTTATGCCACCCG CCTCATCCAAATGAGACCCTTCCTGGAGAACCGGGCCCAGCAGCACTGGGGTAAGTGAGAGTT 35 **TGGGAAGGTGCTTCCCCCACAGCATCCCTGAACTTAGAAGTGTTCTGCAAGAGAATGGGAAC** AGTTTATCTAATTGATCCCACTTCCTGTTACCTTGGGAAAATTAACCTCTTTTTCCCTCAGTTT

AGAGGCTGGTTGGAGATGAGGACTTAGTTCTGGCGGTGATGGCGATTACTTCACTGGCAGAG GAAAATGGTTTTCCTATCTTCAGTGCAGATTATTCAGGTATTTGCCTGTGCTGTAGCCAGAGA GCCCTCAGTGTGGCAAGCCTGGCGCCAGGCACCAGGAGCCAAGACTGGTGAGGATGCACTCT 5 CTGGTCTCGAGGGGACCCCCTCTGTTCACTCATGTCTGTTTGCCTCTCCTCCTGGCCCCCATATT TGCTGGCCATGAATTTTCCTGTCCCTTGGGCCCTCTGTCTTTCCTAATAAAGTGGCCTGCCCAA CACAACCCTTGTTCTTTGCCCCCATTTCTTCCCTGGTGATCTCTCCTGCAGTTGGATTACTCTTG GTGGTGAAGCAGGACCCCCATCTCCCCCTTTGAGTTTATTTGAGTTTTAGGTGCTGCATT CCCCATTCCTACCACTTACATAAGAGTGGCTTTCCAGGTAATTTTCAAATCCATCTCCTATTA 10 TATTTTAAACTGAGGATTTAGTAGGTGAGACCAGGTCTTACTCATTTTTACTGTCCTTGGCA CCAGGCAAAATGGATCTCAGCCCTAGTTGCACATTGGAATCCCCTGGGGAGCTTTGAGAAGCC AGAAATCTAGCTAGAACCTCAAATTCATTAGGGATATGTATTAGTCCATTTTCACATTGCTAT 15 CATGGCTGGGGAGGCCTCAGGAAACTTAACAATCATGGCAGAAGGTGAAGGGAAAGCAAGG CTCTTTTACATGATAGCAGGAGAGAGAGAGCAAGGGGAACTGCCAACCATTTTTAAACCATC AGATCGCATGATGGCTTGATCTCACCATCACAAGAACAGCATGGGGGAAATCCACCCCC ACAATCCAGTCACCTCCCACCAGGTCCCTCGTCAACACCGTGTGGATTATAATTCCAGATGA GATGTGGGTGGGACACAGAGCCAAATCATATCAGGATGTTTTCTGTTTTGTTTACCTGAGAC . 20 TTCCTCACTTTCCTTTCAGCCCTCGGGACACCTTCCTTGGCTCCTTTCAGAGCTCAGTTACTACT TGGGCCCAATGTCAATGCCACCTTCTAGATTCTTTCCGGCAGCACCTCCTCTGGTCGCACATTT CTCTTCCAGTTATTGGAGCTGTCAAAAAAGCTCCCCAGTGATGGACGATAGCGATTTCACTGTGCTCACAGACTGGTCAGGAAACCAAACAGCTGCCACAGTGAATGTGTTGATAGCAGCGGGGC 25 AGCAGTAGCACTCGCTCACAGGCCTGGTGGTTGGTGCTGGCCCCCACCCTGAATACCTACATG TGGCTTCTCCATGTGGCCTGTGCATCCTCACTGAAGCTCAGCCTGTCTCTCCAAATTGGTCTTT CCACTCACCTGTTCCCCAAACCTGCCCAGACCTTCCTGCTGTAGGCTTTTCCCTTCACTTGGCAC ACTCTTTCCCTTGTCTTCCCATGGCCCCATCTAAGCCCCACTGTCAGCTGAAGTGTTATATTCTT TGAGGGGCACCTGAAGCCACCTTGCAATGAGGGCCTCCGTTTTCTACCTCAGCTCACCATTTG 30 TTCACAGCACTTGTCACTGTGGCGAGTTACTTGTCTATGGCCTGTTGTCGTTCTCCTGCCTAGA CATTGCCTGGGTGGAAGCATGTCCTACTATCGGTTACAGGGATGTCATTCTGCCCAGTGCTCA GGGCATACACTTGGATCCCAGTTGTGCCCTTGGACACATTGCTTAACCTCTGTGCATCA GTTGGGTGATAATATCTACTCCTGGCACATTTTCAGCGTTGGCTGAGTTACATTACAGTGCTT 35 AGGCCACCTGGGGGAGAGTAAGAGTGGGATACGTGAGGATGTGGAGTCTGTTGCATTTCTGT 

GATTTGAGGAATATTCCTGGTTCTTCCCAGGCAGCAGGGGCTCAGGCTGTGCTGGAGTCAGCT AGGCTAAGGGGCTGTCTGGCATCCGCGTTGTCCTGTCACCTCCTTGGTGTTTTTCTCCAGGCCT GGATCTGTGTGTGGGCACCTGTATTCCTCCCTCCTGCCCTCACTGATTCTCCATACCTTTCT TCTCGAGAGTGCCAAGCCCCTCCCATGTGTTCTTGTTCATACCTAGGATCCCGGGAAGGGGCT 5 GGGGAAGACGGTGCCCAGGTGCCTGGGTAAACAAAGCCACCTGACTCCACGGGAATGGAAT GGGTGGAGGGATCTGAGGTCTGCATTTTGAGTATCTCTGGTCTCAGAGGATGAAGCATTTG GTGGGGGTTGGGGGGTAGGGTGGAAGAATCTAAAGTCTTAAAAGAAAATGGCAGT TATTTGTGGGACAGGGCTGTTGAGACTTGGCATGCTTCTTTTAAGAGTCAGTGTTGTAAT TTAGGTATAAGTGAAGCAGTACTTTGTATTAGTTTCCTGTAGGCGCTGTAACAAAGCACCACA 10 AACTGGTTGACTTAAAACAACAGACATGGCCGGGCACGGTGGCTCACGACTGTAATCCCAGC **ACTTTGGGAGGCGGGCAGATCACAAGGTCAAGAGATTGAGACCATCCTGGCTAACA** ACGCTGTAGTCCCAGCTACTCGGGAGGCTGAGGCAGGAGAATGGCGTGAACCCGGGAGGCG GAGCTTGCAGTGAGCTGAGATCGCGCCACTGCACTCCAGCCTGGATGACAGCGAGACTCCGCC 15 TCAAAACAAAAACAAAAACAGAAACAACAATAACAGAAAAACACAGACATTTACTCTCTGGC AGTTCTGGAGGCCAGAAGTTGAAATCCAGATGTCAGCAGGATTGGCTCCTTCTGAAGGCCCG AGGGAGGTCCTTCCTGGCCTCCCTGGTGTTCCTGGCCTTGTGGCCGCATCACTCCGCTC TCCAGGGCCCAACCACACCCAGAGTCCCTGGTCTCCTGTGGCTGACTCACTTTTTACTGTCACC 20 GTGAAGTCCAGGGGTCCTTGTACTTGATGTTCTCTCTGGCAAGGCCAGGGCCCTGTGATTG AGCCTGAGGAGAAGTGCTGTGGGGGCACTCTGTTCAAGGCCATGCCGCTGCAGCCCTCCA TCCTGCGGGAGGTCAGCGAGGAGGTGAGGCAGGGTGCTACACAGTGGGGCCGCCAGGCAGAC 25 CTGGCCTCCCACTAGAACACCTCCCTGGAGGTGGGGTTGTGGGGAAGCAGGTTCAGAGACAA TGGACTCCAGAGGGGTGGGGGCTGCGGTGCCAGCTAACACCAGAGCTTTGGTGGGCTCT GGCCCAAGATTATACCTCCTGTCTCTGCATTCCAGCACAACCTGCTCCCCAGCCTCCTCGGA GTAAATACATACACCCAGATGACGAGCTGGTCTTGGAAGATGAACTGCAGCGTATCAAACTA AAAGGCACCATTGACGTGTCAAAGCTGGTTACGGGTAGGGAGCCCAATGAGAGGATGTGGGT 30 GATGCAGGTGAAGAGCCCAGCGGTGTGTGTTAGGGATGGTGTGAGTGGGGAGCCTGGGGG GGCAGTGACTCCAGGAAGCAGGCATGCATCCTGGAGTCCTAGGTGAGAATTCACCAATGTGG TTGTGGAGAACTGGCTTGTTTTGCCCGTTGGGGTGACTGGAAGGAGTGGTAGCACCTGGGGC 35 TCCTGCTCAGGCCTGATGCCACTGCTCCCCAGGGACTGTCCTGGCTGTTTTGGCTCCGTGAG AGACGACGGAAGTTTCTGGTGGAGGACTATTGCTTGCTGACCTTGCTCCCCAGAAGCCCGC

ACCCCACTTGACACAGATAGGTGAGCAGCAGTTCTCGGGGAGCTGGAACCAGCTCATGGTCAG TGGAATCTTTGAGTTGCACCTAGGAGGGGCTGCCTCCCTTCTCGGCACCCTGGAGGACCCCAC CTTCTCCGCAGGTTTGTGCTACTGGTGTCCGGCCTGGGCCTGGGTGGCGTGGAGGCGAGAG CCTGCTGGGCACCCAGCTGCTGGTGGATGTGGTGACGGGGCAGCTTGGGGACGAAGGGGAGC AGTGCAGCGCCCACGTCTCCCGGGTTATCCTCGCTGGCAACCTCCTCAGCCACAGCACCCA GAGCAGGATTCTATCAATAAGGTATGGAGCCCACCTGGCTGCATTCAGCCCCAGCCCAGGAG CCTGCAAGCCTGTAAGACCCTCCTTCCCCAGGGGGAGTAGGGTACCCTGTGAGGTCTCGCAGG TCGGTGGGAAGCGCCTGCAGTGACTCTGGGGCCTCCTGCAATGGGGCTCCTCATGCCCAGGC CCTCGCTGAGGATGGTGGGAGGCTTGAAGGGAGTGAGGGTCTATGGGACAACAACTGCATCT 10 TCCAGCTGGTGGGCTCTACTCTCTCTGAGCCTGGGACTCGCCTGGGCCTGATGGCCTTCTGG GCCGGAGTTGGTGTAGGGGGCTCCTTCGGGGCCCTGTGAGCTCTCCCTGCCCTGTGCCTTCCA 15 GGCCTCAGTGCCCGTGGACGTGATGCCAGGCGAGTTTGATCCCACCAATTACACGCTCCCCCA GCAGCCCTCCACCCTGCATGTTCCCGCTGGCCACTGCTACTCCACGCTCCAGCTGGTCACC AACCCCTACCAGGCCACCATTGATGGAGTCAGGTAGCTGGCACAGCCACACTTCAGTCTGACC GGCTGCAGAGGCCCACCTAGCATCTGTTCCTTCTCTGGGGCATCCCCACAAGAGCGCCAGA 20 TGAGCTCTGGGCTGACCACTATGGGTGGCACCCAAAGCCAAGAGTCAGCTGAGCTTTGCCTTG CAGATTTTTGGGGACATCAGGACAGAACGTGAGTGACATTTTCCGATACAGCAGCATGGAGG ATCACTTGGAGATCCTGGAGTGGACCCTGCGGGTCCGTCACATCAGCCCCACAGCCCCGGACA CTCTAGGTAACAGGCTCAGCCATACAGGGTGGGAGCAGAGGCCAGGAGGCCTGGCAGGACC CTGAAGTGCACAGGGTCCCCCTGTGGGTTTGCACTTGCCAGCATTGCTGAGAACTGTCTGAGG 25 AGAAGTTCAGAGGCTTGGCACCTGCTCTGGAAGCTACTCTGGAATCTTAATTCTAAGGCCAAT GGCTGCCCACCCAACGGCAGCAACAGCAGGGCCAAGGTCTTGTGACAATGTCTGGAGGTG CCCCTATTGTCACACTGGGGTCTCCTACTGGCCTGCAATGGGAGGGGGGCTGCAGCCCCAC ATCCTGTGCAGAGTGCTAGTGCTGAGGCGGAACCCTCCTCAGAGCTGCCCCTTCTCCTCTAGGT TGTTACCCCTTCTACAAAACTGACCCGTTCATCTTCCCAGAGTGCCCGCATGTCTACTTTTGTG 30 GCAACACCCCAGCTTTGGCTCCAAAATCATCCGAGGTAATTTTTGTCTTCTGGGGGCCCAGG CTGATTTGCTGATTTGCTCTCACCTGGGGACAAGGTTCACAGAGAAAAACCTGCATTGTGG **AGTCCCCTGGCCCTTGTGGGATGGACAGCTGAGGTCTTCTGCACAGCTGCCATTTCACTGTG** GGAGCCAAGCTGCCTCGCCAGCTGGGCAGGGACTGGAACGGCTCCCAGCCTGTGTGCCTCTCA AGGCTAATCTCTGGTCTCCTATTGTCACTGCCCCACTGTGTGCCAATGGGGACTCCTGTTTATT 35 TCTGGCAGCTTCTCTTTGAGGCAGGACTTACTTGGAACCTACAGTGGGTCCTATGTGACTTCTT TGCAGGTCCTGAGGACCAGACAGTGCTGTTGGTGACTGCCTGACTTCAGTGCCACGCAGAC

The POLD2 gene is 19,000 base pairs in length and contains ten exons (see Table <u>1</u>4 below for location of exons). As will be discussed in further detail below, the POLD2 gene is situated in genomic clone AC006454 at nucleotides 119,001-138,000.

The polynucleotides of the invention have at least a 95% identity and may have a 96%, 97%, 98% or 99% identity to the polynucleotides depicted in SEQ ID NOS:5, 6, 7 or 8 as well as the polynucleotides in reverse sense orientation, or the polynucleotide sequences encoding the SNARE YKT6, AEBP1, human glucokinase, AEBP1, or POLD2 polypeptides depicted in SEQ ID NOS:1, 2, 3, or 4 respectively.

A polynucleotide having 95% "identity" to a reference nucleotide sequence of the present invention, is identical to the reference sequence except that the polynucleotide sequence may include on average up to five point mutations per each 100 nucleotides of the reference nucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide. In other words, to obtain a polynucleotide having a nucleotide sequence at least 95% identical to a reference nucleotide sequence, up to 5% of the nucleotides in the reference sequence may be deleted or substituted with another nucleotide, or a number of nucleotides up to 5% of the total nucleotides in the reference sequence may be inserted into the reference sequence. The query sequence may be an entire sequence, the ORF (open reading frame), or any fragment specified as described herein.

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As a practical matter, whether any particular nucleic acid molecule or polypeptide is at least 95%, 96%, 97%, 98% or 99% identical to a nucleotide sequence of the presence invention can be determined conventionally using known computer programs. A preferred method for determining the best overall match between a query sequence (a sequence of the present invention) and a subject sequence, also referred to as a global sequence alignment, can be determined using the FASTDB computer program based on the algorithm of Brutlag et al. (Comp. App. Biosci. (1990) 6:237-245). In a sequence alignment the query and subject sequences are both DNA sequences. An RNA sequence can be compared by converting U's to T's. The result of said global sequence alignment is in percent identity. Preferred parameters used in a FASTDB alignment of DNA sequences to calculate percent identity are: Matrix=Unitary, k-tuple=4, Mismatch Penalty=1, Joining Penalty=30, Randomization Group Length=0, Cutoff Score=1, Gap Penalty=5, Gap Size Penalty=0.05, Window Size=500 or the length of the subject nucleotide sequence, whichever is shorter.

If the subject sequence is shorter than the query sequence because of 5' or 3' deletions, not because of internal deletions, a manual correction must be made to the results. This is because the FASTDB program does not account for 5' and 3' truncations of the subject sequence when calculating percent identity. For subject sequences truncated at the 5' or 3' ends, relative to the query sequence, the percent identity is corrected by calculating the number of bases of the query sequence that are 5' and 3' of the subject sequence, which are not matched/aligned, as a percent of the total bases of the query sequence. Whether a nucleotide is matched/aligned is determined by results of the FASTDB sequence alignment. This percentage is then subtracted from the percent identify, calculated by the above FASTDB program using the specified parameters, to arrive at a final percent identity score. This corrected score is what is used for the purposes of the present invention. Only bases outside the 5' and 3' bases of the subject sequence, as displayed by the FASTDB alignment, which are not matched/aligned with the query sequence are calculated for the purposes of manually adjusting the percent identity score.

For example, a 95 base subject sequence is aligned to a 100 base query sequence to determine percent identity. The deletions occur at the 5' end of the subject sequence and therefore, the FASTDB alignment does not show a matched/alignment of the first 10 bases at 5' end. The 10 unpaired bases represent 5% of the sequence (number of bases at the 5' and 3' ends not matched/total numbers of bases in the query sequence) so 5% is subtracted from the percent identity score calculated by the FASTDB program. If the remaining 95 bases were perfectly matched the final percent identity would be 95%. In another example, a 95 base subject sequence is compared with a 100 base query sequence. This time the deletions are internal deletions so that there are no bases on the 5' or 3' of the subject sequence which are not matched/aligned with the query. In this case the percent identity calculated by FASTDB is not manually corrected. Once again, only bases 5' and 3' of the subject sequence which are

not matched/aligned with the query sequence are manually corrected for. No other manual corrections are made for purposes of the present invention.

A polypeptide that has an amino acid sequence at least, for example, 95% "identical" to a query amino acid sequence is identical to the query sequence except that the subject polypeptide sequence may include on average, up to five amino acid alterations per each 100 amino acids of the query amino acid sequence. In other words, to obtain a polypeptide having an amino acid sequence at least 95% identical to a query amino acid sequence, up to 5% of the amino acid residues in the subject sequence may be inserted, deleted, (indels) or substituted with another amino acid. These alterations of the reference sequence may occur at the amino or carboxy terminal positions of the reference amino acid sequence or anywhere between those terminal positions, interspersed either individually among residues in the referenced sequence or in one or more contiguous groups within the reference sequence.

A preferred method for determining the best overall match between a query sequence (a sequence of the present invention) and a subject sequence, also referred to as a global sequence alignment, can be determined using the FASTDB computer program based on the algorithm of Brutlag et al. (Com. App. Biosci. (1990) 6:237-245). In a sequence alignment, the query and subject sequence are either both nucleotide sequences or both amino acid sequences. The result of said global sequence alignment is in percent identity. Preferred parameters used in a FASTDB amino acid alignment are: Matrix=PAM 0, k-tuple=2, Mismatch Penalty=1, Joining Penalty=20, Randomization Group Length=0, Cutoff Score=1, Window Size=sequence length, Gap Penalty=5, Gap Size Penalty=0.05, Window Size=500 or the length of the subject amino acid sequence, whichever is shorter.

If the subject sequence is shorter than the query sequence due to N- or C- terminal deletions, not because of internal deletions, a manual correction must be made to the results. This is because the FASTDB program does not account for N- and C- terminal truncations of the subject sequence when calculating global percent identity. For subject sequences truncated at the N- and C-termini, relative to the query sequence, the percent identity is corrected by calculating the number of residues of the query sequence that are N- and C-terminal of the subject sequence, which are not matched/aligned with a corresponding subject residue, as a percent of the total bases of the query sequence. Whether a residue is matched/aligned is determined by results of the FASTDB sequence alignment. This percentage is then subtracted from the percent identity, calculated by the above FASTDB program using the specified parameters, to arrive at a final percent identity score. This final percent identity score is what is used for the purposes of the present invention. Only residues to the N- and C-termini of the subject sequence, which are not matched/aligned with the query sequence, are considered for the purposes of manually adjusting the percent identity score. That is, only query residue positions outside the farthest N- and C-terminal residues of the subject sequence.

The invention also encompasses polynucleotides that hybridize to the polynucleotides depicted in SEO ID NOS: 5, 6, 7 or 8. A polynucleotide "hybridizes" to another polynucleotide, when a single-stranded form of the polynucleotide can anneal to the other polynucleotide under the appropriate conditions of temperature and solution ionic strength (see Sambrook et al., supra). The conditions of temperature and ionic strength determine the "stringency" of the hybridization. For preliminary screening for homologous nucleic acids, low stringency hybridization conditions, corresponding to a temperature of 42°C, can be used, e.g., 5X SSC, 0.1% SDS, 0.25% milk, and no formamide; or 40% formamide, 5X SSC, 0.5% SDS). Moderate stringency hybridization conditions correspond to a higher temperature of 55°C, e.g., 40% formamide, with 5X or 6X SCC. High stringency hybridization conditions correspond to the highest temperature of 65°C, e.g., 50 % formamide, 5X or 6X SCC. Hybridization requires that the two nucleic acids contain complementary sequences, although depending on the stringency of the hybridization, mismatches between bases are possible. The appropriate stringency for hybridizing nucleic acids depends on the length of the nucleic acids and the degree of complementation, variables well known in the art. The greater the degree of similarity or homology between two nucleotide sequences, the greater the value of Tm for hybrids of nucleic acids having those sequences. The relative stability (corresponding to higher Tm) of nucleic acid hybridizations decreases in the following order: RNA:RNA, DNA:RNA, DNA:DNA.

### Polynucleotide and polypeptide variants

The invention is directed to both polynucleotide and polypeptide variants. A "variant" refers to a polynucleotide or polypeptide differing from the polynucleotide or polypeptide of the present invention, but retaining essential properties thereof. Generally, variants are overall closely similar and in many regions, identical to the polynucleotide or polypeptide of the present invention.

The variants may contain alterations in the coding regions, non-coding regions, or both. Especially preferred are polynucleotide variants containing alterations which produce silent substitutions, additions, or deletions, but do not alter the properties or activities of the encoded polypeptide. Nucleotide variants produced by silent substitutions due to the degeneracy of the genetic code are preferred. Moreover, variants in which 5-10, 1-5, or 1-2 amino acids are substituted, deleted, or added in any combination are also preferred.

The invention also encompasses allelic variants of said polynucleotides. An allelic variant denotes any of two or more alternative forms of a gene occupying the same chromosomal locus. Allelic variation arises naturally through mutation, and may result in polymorphism within populations. Gene mutations can be silent (no change in the encoded polypeptide) or may encode polypeptides having altered amino acid sequences. An allelic variant of a polypeptide is a polypeptide encoded by an allelic variant of a gene.

The amino acid sequences of the variant polypeptides may differ from the amino acid sequences depicted in SEQ ID NOS:1, 2, 3 or 4 by an insertion or deletion of one or more amino acid residues and/or the substitution of one or more amino acid residues by different amino acid residues. Preferably, amino acid changes are of a minor nature, that is conservative amino acid substitutions that do not significantly affect the folding and/or activity of the protein; small deletions, typically of one to about 30 amino acids; small amino- or carboxyl-terminal extensions, such as an amino-terminal methionine residue; a small linker peptide of up to about 20-25 residues; or a small extension that facilitates purification by changing net charge or another function, such as a poly-histidine tract, an antigenic epitope or a binding domain.

Examples of conservative substitutions are within the group of basic amino acids (arginine, lysine and histidine), acidic amino acids (glutamic acid and aspartic acid), polar amino acids (glutamine and asparagine), hydrophobic amino acids (leucine, isoleucine and valine), aromatic amino acids (phenylalanine, tryptophan and tyrosine), and small amino acids (glycine, alanine, serine, threonine and methionine). Amino acid substitutions which do not generally alter the specific activity are known in the art and are described, for example, by H. Neurath and R.L. Hill, 1979, *In*, *The Proteins*, Academic Press, New York. The most commonly occurring exchanges are Ala/Ser, Val/Ile, Asp/Glu, Thr/Ser, Ala/Gly, Ala/Thr, Ser/Asn, Ala/Val, Ser/Gly, Tyr/Phe, Ala/Pro, Lys/Arg, Asp/Asn, Leu/Ile, Leu/Val, as well as these in reverse.

# **Noncoding Regions**

The invention is further directed to polynucleotide fragments containing or hybridizing to noncoding regions of the SNARE YKT6, AEBP1, human glucokinase and POLD2 genes. These include but are not limited to an intron, a 5' non-coding region, a 3' non-coding region and splice junctions (see Tables 1-4), as well as transcription factor binding sites (see Table 5). The polynucleotide fragments may be a short polynucleotide fragment which is between about 8 nucleotides to about 40 nucleotides in length. Such shorter fragments may be useful for diagnostic purposes. Such short polynucleotide fragments are also preferred with respect to polynucleotides containing or hybridizing to polynucleotides containing splice junctions. Alternatively larger fragments, e.g., of about 50, 150, 500, 600 or about 2000 nucleotides in length may be used.

Table 1: Exon/Intron Regions of Polymerase, DNA directed, 50kD regulatory subunit (POLD2) Genomic DNA

EXONS LOCATION (nucleotide no.)

	(A)	mino acid no.)		
1.	11546	11764		
	1	73		
2.	15534			
	74	114		
3.	15857	15979		
	115	155		
_	1.001	1 < 4 < 4		
4.	16351 156	16464 193		
5.	16582			
	194	260		
6.	17089			
	261	287		
7.	17327	17484		
	288	339		
8.	17704	17829		
0.	340	381		
	340	J01		
9.	18199	18303		
	382	416		
10.	18653	18811		
	417	469		
'tga' at 18812 – 14				
Poly A at 18885 – 90				

Table 2: AEBP1 (adipocyte enhancer binding protein 1), vascular smooth muscle-type. Reverse strand coding.

EXONS LOCATION (<u>nucleotide no.</u>)
(Amino acid no.)

21.	1301 196	66
	1158 93	§7
20.	2209 230	
	936 90	)5
19.	2426 256	(0
17.	904 85	
	701	•
18.	2651 300	1
	856 74	10
17.	3238 341	7
	739 68	30
16.	3509 370	
	679 61	<b>4</b>
15.	3930 405	
	613 573	}
14.	4320 440	16
14.	572 54	
	312 34	<b></b>
13.	4503 464	16
	543 49	96
12.	4750 483	33
	495 4	68
11.	5212 535	
	467 4	21
10.	5435 554	15
10.	420 384	

9.	6219	6272		
	383	366		
8.	6376	6453		
	365	340		
_	< <b>#</b> 0.4			
7.	6584			
	339	314		
6.	7476	7553		
<b></b>	313	288		
	626			
5.	7629	7753		
	287	247		
4.	7860	7931		
	246	223		
3.	8050			
	222	199		
	0.480	0044		
2.	8673			
	198	85		
1.	10642	10893		
	84	1		
	<del>-</del> -	-		
Stop codon	1298 - 1300			
Poly A-site	1013 - 18			
Table 3: Glucokinase				

Table 3: Glucokinase

EXONS LOCATION (<u>nucleotide no.</u>)

(Amino acid no.)

1. 20485 ----- 20523

1 13

14       68         3.       26173	2.	25133	
69       120         4.       27524		14	68
69       120         4.       27524			
4.       27524	3.		
121       160         5.       28535		69	120
121       160         5.       28535			
5.       28535	4.		
161       192         6.       28740		121	160
161       192         6.       28740			
6.       28740	5.		- 28630
193     225       7.     30765		161	192
193     225       7.     30765			
7.       30765	6.	28740	- 28838
226     287       8.     31982 32134 288       9.     32867 33097 415       10.     33314 33460 464		193	225
226     287       8.     31982 32134 288       9.     32867 33097 415       10.     33314 33460 464			
8.       31982	7.	30765	30950
8.       31982 32134         288       338         9.       32867 33097         339       415         10.       33314 33460         416       464		226	287
288     338       9.     32867 33097 415       10.     33314 33460 464		4	
9. 32867 33097 339 415 10. 33314 33460 416 464	8.	31982	- 32134
339 415 10. 33314 33460 416 464		288	338
339 415 10. 33314 33460 416 464			
10. 33314 33460 416 464	9.	32867	- 33097
416 464		339	415
416 464			
	10.	33314	- 33460
Stop codon 33461-3		416	464
	Stop codon	33461-3	

Table 4: SNARE <u>YKT6</u>. Reverse strand coding.

<b>EXONS</b>	LOCATION (nucleotide no.)	
		(Amino acid no.)
7. 4320		- 4352
	198	188

6.	5475	5576
	187	154
5.	8401	8466
	153	132
4.	9107	9211
	131	97
3.	10114	10215
	96	63
2.	11950	12033
	62	35
1.	15362	15463
	34	1
Stop codon at 4817 – 19		

Poly A-site: 4245 – 4250

TABLE 5: TRANSCRIPTION FACTOR BINDING SITES

BINDING SITES	SNARE YKT6 GLUCOKINASE		POLD2	AEBP <u>1</u>
AP1FJ-Q2	11			11
AP1-C	15	_15	7	6
AP1-Q2	9			5

AP1-Q4	7			4
AP4-Q5	36		5	43
AP4-Q6	17			23
ARNT-01	7			5
CEBP-01	7			
CETS1P54-01	6			
CREL-01	7			
DELTAEF1-01	64	12	5	50
FREAC7-01		4		
GATA1-02	19			
GATA1-03	12		•	6
GATA1-04	25	6		
GATA1-06	8	5		
GATA2-02	10			
GATA3-02	5			
GATA-C	11	6		
GC-01				4
GFII-01	6			
HFH2-01	5			
HFH3-01	10			
HFH8-01	4			
IK2-01	49			29
LMO2COM-01	41	6		27
LMO2COM-02	31	5		7
LYF1-01	10	13	6	
MAX-01	4			
MYOD-01	7			
MYOD-Q6	32	19	7	12

MZF1-01	99	40	15	94
NF1-Q6	5			7
NFAT-Q6	43	8	7	8
NFKAPPAB50	)-01	4		
NKX25-01	13	14	5	
NMYC-01	12			8
S8-01	-	30	4	
SOX5-01	21	20	4	4
SP1-Q6				8
SAEBP1-01	4			
SRV-02	5			
STAT-01	6			
TATA-01	8			
TCF11-01	47	28	5	19
USF-01	12	8	6	8
USF-C	16	12	12	8
USF-Q6	6			

In a specific embodiment, such noncoding sequences are expression control sequences. These include but are not limited to DNA regulatory sequences, such as promoters, enhancers, repressors, terminators, and the like, that provide for the regulation of expression of a coding sequence in a host cell. In eukaryotic cells, polyadenylation signals are also control sequences.

In a more specific embodiment of the invention, the expression control sequences may be operatively linked to a polynucleotide encoding a heterologous polypeptide. Such expression control sequences may be about 50-200 nucleotides in length and specifically about 50, 100, 200, 500, 600, 1000 or 2000 nucleotides in length. A transcriptional control sequence is "operatively linked" to a polynucleotide encoding a heterologous polypeptide sequence when the expression control sequence controls and regulates the transcription and translation of that polynucleotide sequence. The term "operatively linked" includes having an appropriate start signal (e.g., ATG) in front of the polynucleotide sequence to be expressed and maintaining the correct reading frame to permit expression of the DNA sequence under the control of the expression control sequence and production

of the desired product encoded by the polynucleotide sequence. If a gene that one desires to insert into a recombinant DNA molecule does not contain an appropriate start signal, such a start signal can be inserted upstream (5') of and in reading frame with the gene.

## **Expression of Polypeptides**

#### **Isolated Polynucleotide Sequences**

The human chromosome 7 genomic clone of accession number AC006454 has been discovered to contain the SNARE YKT6 gene, the human liver glucokinase gene, the AEBP1 gene, and the POLD2 gene by Genscan analysis (Burge et al., 1997, J. Mol. Biol. 268:78-94), BLAST2 and TBLASTN analysis (Altschul et al., 1997, Nucl. Acids Res. 25:3389-3402), in which the sequence of AC006454 was compared to the SNARE YKT6 cDNA sequence, accession number NM\_006555 (McNew et al., 1997, J. Biol. Chem. 272:17776-177783), the human liver-glucokinase cDNA sequence (Tanizawa et al., 1992, Mol. Endocrinol. 6:1070-1081), accession number NM\_000162 (major form) and M69051 (minor form), AEBP1 cDNA sequence, accession number NM\_001129 (accession number D86479 for the osteoblast type) (Layne et al., 1998, J. Biol. Chem. 273:15654-15660) and the POLD2 cDNA sequence, accession number NM\_006230 (Zhang et al., 1995, Genomics 29:179-186).

The cloning of the nucleic acid sequences of the present invention from such genomic DNA can be effected, e.g., by using the well known polymerase chain reaction (PCR) or antibody screening of expression libraries to detect cloned DNA fragments with shared structural features. See, e.g., Innis et al., 1990, PCR: A Guide to Methods and Application, Academic Press, New York. Other nucleic acid amplification procedures such as ligase chain reaction (LCR), ligated activated transcription (LAT) and nucleic acid sequence-based amplification (NASBA) or long chain PCR may be used. In a specific embodiment, 5' or 3' non-coding portions of each gene may be identified by methods including but are not limited to, filter probing, clone enrichment using specific probes and protocols similar or identical to 5' and 3' "RACE" protocols which are well known in the art. For instance, a method similar to 5' RACE is available for generating the missing 5' end of a desired full-length transcript. (Fromont-Racine et al., 1993, Nucl. Acids Res. 21:1683-1684).

Once the DNA fragments are generated, identification of the specific DNA fragment containing the desired SNARE YKT6 gene, the human-liver glucokinase gene, the AEBP1 gene, or POLD2 gene may be accomplished in a number of ways. For example, if an amount of a portion of a SNARE YKT6 gene, the human-liver glucokinase-gene, the POLD2 gene or AEBP1 gene, or POLD2 gene or its specific RNA, or a fragment thereof, is available and can be purified and labeled, the generated DNA fragments may be screened by nucleic acid hybridization to the labeled probe (Benton and Davis, 1977, Science 196:180; Grunstein and Hogness, 1975, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 72:3961). The present invention provides such nucleic acid probes, which can be conveniently prepared from the specific sequences disclosed herein, e.g., a hybridizable probe having a nucleotide sequence corresponding to at least a 10, and preferably a 15, nucleotide fragment of the sequences depicted in SEQ ID NOS:5, 6, 7 or 8. Preferably, a fragment is selected that is highly unique to the

encoded polypeptides. Those DNA fragments with substantial homology to the probe will hybridize. As noted above, the greater the degree of homology, the more stringent hybridization conditions can be used. In one embodiment, low stringency hybridization conditions are used to identify a homologous SNARE YKT6, the human liver glucokinase, the AEBP1, or POLD2 polynucleotide. However, in a preferred aspect, and as demonstrated experimentally herein, a nucleic acid encoding a polypeptide of the invention will hybridize to a nucleic acid derived from the polynucleotide sequence depicted in SEQ ID NOS:5, 6, 7 or 8 or a hybridizable fragment thereof, under moderately stringent conditions; more preferably, it will hybridize under high stringency conditions.

Alternatively, the presence of the gene may be detected by assays based on the physical, chemical, or immunological properties of its expressed product. For example, cDNA clones, or DNA clones which hybrid-select the proper mRNAs, can be selected which produce a protein that, e.g., has similar or identical electrophoretic migration, isoelectric focusing behavior, proteolytic digestion maps, or antigenic properties as known for the SNARE YKT6, the human liver-glucokinase, the AEBP1, or POLD2 polynucleotide.

A gene encoding SNARE YKT6, the human liver glucokinase, the AEBP1, or POLD2 polypeptide can also be identified by mRNA selection, i.e., by nucleic acid hybridization followed by in vitro translation. In this procedure, fragments are used to isolate complementary mRNAs by hybridization. Immunoprecipitation analysis or functional assays of the in vitro translation products of the products of the isolated mRNAs identifies the mRNA and, therefore, the complementary DNA fragments, that contain the desired sequences.

## **Nucleic Acid Constructs**

The present invention also relates to nucleic acid constructs comprising a polynucleotide sequence containing the exon/intron segments of the SNARE YKT6 gene (nucleotides 4320-15463 of SEQ ID NO:5), human liver-glucokinase gene (nucleotides 20485-33460 of SEQ ID NO:6), AEBP1 gene (nucleotides 1301-13893 of SEQ ID NO:8) or POLD2 gene (nucleotides 11546-18811 of SEQ ID NO:7) operably linked to one or more control sequences which direct the expression of the coding sequence in a suitable host cell under conditions compatible with the control sequences. Expression will be understood to include any step involved in the production of the polypeptide including, but not limited to, transcription, post-transcriptional modification, translation, post-translational modification, and secretion.

The invention is further directed to a nucleic acid construct comprising expression control sequences derived from SEQ ID NOS: 5, 6, 7 or 8 and a heterologous polynucleotide sequence.

"Nucleic acid construct" is defined herein as a nucleic acid molecule, either single- or doublestranded, which is isolated from a naturally occurring gene or which has been modified to contain segments of nucleic acid which are combined and juxtaposed in a manner which would not otherwise

exist in nature. The term nucleic acid construct is synonymous with the term expression cassette when the nucleic acid construct contains all the control sequences required for expression of a coding sequence of the present invention. The term "coding sequence" is defined herein as a portion of a nucleic acid sequence which directly specifies the amino acid sequence of its protein product. The boundaries of the coding sequence are generally determined by a ribosome binding site (prokaryotes) or by the ATG start codon (eukaryotes) located just upstream of the open reading frame at the 5' end of the mRNA and a transcription terminator sequence located just downstream of the open reading frame at the 3' end of the mRNA. A coding sequence can include, but is not limited to, DNA, cDNA, and recombinant nucleic acid sequences.

The isolated polynucleotide of the present invention may be manipulated in a variety of ways to provide for expression of the polypeptide. Manipulation of the nucleic acid sequence prior to its insertion into a vector may be desirable or necessary depending on the expression vector. The techniques for modifying nucleic acid sequences utilizing recombinant DNA methods are well known in the art.

The control sequence may be an appropriate promoter sequence, a nucleic acid sequence which is recognized by a host cell for expression of the nucleic acid sequence. The promoter sequence contains transcriptional control sequences which regulate the expression of the polynucleotide. The promoter may be any nucleic acid sequence which shows transcriptional activity in the host cell of choice including mutant, truncated, and hybrid promoters, and may be obtained from genes encoding extracellular or intracellular polypeptides either homologous or heterologous to the host cell.

Examples of suitable promoters for directing the transcription of the nucleic acid constructs of the present invention, especially in a bacterial host cell, are the promoters obtained from the *E. coli lac* operon, the prokaryotic beta-lactamase gene (Villa-Komaroff *et al.*, 1978, *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA* 75: 3727-3731), as well as the *tac* promoter (DeBoer *et al.*, 1983, *Proc. Natl Acad. of Sciences USA* 80: 21-25). Further promoters are described in "Useful proteins from recombinant bacteria" in *Scientific American*, 1980, 242: 74-94; and in Sambrook *et al.*, 1989, *supra*.

Examples of suitable promoters for directing the transcription of the nucleic acid constructs of the present invention in a filamentous fungal host cell are promoters obtained from the genes encoding Aspergillus oryzae TAKA amylase, Rhizomucor miehei aspartic proteinase, Aspergillus niger neutral alpha-amylase, Aspergillus niger acid stable alpha-amylase, Aspergillus niger or Aspergillus awamori glucoamylase (glaA), Rhizomucor miehei lipase, Aspergillus oryzae alkaline protease, Aspergillus oryzae triose phosphate isomerase, Aspergillus nidulans acetamidase, Fusarium oxysporum trypsin-like protease (WO 96/00787), NA2-tpi (a hybrid of the promoters from the genes encoding Aspergillus niger neutral alpha-amylase and Aspergillus oryzae triose phosphate isomerase), and mutant, truncated, and hybrid promoters thereof.

In a yeast host, useful promoters are obtained from the Saccharomyces cerevisiae enolase (ENO-1) gene, the Saccharomyces cerevisiae galactokinase gene (GAL1), the Saccharomyces cerevisiae alcohol dehydrogenase/glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase genes (ADH2/GAP), and the Saccharomyces cerevisiae 3-phosphoglycerate kinase gene. Other useful promoters for yeast host cells are described by Romanos et al., 1992, Yeast 8: 423-488.

Eukaryotic promoters may be obtained from the genomes of viruses such as polyoma virus, fowlpox virus, adenovirus, bovine papilloma virus, avian sarcoma virus, cytomegalovirus, a retrovirus, hepatitis-B virus and SV40. Alternatively, heterologous mammalian promoters, such as the actin promoter or immunoglobulin promoter may be used.

The constructs of the invention may also include enhancers. Enhancers are cis-acting elements of DNA, usually from about 10 to about 300 bp that act on a promoter to increase its transcription. Enhancers from globin, elastase, albumin, alpha-fetoprotein, and insulin enhancers may be used. However, an enhancer from a virus may be used; examples include SV40 on the late side of the replication origin, the cytomegalovirus early promoter enhancer, the polyoma enhancer on the late side of the replication origin and adenovirus enhancers.

The control sequence may also be a suitable transcription terminator sequence, a sequence recognized by a host cell to terminate transcription. The terminator sequence is operably linked to the 3' terminus of the nucleic acid sequence encoding the polypeptide. Any terminator which is functional in the host cell of choice may be used in the present invention.

The control sequence may also be a suitable leader sequence, a nontranslated region of an mRNA which is important for translation by the host cell. The leader sequence is operably linked to the 5' terminus of the nucleic acid sequence encoding the polypeptide. Any leader sequence that is functional in the host cell of choice may be used in the present invention.

The control sequence may also be a polyadenylation sequence, a sequence which is operably linked to the 3' terminus of the nucleic acid sequence and which, when transcribed, is recognized by the host cell as a signal to add polyadenosine residues to transcribed mRNA. Any polyadenylation sequence which is functional in the host cell of choice may be used in the present invention.

The control sequence may also be a signal peptide coding region, which codes for an amino acid sequence linked to the amino terminus of the polypeptide which can direct the encoded polypeptide into the cell's secretory pathway. The 5' end of the coding sequence of the nucleic acid sequence may inherently contain a signal peptide coding region naturally linked in translation reading frame with the segment of the coding region which encodes the secreted polypeptide. Alternatively, the 5' end of the coding sequence may contain a signal peptide coding region which is foreign to the coding sequence. The foreign signal peptide coding region may be required where the coding sequence does not normally contain a signal peptide coding region. Alternatively, the foreign signal

peptide coding region may simply replace the natural signal peptide coding region in order to obtain enhanced secretion of the polypeptide. However, any signal peptide coding region which directs the expressed polypeptide into the secretory pathway of a host cell of choice may be used in the present invention.

The control sequence may also be a propeptide coding region, which codes for an amino acid sequence positioned at the amino terminus of a polypeptide. The resultant polypeptide is known as a proenzyme or propolypeptide (or a zymogen in some cases). A propolypeptide is generally inactive and can be converted to a mature active polypeptide by catalytic or autocatalytic cleavage of the propeptide from the propolypeptide. The propeptide coding region may be obtained from the Bacillus subtilis alkaline protease gene (aprE), the Bacillus subtilis neutral protease gene (nprT), the Saccharomyces cerevisiae alpha-factor gene, the Rhizomucor miehei aspartic proteinase gene, or the Myceliophthora thermophila laccase gene (WO 95/33836).

Where both signal peptide and propertide regions are present at the amino terminus of a polypeptide, the propertide region is positioned next to the amino terminus of a polypeptide and the signal peptide region is positioned next to the amino terminus of the propertide region.

It may also be desirable to add regulatory sequences which allow the regulation of the expression of the polypeptide relative to the growth of the host cell. Examples of regulatory systems are those which cause the expression of the gene to be turned on or off in response to a chemical or physical stimulus, including the presence of a regulatory compound. Regulatory systems in prokaryotic systems would include the *lac*, *tac*, and *trp* operator systems. In yeast, the ADH2 system or GAL1 system may be used. In filamentous fungi, the TAKA alpha-amylase promoter, *Aspergillus niger* glucoamylase promoter, and the *Aspergillus oryzae* glucoamylase promoter may be used as regulatory sequences. Other examples of regulatory sequences are those which allow for gene amplification. In eukaryotic systems, these include the dihydrofolate reductase gene which is amplified in the presence of methotrexate, and the metallothionein genes which are amplified with heavy metals. In these cases, the nucleic acid sequence encoding the polypeptide would be operably linked with the regulatory sequence.

#### **Expression Vectors**

The present invention also relates to recombinant expression vectors comprising a nucleic acid sequence of the present invention, a promoter, and transcriptional and translational stop signals. The various nucleic acid and control sequences described above may be joined together to produce a recombinant expression vector which may include one or more convenient restriction sites to allow for insertion or substitution of the nucleic acid sequence encoding the polypeptide at such sites. Alternatively, the polynucleotide of the present invention may be expressed by inserting the nucleic acid sequence or a nucleic acid construct comprising the sequence into an appropriate vector for

expression. In creating the expression vector, the coding sequence is located in the vector so that the coding sequence is operably linked with the appropriate control sequences for expression.

The recombinant expression vector may be any vector (e.g., a plasmid or virus) which can be conveniently subjected to recombinant DNA procedures and can bring about the expression of the nucleic acid sequence. The choice of the vector will typically depend on the compatibility of the vector with the host cell into which the vector is to be introduced. The vectors may be linear or closed circular plasmids.

The vector may be an autonomously replicating vector, *i.e.*, a vector which exists as an extrachromosomal entity, the replication of which is independent of chromosomal replication, *e.g.*, a plasmid, an extrachromosomal element, a minichromosome, or an artificial chromosome. The vector may contain any means for assuring self-replication. Alternatively, the vector may be one which, when introduced into the host cell, is integrated into the genome and replicated together with the chromosome(s) into which it has been integrated. Furthermore, a single vector or plasmid or two or more vectors or plasmids which together contain the total DNA to be introduced into the genome of the host cell, or a transposon may be used.

The vectors of the present invention preferably contain one or more selectable markers which permit easy selection of transformed cells. A selectable marker is a gene the product of which provides for biocide or viral resistance, resistance to heavy metals, prototrophy to auxotrophs, and the like. Examples of bacterial selectable markers are the *dal* genes from *Bacillus subtilis* or *Bacillus licheniformis*, or markers which confer antibiotic resistance such as ampicillin, kanamycin, chloramphenicol or tetracycline resistance. Suitable markers for yeast host cells are ADE2, HIS3, LEU2, LYS2, MET3, TRP1, and URA3. An example of suitable selectable markers for mammalian cells are those that enable the identification of cells competent to take of the nucleic acids of the present invention, such as DHFR or thymidine kinase. An appropriate host cell when wild-type DHFR is employed is the CHO cell line deficient in DHFR activity, prepared and propagated as described by Urlaub et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA, 77:4216 (1980).

The vectors of the present invention preferably contain an element(s) that permits stable integration of the vector into the host cell genome or autonomous replication of the vector in the cell independent of the genome of the cell.

For integration into the host cell genome, the vector may rely on the polynucleotide sequence encoding the polypeptide or any other element of the vector for stable integration of the vector into the genome by homologous or nonhomologous recombination. Alternatively, the vector may contain additional nucleic acid sequences for directing integration by homologous recombination into the genome of the host cell. The additional polynucleotide sequences enable the vector to be integrated into the host cell genome at a precise location(s) in the chromosome(s). To increase the likelihood of integration at a precise location, the integrational elements should preferably contain a sufficient

number of nucleic acids, such as 100 to 1,500 base pairs, preferably 400 to 1,500 base pairs, and most preferably 800 to 1,500 base pairs, which are highly homologous with the corresponding target sequence to enhance the probability of homologous recombination. The integrational elements may be any sequence that is homologous with the target sequence in the genome of the host cell. Furthermore, the integrational elements may be non-encoding or encoding nucleic acid sequences. On the other hand, the vector may be integrated into the genome of the host cell by non-homologous recombination.

For autonomous replication, the vector may further comprise an origin of replication enabling the vector to replicate autonomously in the host cell in question. Examples of bacterial origins of replication are the origins of replication of plasmids pBR322, pUC19, pACYC177, and pACYC184 permitting replication in *E. coli*, and pUB110, pE194, pTA1060, and pAM§1 permitting replication in *Bacillus*. Examples of origins of replication for use in a yeast host cell are the 2 micron origin of replication, ARS1, ARS4, the combination of ARS1 and CEN3, and the combination of ARS4 and CEN6. The origin of replication may be one having a mutation which makes its functioning temperature-sensitive in the host cell (see, *e.g.*, Ehrlich, 1978, *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences USA* 75: 1433).

More than one copy of a polynucleotide sequence of the present invention may be inserted into the host cell to increase production of the gene product. An increase in the copy number of the polynucleotide sequence can be obtained by integrating at least one additional copy of the sequence into the host cell genome or by including an amplifiable selectable marker gene with the nucleic acid sequence where cells containing amplified copies of the selectable marker gene, and thereby additional copies of the nucleic acid sequence, can be selected for by cultivating the cells in the presence of the appropriate selectable agent.

The procedures used to ligate the elements described above to construct the recombinant expression vectors of the present invention are well known to one skilled in the art (see, e.g., Sambrook et al., 1989, supra).

#### **Host Cells**

The present invention also relates to recombinant host cells, comprising a nucleic acid sequence of the invention, which are advantageously used in the recombinant production of the polypeptides. A vector comprising a nucleic acid sequence of the present invention is introduced into a host cell so that the vector is maintained as a chromosomal integrant or as a self-replicating extra-chromosomal vector as described earlier. The term "host cell" encompasses any progeny of a parent cell that is not identical to the parent cell due to mutations that occur during replication. The choice of a host cell will to a large extent depend upon the gene encoding the polypeptide and its source.

The host cell may be a unicellular microorganism, e.g., a prokaryote, or a non-unicellular microorganism, e.g., a eukaryote. Useful unicellular cells are bacterial cells such as gram positive bacteria including, but not limited to, a Bacillus cell, or a Streptomyces cell, e.g., Streptomyces lividans or Streptomyces murinus, or gram negative bacteria such as E. coli and Pseudomonas sp.

The introduction of a vector into a bacterial host cell may, for instance, be effected by protoplast transformation (see, e.g., Chang and Cohen, 1979, Molecular General Genetics 168: 111-115), using competent cells (see, e.g., Young and Spizizin, 1961, Journal of Bacteriology 81: 823-829, or Dubnau and Davidoff-Abelson, 1971, Journal of Molecular Biology 56: 209-221), electroporation (see, e.g., Shigekawa and Dower, 1988, Biotechniques 6: 742-751), or conjugation (see, e.g., Koehler and Thorne, 1987, Journal of Bacteriology 169: 5771-5278).

The host cell may be a eukaryote, such as a mammalian cell (e.g., human cell), an insect cell, a plant cell or a fungal cell. Mammalian host cells that could be used include but are not limited to human Hela, embryonic kidney cells (293), lung cells, H9 and Jurkat cells, mouse NIH3T3 and C127 cells, Cos 1, Cos 7 and CV1, quail QC1-3 cells, mouse L cells and Chinese Hamster ovary (CHO) cells. These cells may be transfected with a vector containing a transcriptional regulatory sequence, a protein coding sequence and transcriptional termination sequences. Alternatively, the polypeptide can be expressed in stable cell lines containing the polynucleotide integrated into a chromosome. The cotransfection with a selectable marker such as dhfr, gpt, neomycin, hygromycin allows the identification and isolation of the transfected cells.

The host cell may be a fungal cell. "Fungi" as used herein includes the phyla Ascomycota, Basidiomycota, Chytridiomycota, and Zygomycota (as defined by Hawksworth et al., In, Ainsworth and Bisby's Dictionary of The Fungi, 8th edition, 1995, CAB International, University Press, Cambridge, UK) as well as the Oomycota (as cited in Hawksworth et al., 1995, supra, page 171) and all mitosporic fungi (Hawksworth et al., 1995, supra). The fungal host cell may also be a yeast cell. OYeastO as used herein includes ascosporogenous yeast (Endomycetales), basidiosporogenous yeast, and yeast belonging to the Fungi Imperfecti (Blastomycetes). Since the classification of yeast may change in the future, for the purposes of this invention, yeast shall be defined as described in *Biology* and Activities of Yeast (Skinner, F.A., Passmore, S.M., and Davenport, R.R., eds, Soc. App. Bacteriol. Symposium Series No. 9, 1980). The fungal host cell may also be a filamentous fungal cell. "Filamentous fungi" include all filamentous forms of the subdivision Eumycota and Oomycota (as defined by Hawksworth et al., 1995, supra). The filamentous fungi are characterized by a mycelial wall composed of chitin, cellulose, glucan, chitosan, mannan, and other complex polysaccharides. Vegetative growth is by hyphal elongation and carbon catabolism is obligately aerobic. In contrast, vegetative growth by yeasts such as Saccharomyces cerevisiae is by budding of a unicellular thallus and carbon catabolism may be fermentative.

Fungal cells may be transformed by a process involving protoplast formation, transformation of the protoplasts, and regeneration of the cell wall in a manner known per se. Suitable procedures for transformation of Aspergillus host cells are described in EP 238 023 and Yelton et al., 1984, Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences USA 81: 1470-1474. Suitable methods for transforming Fusarium species are described by Malardier et al., 1989, Gene 78: 147-156 and WO 96/00787. Yeast may be transformed using the procedures described by Becker and Guarente, In Abelson, J.N. and Simon, M.I., editors, Guide to Yeast Genetics and Molecular Biology, Methods in Enzymology, Volume 194, pp 182-187, Academic Press, Inc., New York; Ito et al., 1983, Journal of Bacteriology 153: 163; and Hinnen et al., 1978, Proc. e Natl Acad. f Sci.s USA 75: 1920.

#### Methods of Production

The present invention also relates to methods for producing a polypeptide of the present invention comprising (a) cultivating a host cell under conditions conducive for production of the polypeptide; and (b) recovering the polypeptide.

In the production methods of the present invention, the cells are cultivated in a nutrient medium suitable for production of the polypeptide using methods known in the art. For example, the cell may be cultivated by shake flask cultivation, small-scale or large-scale fermentation (including continuous, batch, fed-batch, or solid state fermentations) in laboratory or industrial fermentors performed in a suitable medium and under conditions allowing the polypeptide to be expressed and/or isolated. The cultivation takes place in a suitable nutrient medium comprising carbon and nitrogen sources and inorganic salts, using procedures known in the art. Suitable media are available from commercial suppliers or may be prepared according to published compositions (e.g., in catalogues of the American Type Culture Collection). If the polypeptide is secreted into the nutrient medium, the polypeptide can be recovered directly from the medium. If the polypeptide is not secreted, it can be recovered from cell lysates.

The polypeptides may be detected using methods known in the art that are specific for the polypeptides. These detection methods may include use of specific antibodies, formation of an enzyme product, or disappearance of an enzyme substrate. In a specific embodiment, an enzyme assay may be used to determine the activity of the polypeptide. For example, AEBP1 activity can be determined by measuring carboxypeptidase activity as described by Muise and Ro, 1999, Biochem. J. 343:341-345. Here, the conversion of hippuryl-L-arginine, hippuryl-L-lysine or hippuryl-L-phenylalanine to hippuric acid may be monitored spectrophotometrically. POLD2 activity may be detected by assaying for DNA polymerase \_ activity (see, for example, Ng et al., 1991, J. Biol. Chem. 266:11699-11704).

The resulting polypeptide may be recovered by methods known in the art. For example, the polypeptide may be recovered from the nutrient medium by conventional procedures including, but not limited to, centrifugation, filtration, extraction, spray-drying, evaporation, or precipitation.

The polypeptides of the present invention may be purified by a variety of procedures known in the art including, but not limited to, chromatography (e.g., ion exchange, affinity, hydrophobic, chromatofocusing, and size exclusion), electrophoretic procedures (e.g., preparative isoelectric focusing, differential solubility (e.g., ammonium sulfate precipitation), SDS-PAGE, or extraction (see, e.g., Protein Purification, J.-C. Janson and Lars Ryden, editors, VCH Publishers, New York, 1989).

#### **Antibodies**

According to the invention, the SNARE YKT6, human glucokinase, AEBP1 or POLD2 polypeptides produced according to the method of the present invention may be used as an immunogen to generate any of these polypeptides. Such antibodies include but are not limited to polyclonal, monoclonal, chimeric, single chain, Fab fragments, and an Fab expression library.

Various procedures known in the art may be used for the production of antibodies. For the production of antibody, various host animals can be immunized by injection with the polypeptide thereof, including but not limited to rabbits, mice, rats, sheep, goats, etc. In one embodiment, the polypeptide or fragment thereof can optionally be conjugated to an immunogenic carrier, e.g., bovine serum albumin (BSA) or keyhole limpet hemocyanin (KLH). Various adjuvants may be used to increase the immunological response, depending on the host species, including but not limited to Freund's (complete and incomplete), mineral gels such as aluminum hydroxide, surface active substances such as lysolecithin, pluronic polyols, polyanions, peptides, oil emulsions, keyhole limpet hemocyanins, dinitrophenol, and potentially useful human adjuvants such as BCG (bacille Calmette-Guerin) and Corynebacterium parvum.

For preparation of monoclonal antibodies directed toward the SNARE YKT6, human glucokinase, AEBP1 or POLD2 polypeptide, any technique that provides for the production of antibody molecules by continuous cell lines in culture may be used. These include but are not limited to the hybridoma technique originally developed by Kohler and Milstein (1975, Nature 256:495-497), as well as the trioma technique, the human B-cell hybridoma technique (Kozbor et al., 1983, Immunology Today 4:72), and the EBV-hybridoma technique to produce human monoclonal antibodies (Cole et al., 1985, in Monoclonal Antibodies and Cancer Therapy, Alan R. Liss, Inc., pp. 77-96). In an additional embodiment of the invention, monoclonal antibodies can be produced in germfree animals utilizing recent technology (PCT/US90/02545). According to the invention, human antibodies may be used and can be obtained by using human hybridomas (Cote et al., 1983, Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 80:2026-2030) or by transforming human B cells with EBV virus in vitro (Cole et al., 1985, in Monoclonal Antibodies and Cancer Therapy, Alan R. Liss, pp. 77-96). In fact, according to the invention, techniques developed for the production of "chimeric antibodies"

(Morrison et al., 1984, J. Bacteriol. 159-870; Neuberger et al., 1984, Nature 312:604-608; Takeda et al., 1985, Nature 314:452-454) by splicing the genes from a mouse antibody molecule specific for the SNARE YKT6, human glucokinase, AEBP1 or POLD2 polypeptide together with genes from a human antibody molecule of appropriate biological activity can be used; such antibodies are within the scope of this invention.

According to the invention, techniques described for the production of single chain antibodies (U.S. Pat. No. 4,946,778) can be adapted to produce polypeptide-specific single chain antibodies. An additional embodiment of the invention utilizes the techniques described for the construction of Fab expression libraries (Huse et al., 1989, Science 246:1275-1281) to allow rapid and easy identification of monoclonal Fab fragments with the desired specificity for the SNARE YKT6, AEBP1, human glucokinase or POLD2 polypeptides.

Antibody fragments which contain the idiotype of the antibody molecule can be generated by known techniques. For example, such fragments include but are not limited to: the F(ab')2 fragment which can be produced by pepsin digestion of the antibody molecule; the Fab' fragments which can be generated by reducing the disulfide bridges of the F(ab')2, fragment, and the Fab fragments which can be generated by treating the antibody molecule with papain and a reducing agent.

In the production of antibodies, screening for the desired antibody can be accomplished by techniques known in the art, e.g., radioimmunoassay, ELISA (enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay), "sandwich" immunoassays, immunoradiometric assays, gel diffusion precipitin reactions, immunodiffusion assays, in situ immunoassays (using colloidal gold, enzyme or radioisotope labels, for example), western blots, precipitation reactions, agglutination assays (e.g., gel agglutination assays, hemagglutination assays), complement fixation assays, immunofluorescence assays, protein A assays, and immunoelectrophoresis assays, etc. In one embodiment, antibody binding is detected by detecting a label on the primary antibody. In another embodiment, the primary antibody is detected by detecting binding of a secondary antibody or reagent to the primary antibody. In a further embodiment, the secondary antibody is labeled. Many means are known in the art for detecting binding in an immunoassay and are within the scope of the present invention. For example, to select antibodies which recognize a specific epitope of a particular polypeptide, one may assay generated hybridomas for a product which binds to a particular polypeptide fragment containing such epitope. For selection of an antibody specific to a particular polypeptide from a particular species of animal, one can select on the basis of positive binding with the polypeptide expressed by or isolated from cells of that species of animal.

Immortal, antibody-producing cell lines can also be created by techniques other than fusion, such as direct transformation of B lymphocytes with oncogenic DNA, or transfection with Epstein-Barr virus. See, e.g., M. Schreier et al., "Hybridoma Techniques" (1980); Hammerling et al., "Monoclonal Antibodies And T-cell Hybridomas" (1981); Kennett et al., "Monoclonal Antibodies" (1980); see also

U.S. Pat. Nos. 4,341,761; 4,399,121; 4,427,783; 4,444,887; 4,451,570; 4,466,917; 4,472,500; 4,491,632; 4,493,890.

## Uses of Polynucleotides

#### **Diagnostics**

Polynucleotides containing noncoding regions of SEQ ID NOS:5, 6, 7 or 8 may be used as probes for detecting mutations from samples from a patient. Genomic DNA may be isolated from the patient. A mutation(s) may be detected by Southern blot analysis, specifically by hybridizing restriction digested genomic DNA to various probes and subjecting to agarose electrophoresis.

Polynucleotides containing noncoding regions may be used as PCR primers and may be used to amplify the genomic DNA isolated from the patients. Additionally, primers may be obtained by routine or long range PCR, that can yield products containing more than one exon and intervening intron. The sequence of the amplified genomic DNA from the patient may be determined using methods known in the art. Such probes may be between 10-100 nucleotides in length and may preferably be between 20-50 nucleotides in length.

Thus the invention is thus directed to kits comprising these polynucleotide probes. In a specific embodiment, these probes are labeled with a detectable substance.

#### Antisense Oligonucleotides and Mimetics

The invention is further directed to antisense oligonucleotides and mimetics to these polynucleotide sequences. Antisense technology can be used to control gene expression through triple-helix formation or antisense DNA or RNA, both of which methods are based on binding of a polynucleotide to DNA or RNA. A DNA oligonucleotide is designed to be complementary to a region of the gene involved in transcription or RNA processing (triple helix (see Lee et al., Nucl. Acids Res., 6:3073 (1979); Cooney et al, Science, 241:456 (1988); and Dervan et al., Science, 251: 1360 (1991)), thereby preventing transcription and the production of said polypeptides.

The antisense oligonucleotides or mimetics of the present invention may be used to decrease levels of a polypeptide. For example, SNARE YKT6 has been found to be essential for vesicle-associated endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi transport and cell growth. Therefore, the SNARE YKT6 antisense oligonucleotides of the present invention could be used to inhibit cell growth and in particular, to treat or prevent tumor growth. POLD2 is necessary for DNA replication. POLD2 antisense sequences could also be used to inhibit cell growth. Glucokinase and AEBP1 antisense sequences may be used to treat hyperglycemia.

The antisense oligonucleotides of the present invention may be formulated into pharmaceutical compositions. These compositions may be administered in a number of ways depending upon whether local or systemic treatment is desired and upon the area to be treated. Administration may be topical

(including ophthalmic and to mucous membranes including vaginal and rectal delivery), pulmonary, e.g., by inhalation or insufflation of powders or aerosols, including by nebulizer; intratracheal, intranasal, epidermal and transdermal), oral or parenteral. Parenteral administration includes intravenous, intraarterial, subcutaneous, intraperitoneal or intramuscular injection or infusion; or intracranial, e.g., intrathecal or intraventricular, administration.

Pharmaceutical compositions and formulations for topical administration may include transdermal patches, ointments, lotions, creams, gels, drops, suppositories, sprays, liquids and powders. Conventional pharmaceutical carriers, aqueous, powder or oily bases, thickeners and the like may be necessary or desirable.

Compositions and formulations for oral administration include powders or granules, suspensions or solutions in water or non-aqueous media, capsules, sachets or tablets. Thickeners, flavoring agents, diluents, emulsifiers, dispersing aids or binders may be desirable.

Compositions and formulations for parenteral, intrathecal or intraventricular administration may include sterile aqueous solutions which may also contain buffers, diluents and other suitable additives such as, but not limited to, penetration enhancers, carrier compounds and other pharmaceutically acceptable carriers or excipients.

Pharmaceutical compositions of the present invention include, but are not limited to, solutions, emulsions, and liposome-containing formulations. These compositions may be generated from a variety of components that include, but are not limited to, preformed liquids, self-emulsifying solids and self-emulsifying semisolids.

The pharmaceutical formulations of the present invention, which may conveniently be presented in unit dosage form, may be prepared according to conventional techniques well known in the pharmaceutical industry. Such techniques include the step of bringing into association the active ingredients with the pharmaceutical carrier(s) or excipient(s). In general, the formulations are prepared by uniformly and intimately bringing into association the active ingredients with liquid carriers or finely divided solid carriers or both, and then, if necessary, shaping the product.

The compositions of the present invention may be formulated into any of many possible dosage forms such as, but not limited to, tablets, capsules, liquid syrups, soft gels, suppositories, and enemas. The compositions of the present invention may also be formulated as suspensions in aqueous, non-aqueous or mixed media. Aqueous suspensions may further contain substances which increase the viscosity of the suspension including, for example, sodium carboxymethylcellulose, sorbitol and/or dextran. The suspension may also contain stabilizers.

In one embodiment of the present invention, the pharmaceutical compositions may be formulated and used as foams. Pharmaceutical foams include formulations such as, but not limited to, emulsions, microemulsions, creams, jellies and liposomes. While basically similar in nature these

formulations vary in the components and the consistency of the final product. The preparation of such compositions and formulations is generally known to those skilled in the pharmaceutical and formulation arts and may be applied to the formulation of the compositions of the present invention.

The formulation of therapeutic compositions and their subsequent administration is believed to be within the skill of those in the art. Dosing is dependent on severity and responsiveness of the disease state to be treated, with the course of treatment lasting from several days to several months, or until a cure is effected or a diminution of the disease state is achieved. Optimal dosing schedules can be calculated from measurements of drug accumulation in the body of the patient. Persons of ordinary skill can easily determine optimum dosages, dosing methodologies and repetition rates. Optimum dosages may vary depending on the relative potency of individual oligonucleotides, and can generally be estimated based on EC50 as found to be effective in in vitro and in vivo animal models.

In general, dosage is from 0.01 ug to 10 g per kg of body weight, and may be given once or more daily, weekly, monthly or yearly, or even once every 2 to 20 years. Persons of ordinary skill in the art can easily estimate repetition rates for dosing based on measured residence times and concentrations of the drug in bodily fluids or tissues. Following successful treatment, it may be desirable to have the patient undergo maintenance therapy to prevent the recurrence of the disease state, wherein the oligonucleotide is administered in maintenance doses, ranging from 0.01 ug to 10 g per kg of body weight, once or more daily, to once every 20 years.

### Gene Therapy

As noted above, SNARE YKT6 is necessary for cell growth, POLD2 is involved in DNA replication and repair, AEBP1 is involved in repressing adipogenesis and glucokinase is involved in glucose sensing in pancreatic islet beta cells and liver. Therefore, the SNARE YKT6 gene may be used to modulate or prevent cell apoptosis and treat such disorders as virus-induced lymphocyte depletion (AIDS); cell death in neurodegenerative disorders characterized by the gradual loss of specific sets of neurons (e.g., Alzheimer's Disease, Parkinson's disease, ALS, retinitis pigmentosa, spinal muscular atrophy and various forms of cerebellar degeneration), cell death in blood cell disorders resulting from deprivation of growth factors (anemia associated with chronic disease, aplastic anemia, chronic neutropenia and myelodysplastic syndromes) and disorders arising out of an acute loss of blood flow (e.g., myocardial infarctions and stroke). The glucokinase gene may be used to treat diabetes mellitus. The AEBP1 gene may be used to modulate or inhibit adipogenesis and treat obesity, diabetes mellitus and/or osteopenic disorders. POLD2 may be used to treat defects in DNA repair such as xeroderma pigmentosum, progeria and ataxia telangiectasia.

As described herein, the polynucleotide of the present invention may be introduced into a patient's cells for therapeutic uses. As will be discussed in further detail below, cells can be transfected using any appropriate means, including viral vectors, as shown by the example, chemical transfectants, or physico-mechanical methods such as electroporation and direct diffusion of DNA. See, for example,

Wolff, Jon A, et al., "Direct gene transfer into mouse muscle in vivo," *Science*, 247, 1465-1468, 1990; and Wolff, Jon A, "Human dystrophin expression in mdx mice after intramuscular injection of DNA constructs," *Nature*, 352, 815-818, 1991. As used herein, vectors are agents that transport the gene into the cell without degradation and include a promoter yielding expression of the gene in the cells into which it is delivered. As will be discussed in further detail below, promoters can be general promoters, yielding expression in a variety of mammalian cells, or cell specific, or even nuclear versus cytoplasmic specific. These are known to those skilled in the art and can be constructed using standard molecular biology protocols. Vectors have been divided into two classes:

- a) Biological agents derived from viral, bacterial or other sources.
- b) Chemical physical methods that increase the potential for gene uptake, directly introduce the gene into the nucleus or target the gene to a cell receptor.

## **Biological Vectors**

Viral vectors have higher transaction (ability to introduce genes) abilities than do most chemical or physical methods to introduce genes into cells. Vectors that may be used in the present invention include viruses, such as adenoviruses, adeno associated virus (AAV), vaccinia, herpesviruses, baculoviruses and retroviruses, bacteriophages, cosmids, plasmids, fungal vectors and other recombination vehicles typically used in the art which have been described for expression in a variety of eukaryotic and prokaryotic hosts, and may be used for gene therapy as well as for simple protein expression. Polynucleotides are inserted into vector genomes using methods well known in the art.

Retroviral vectors are the vectors most commonly used in clinical trials, since they carry a larger genetic payload than other viral vectors. However, they are not useful in non-proliferating cells. Adenovirus vectors are relatively stable and easy to work with, have high titers, and can be delivered in aerosol formulation. Pox viral vectors are large and have several sites for inserting genes, they are thermostable and can be stored at room temperature.

Examples of promoters are SP6, T4, T7, SV40 early promoter, cytomegalovirus (CMV) promoter, mouse mammary tumor virus (MMTV) steroid-inducible promoter, Moloney murine leukemia virus (MMLV) promoter, phosphoglycerate kinase (PGK) promoter, and the like. Alternatively, the promoter may be an endogenous adenovirus promoter, for example the E1 a promoter or the Ad2 major late promoter (MLP). Similarly, those of ordinary skill in the art can construct adenoviral vectors utilizing endogenous or heterologous poly A addition signals.

Plasmids are not integrated into the genome and the vast majority of them are present only from a few weeks to several months, so they are typically very safe. However, they have lower expression levels than retroviruses and since cells have the ability to identify and eventually shut down foreign gene expression, the continuous release of DNA from the polymer to the target cells

substantially increases the duration of functional expression while maintaining the benefit of the safety associated with non-viral transfections.

## Chemical/physical vectors

Other methods to directly introduce genes into cells or exploit receptors on the surface of cells include the use of liposomes and lipids, ligands for specific cell surface receptors, cell receptors, and calcium phosphate and other chemical mediators, microinjections directly to single cells, electroporation and homologous recombination. Liposomes are commercially available from Gibco BRL, for example, as LIPOFECTIN" and LIPOFECTACE", which are formed of cationic lipids such as N-[l-(2,3 dioleyloxy)-propy1]-n,n,n-trimethylammonium chloride (DOTMA) and dimethyl dioctadecylammonium bromide (DDAB). Numerous methods are also published for making liposomes, known to those skilled in the art.

For example, Nucleic acid-Lipid Complexes--Lipid carriers can be associated with naked nucleic acids (e.g., plasmid DNA) to facilitate passage through cellular membranes. Cationic, anionic, or neutral lipids can be used for this purpose. However, cationic lipids are preferred because they have been shown to associate better with DNA which, generally, has a negative charge. Cationic lipids have also been shown to mediate intracellular delivery of plasmid DNA (Felgner and Ringold, Nature 337:387 (1989)). Intravenous injection of cationic lipid-plasmid complexes into mice has been shown to result in expression of the DNA in lung (Brigham et al., Am. J. Med. Sci.298:278 (1989)). See also, Osaka et al., J. Pharm. Sci. 85(6):612-618 (1996); San et al., Human Gene Therapy 4:781-788 (1993); Senior et al., Biochemica et Biophysica Acta 1070:173-179 (1991); Kabanov and Kabanov, Bioconjugate Chem. 6:7-20 (1995); Remy et al., Bioconjugate Chem. 5:647-654 (1994); Behr, J-P., Bioconjugate Chem 5:382-389 (1994); Behr et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., USA 86:6982-6986 (1989); and Wyman et al., Biochem. 36:3008-3017 (1997).

Cationic lipids are known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Representative cationic lipids include those disclosed, for example, in U.S. Pat. No. 5,283,185; and e.g., U.S. Pat. No. 5,767,099. In a preferred embodiment, the cationic lipid is N4 -spermine cholesteryl carbamate (GL-67) disclosed in U.S. Pat. No. 5,767,099. Additional preferred lipids include N4 -spermidine cholestryl carbamate (GL-53) and 1-(N4 -spermind) -2,3-dilaurylglycerol carbamate (GL-89).

The vectors of the invention may be targeted to specific cells by linking a targeting molecule to the vector. A targeting molecule is any agent that is specific for a cell or tissue type of interest, including for example, a ligand, antibody, sugar, receptor, or other binding molecule.

Invention vectors may be delivered to the target cells in a suitable composition, either alone, or complexed, as provided above, comprising the vector and a suitably acceptable carrier. The vector may

be delivered to target cells by methods known in the art, for example, intravenous, intramuscular, intranasal, subcutaneous, intubation, lavage, and the like. The vectors may be delivered via in vivo or ex vivo applications. In vivo applications involve the direct administration of an adenoviral vector of the invention formulated into a composition to the cells of an individual. Ex vivo applications involve the transfer of the adenoviral vector directly to harvested autologous cells which are maintained in vitro, followed by readministration of the transduced cells to a recipient.

In a specific embodiment, the vector is transfected into antigen-presenting cells. Suitable sources of antigen-presenting cells (APCs) include, but are not limited to, whole cells such as dendritic cells or macrophages; purified MHC class I molecule complexed to §2-microglobulin and foster antigen-presenting cells. In a specific embodiment, the vectors of the present invention may be introduced into T cells or B cells using methods known in the art (see, for example, Tsokos and Nepom, 2000, J. Clin. Invest. 106:181-183).

The invention described and claimed herein is not to be limited in scope by the specific embodiments herein disclosed, since these embodiments are intended as illustrations of several aspects of the invention. Any equivalent embodiments are intended to be within the scope of this invention. Indeed, various modifications of the invention in addition to those shown and described herein will become apparent to those skilled in the art from the foregoing description. Such modifications are also intended to fall within the scope of the appended claims.

Various references are cited herein, the disclosure of which are incorporated by reference in their entireties.

#### WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. (currently amended) An isolated genomic polynucleotidenucleic acid molecule, said polynucleotide nucleic acid molecule obtainable from human chromosome 7 having a nucleotide sequence at least 95% identical to a sequence selected from the group consisting of:
- (a) a polynucleotide nucleic acid molecule encoding a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of human SNARE YKT6 depicted in SEQ ID NO:1, human liver glucokinase depicted in SEQ ID NO:2, human adipocyte enhancer binding protein 1\_depicted in SEQ ID NO:3 and DNA directed 50kD regulatory subunit (POLD2) depicted in SEQ ID NO:4 and variants thereof;

(c)a polynucleotide nucleic acid molecule selected from the group consisting of SEQ ID NO:5 which encodes human SNARE YKT6 depicted in SEQ ID NO:1, SEQ ID NO:6 which encodes human liver-glucokinase depicted in SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:8 which encodes human adipocyte enhancer binding protein 1\_depicted in SEQ ID NO:3 and SEQ ID NO:7 which encodes DNA directed 50kD regulatory subunit (POLD2) depicted in SEQ ID NO:4 and variants thereof;

- (c) a nucleic acid molecule extending from the 5'-end of SEQ ID NO:5 to the 3'-end of SEQ ID NO:8 that comprises the contiguous coding sequences for SNARE YKT6, glucokinase, POLD2 and the adipocyte enhancer binding protein 1;
  - (c) a polynucleotide which is a variant of SEQ ID NOS:5, 6, 7, or 8;
  - (d) a polynucleotide which is an allelic variant of SEQ ID NOS:5, 6, 7, or 8;
  - (c) a polynucleotide which encodes a variant of SEO ID NOS:1,2, 3, or 4;
- (fd) a polynucleotide nucleic acid molecule which hybridizes to any one of the polynucleotides specified in (a)-(ec)
  - (e) a polynucleotide nucleic acid molecule which is a reverse complement of the polynucleotides specified in (a)-( $f_{\underline{c}}$ );
- 2. (currently amended) A nucleic acid construct comprising the polynucleotide nucleic acid molecule of claim 1.
- 3. (currently amended) An expression vector comprising the polynucleotide nucleic acid molecule of claim 1.
- 4. (original) A recombinant host cell comprising the nucleic acid construct molecule of claim 12.

### Claim 5 (cancelled)

- 6. (currently amended) A method for obtaining a polypeptide encoded by a polypucleotide nucleic acid molecule obtainable from human chromosome 7, said polypeptide selected from the group consisting of human SNARE YKT6, human liver glucokinase, human adipocyte enhancer binding protein 1 and DNA directed 50kD regulatory subunit (POLD2) comprising:
- (a) culturing the recombinant host cell of claim-54 under conditions that provide for the expression of said polypeptide and
  - (b) recovering said expressed polypeptide.
- 7. (currently amended) A method for preparing an antibody specific to a polypeptide selected from the group consisting of human SNARE YKT6, human liver-glucokinase, human adipocyte enhancer binding protein <u>1</u> and DNA directed 50kD regulatory subunit (POLD2) comprising:
  - (a) obtaining a polypeptide according to the method of claim 6;
  - (b) optionally conjugating said polypeptide to a carrier protein;
- (c) immunizing a host animal with said polypeptide or polypeptide-carrier protein conjugate of step (b) with an adjuvant and
  - (d) obtaining antibody from said immunized host animal.
- 8. (currently amended) An antisense oligonucleotide or mimetic to an isolated polynucleotide isolated nucleic acid molecule of at least 15 nucleotides or mimetic which hybridizes at high stringency to a non-coding region of specific to SEQ ID NOS:5, 6, 7 or 8the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, which non-coding region is selected from the group consisting of an intron, a splice junction, a 5' non-coding region, a transcription factor binding region, an expression control region and a 3' non-coding region.

9.	(currently amended)	A method of diagnosing a pathological condition or
suscep	tibility to a pathological	condition in a subject comprising:
	(a) determining the pro-	esence or absence of a mutation in the polynucleotide of claim
1-and		
<u> </u>	(b) diagnosing a patho	logical condition or a susceptibility to a pathological condition
based_	on the presence or abser	nce of said mutation

- (a) <u>isolating genomic DNA from a subject;</u>
- (b) <u>determining the presence or absence of a variant in said genomic DNA</u>
  using the nucleic acid molecule of claim 8 and
- (c) diagnosing a pathological condition or a susceptibility to a pathological condition based on the presence or absence of said variant.
- 10. (currently amended) A composition comprising the polynucleotide nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 and a carrier.
- 11. (currently amended) A composition comprising the antisense oligonucleotidenucleic acid molecule of claim 8 and a carrier.
- 12. (original) A method for preventing, treating or ameliorating a medical condition, comprising administering to a subject an amount of the composition of claim 10 effective to prevent, treat or ameliorate said medical condition.
- 13. (original) A method for preventing, treating or ameliorating a medical condition, comprising administering to a subject an amount of the composition of claim 11 effective to prevent, treat or ameliorate said medical condition.
- 14. (currently amended) A kit comprising the polynucleotide nucleic acid molecule of claim 18.
- 15. (original) The kit according to claim 14, in which the polynucleotide is labeled with a detectable substance.
- 16. (currently amended) A kit comprising the antisense oligonucleotide or mimetic of claim 8. The kit according to claim 14, which comprises a plurality of nucleic acid molecules.

Claims 17-22 are cancelled.

- 23. (new) A method for modulating levels of human SNARE YKT6, human glucokinase, human adipocyte enhancer binding protein 1 or DNA directed 50kD regulatory subunit (POLD2) in a subject in need thereof comprising administering to said subject an amount of the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 effective to modulate said human SNARE YKT6, human glucokinase, human adipocyte enhancer binding protein 1 or DNA directed 50kD regulatory subunit (POLD2) levels.
- 24. (new) A method for modulating levels of human SNARE YKT6, human glucokinase, human adipocyte enhancer binding protein 1 or DNA directed 50kD regulatory subunit (POLD2) in a subject in need thereof comprising administering to said subject an amount of the nucleic acid molecule of claim 8 effective to modulate said human SNARE YKT6, human glucokinase, human adipocyte enhancer binding protein 1 or DNA directed 50kD regulatory subunit (POLD2) levels.
- 25. (new) A method of identifying variants of SEQ ID NOS: 5, 6, 7 or 8 comprising
- (a) isolating genomic DNA from a subject and
- (b) determining the presence or absence of a variant in said genomic DNA using the nucleic acid molecule of claim 8.
- 26. (new) A method for detecting the presence or absence of a non-coding nucleic acid sequence specific to the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1 in a sample, said method comprising contacting the sample with a nucleic acid molecule of at least 15 nucleotides which hybridizes at high stringency to a non-coding region specific to the nucleic acid molecule of claim 1, which non-coding region is selected from the group consisting of an intron, a splice junction, a 5' non-coding region, a transcription factor binding region, an expression control region and a 3' non-coding region.

## **ABSTRACT**

The invention is directed to isolated genomic polynucleotide fragments that encode human SNARE YKT6, human liver glucokinase, human adipocyte enhancer binding protein (AEBP1) and DNA directed 50kD regulatory subunit (POLD2), vectors and hosts containing these fragments and fragments hybridizing to noncoding regions as well as antisense oligonucleotides to these fragments. The invention is further directed to methods of using these fragments to obtain SNARE YKT6, human liver-glucokinase, AEBP1 protein and POLD2 and to diagnose, treat, prevent and/or ameliorate a pathological disorder.